

# JANCIAL TIMES



Russian army The dangers

of impotence

Cyprus Small incident

mishandled



**Nuclear tests** 

Deadlock in Geneva



Weekend FT Betjeman's better class of holidays

France

industry

cut hours

Legislation designed to

encourage businesses to cut employees' working hours to

boost employment came into

force in France yesterday. Employers will be given sig-nificant discounts on social

security taxes on condition

that they cut hours and hire new staff. But employers are

sceptical about the effective-

The legislation, an amend-ment to a 1993 employment law, came into effect when

details were published in the

Official Journal. Employers

who cut working hours by 15

per ceut and hire the same proportion of new staff will

pay np to 50 per cent less

social security contribution

France is seeking new ways

to create jobs at a time of high

and rising unemployment,

currently 12.5 per cent, during

a period of low economic

The new law is one of the

first significant legislative steps to help encourage a

reduction in working hours

and boost employment since the former Socialist president

François Mitterrand cut the

legal working week from 40 to 39 hours in 1982, the year

after he was first elected.

ness of the proposals.

By Andrew Jack in Paris

spur to

gives

# **US plans envoy** to help promote anti-Cuba law

Stuart Eizenstat (below), is to be appointed by



the White House as special envoy to the Europeen Imion. Canada and other countries whose companies may be hit by US laws against nvestment in Cuba. The countries have been angered by a law allowing US companies and individuals to file suits

against foreign groups profiting from property confiscated after Cuban president Fidel Castro came to power in 1959. Page 12

Jersey fraud charge after forex loss: A British man has been charged with fraud in the Channel island of Jersey in a case linked to foreign exchange losses of \$26.7m allegedly incurred by 90 international clients of Swissbased investment managers. Page 12

BASF, the German chemicals group, is to sell its magnetic tape business to Raks, a Turkish. consumer electronics group, and will also cede control of its potash mining interests to concentrate on its core chemical and pharmaceutical operations. Page 13; Lex, Page 12

Yugoslavia socks IMF return: The Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, now comprising only Serbia and Montenegro, is seeking an early restoration of its membership of the international Monetary Fund and the World Bank, Page 12

Turkey in Iraq food-for-oli deal: Turkey's Islamist-led government signed an oil-for-food agreement with Iraq, days after Ankara and Tehran struck a multi-billion energy deal in deflance of US threats of sanctions against companies investing there. Page 4.

London cries foul over camp London Tourist Board has lodged an official complaint about a Scottish tourism campaign that implies London's air quality is poor. Page 7

Softbank, the rapidly expanding Japanese distributor and publisher of personal computer software, is to pay \$1.5bn for a majority stake in US semiconductor memory products supplier Kingston Technology. Page 18

Imre Dunal became the second industry minister to resign in a year and the eighth cabinet member to leave the Socialist-led government since it took office in July 1994. Page 2

BP and US group in power project: British Petroleum and large US utility, Entergy, announced plans to build one of the biggest independent power projects in the UK. Page 6

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(1) RTH.

China warns US on missile sale: China called on the US to scrap plans to sell an antiaircraft missile system to Taiwan, saying the deal could damage on Sino-US relations. Page 8

Figures show US growth slowing: US figures showed industrial production edged up 0.1 per cent last month, suggesting the pace of growth in the manufacturing sector is alowing after a strong second quarter. Page 5

Chips down for Samsung: A fall in global semiconductor prices sent Samsung Electronics' profits down 60 per cent fall to Won453hn (\$550m) for the first half of 1996. Page 14

Vitro to seli US arms Mexican glass manufacturer Vitro plans to sell its lossmaking US subsidiary, Anchor Glass, after reporting a first-balf net loss of \$55m pesos (\$47m). Page 13

Philippine trade deficit widens: The Philippine trade deficit widened to \$5.98bn in the first six months of 1996, putting pressure on the central bank to devalue the peso.

indian food poleoning toll at 50: Police in India's western Maharashtra state were hoping a kitchen helper they arrested could provide clues to the country's worst case of food poisoning as the death toll climbed to 50.

Electrical accident kills 35 in Peru: Thirty-five people died from electrocution and another 40 were injured when a firework struck a 10,000-watt cable, sending it crashing on to a crowd of 1,500 people in the southern Paruvian city of Arequipa.

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O THE FINANCIAL TIMES LIMITED 1996 No 33,063

More emphasis on welfare Lebed stirs controversy on Chechnya

# Yeltsin names new government

Mr Boris Yeltsin, Russian president, yesterday announced the formation of a president. hew government committed to pressing ahead with economic reform but with greater emphasis on social welfare.

Contrary to hints made before the presidential elec-tions, Mr Yeltsin made no concessions to his political oppo-nents and did not give any senior jobs to members of the Communist or liberal Yabloko

Mr Vladimir Potanin, 85, who heads Oneximbank, one of Russia's most powerful commercial banks, was appointed first deputy prime minister in charge of the economy.

But events in Moscow yes terday were again overshadowed by developments in the rebel region of Chechnya, where Mr Alexander Lebed, Russia's national security chief, planned to hold talks with separatist commanders in an attempt to reach a lasting ceasefire.

Armed with new powers to co-ordinate Russian policy towards Chechnya, Mr Lebed bas promised a more conciliatory approach towards settling the 20-month dispute.

The fighting has eased since a shaky ceasefire agreement came into force on Wednesday. But the former general threatened to stir controversy on his planned return to Moscow today by naming Rus-sian officials he claimed were



Vladimir Potamin (left) is now first deputy prime minister in charge of the economy while Alexander Livshits is head of a strengthened finance ministry. The appointments came as Boris Yeltsin made no concessions to his political opponents. Pletter: Rente

responsible for encouraging the inevitable conflicts of the war in Chechnya. Mr Victor Chernomyrdin,

prime minister, said the new government's priorities would be to pursue a more active social policy, atimulate investment, bolster budget revenues and strengthen market institu-

Mr Potanin is generally seen as a pro-market reformer who will bring fresh and pragmatic ideas to government. But some observers questioned whether Mr Potanin could ride above

interest that would arise between his government responsibilities and his bank's ambitions.

Mr Alexander Livshits, chief presidential economic aide, has been appointed head of a strengthened finance ministry with a brief to raise more tax revenue and close a widening budget deficit. Mr Livshits has championed Russia's stabilisation programme but has no real administrative experience. To strengthen Russia's

port policy. Mr Bolshakov was previ-

patchy social welfare system. Mr Victor Dyushin has been made first deputy prime minis-

But the higgest surprise in the government reshuffle was the appointment of Mr Alexei Bolshakov as the most senior of the three first deputy prime ministers to be appointed. Effectively the second most senior member of the government, he will assume responsi-bility for industrial and trans-

for the first year and 40 per cent less for the following six ously responsible for co-ordinating relations with the other members of the Commonwealth of Independent States and acquired a controversial reputation by antagonising some neighbouring govern-

Russia's fiedgling stock mar-ket welcomed the pro-reform orientation of the government and the RTS-21 index of leading shares rose by 3.6 per cent.

> Beonomic team, Page 2 An army's honour, Page 11

# ISS cleaning group suffers \$350m

By Hugh Carriegy in Copenhagen

False accounting scandal in US hits Danish company

ISS, the world's largest contract cleaning company, yesterday revealed it had suf-fered a bigger than expected loss of DKr2bn (\$350m) in the first half of the year as a result of a false accounting scandal at its US division.

Shares in the Danish group, which has 120,000 employees worldwide and annual turnover of almost DKr15bn, slid about 8 per cent on the news. ISS said it now planned to sell a majority stake in the US business, which is its biggest division built up in the past decade through aggressive, debt-driven acquisitions.

Speaking in Copenhagen, Mr Arne Madsen, chairman, said the affair had hit the company lika "a great earthquake".

nificantly more than indicated when it was revealed in May. The group made charges and provisions totalling DKr845m to cover what it called ficticious accounting and false valuations in the US division -

compared with an original estimate of \$100m. The group wrote off in its profit and loss account all the DKr1.2bn in goodwill attributed to the US operation to facilitate a potential sale. As a result, the group swung from a DKr37m net profit for the first

loss of DKr2.03bn. ISS's share price crashed DKr26 to an intra-day low of DKr109 before recovering to close down DKr11 at DKr124.

deliberately and systematically falsified accounts for up to 10 years to inflate profits.

It said the unit's cleaning contracts and the provisions within its internal selfinsurance operations were wrongly stated to the tune of \$99m in fictitious profits. A further \$41m was lost in falsely valued assets and there was an additional \$6m charge for the costs of the investigation into the alleged scandal.

six months of last year to a

Mr Michael Dudas, the for mer finance chief in the US, and five others have been fired or suspended following the internal investigation of the affair. ISS said that it was handing over material from

ISS alleged that finance the investigation to the Securi-executives in the US division ties and Exchange Commission and the US attorney-general, Ms Janet Reno.

But it said there was no clear motive for the alleged false accounting scandal and no evidence bad yet been found that the alleged perpetrators had personally gained from it. It said it was not clear if any criminal or civil proceedings would result.
Mr Madsen and Mr Walde-

mar Schmidt, group chief exec-utive, insisted no-one in group

management had known about the alleged scandal. Mr Schmidt said the US division had been responsible for its own management controls. He said a "forensic" audit was being carried out to discover whether Arthur Andersen, the US unit's auditor at the time, had acted negligently.

The half-year loss reduced ISS's shareholder's equity to just DKr729m - cutting its equity to assets ratio from 45.3 per cent a year ago to 12.9 per cent.

Lex, Page 12 At a loss, Page 15

Subsequent governments have preferred to steer clear of legislation and opted for a ore flexible approach, ing individual companies and unions to negotiate on reduced hours and staff increases The moderate CFDT union

has pushed strongly for a reduction in working hours, but the idea was criticised by the more radical Force Ouvrière union, as well as the Patronat, the employers' federation, which says countries with longer working hours, such as the UK, also have lower unemployment.

Mr Alain Juppé, the prima minister, agreed to discuss

Continued on Page 12 Midsummer storm, Page 10

# Dole back to grassroots campaign for presidency

By Patti Waldmelr in San Diego

Mr Bob Dole, the Republican presidential nominee, will today resume the job that he finds most difficult - conducting a grassroots campaign for the presidency.

After taking the spotlight at this week'e tightly scripted

Republican party convention in San Diego, Mr Dole will again find himself making stump speeches, mingling with voters, and trying to sell himself as a potential president. Flanked by an energetic running mate, buoyed by the trib-utes of family and friends and hy the nomination he has craved for 15 years, he leaves today for a post-convention campaign tour through Colorado, Pennsylvania and New

A man unhappy with the modern demands of campaigning, Mr Dole has always been uncomfortable out on the stump. The addition of the charismatic Mr Jack Kemp to his team as running mate may help. But Mr Kemp's almost boyish ebullience could simply Mr Clinton will be expecting highlight the deficiencies in his own "convention bounce" the laconic Mr Dola'a own campaign style.

Mr Dole struggles to excite voters. Even when his nomination became official the jubilation on the convention floor seemed almost perfunctory.

As they prepared last night for their candidate's accep-

tance speech, Dole campaign aides were buoyed by polling data suggesting that the party convention had boosted his chances. A daily tracking poll by ABC news showed that Mr Climon's lead over Mr Dole, put at 20 percentage points on Monday, had shrunk to 18 points on Tuesday and to only 10 points by Wednesday morning. A two-day survey hy
MBC's cable affiliate, MSNBC,
also gave Mr Clinton only a
10-point lead.
But other polls contradicted
these results. The local San

Diego newspaper, the Union Tribune, found that Mr Dole's ratings had actually suffered, dropping 5 points by Wednesday, to put him 17 points behind the president.

Mr Clinton will be expecting in the polls when the Democratic convention opens in Chicago later this month.

Republicans are hoping that the Whitewater financial scandal may affect his poll standing, in the wake of news that the president's friend and investment partner, Mr James McDougal, will co-operate with the special Whitewater prosecutor, Mr Kenneth Starr. Mr McDougal said yesterday he plans to be "Bill Clinton'e However, Whitewater-related

matters have so far had no effect on Mr Clinton's ratings. "Character" was the focus when Mr Dole was officially nominated by the convention on Wednesday night. His wife Elizabeth and daughter Robin delivered powerful tributes to him, and Senator John McCain of Arizona, a former prisoner of war, delivered a moving endorsement of the nominee, whom he called "a man of honour, a man of firm purpose and deep commitment to his country's cause".

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# Killings help Cyprus media stunt achieve its aim

and Kerin Hope in Athens

This week's clashes in the United Nations-patrolled buffer zone that has divided Greek and Turkisb Cypriots since 1974 will have just as much impact on policymakers in Ankara and Athens as on local political

Vlolence flared unexpectedly on Sunday in a protest by irresponsible people by Greek Cypriot motor-cyclists wbo rode into the buffer zone wearing T-shirts saying: "A world without borders". The violent response of Turkish Cypriots to the media stunt - one of the protesters was beaten to death - underlines the pre-carious state of relations between the communities.

The island of Cyprus is the front line between Greece and Turkey, nominal Nato firmly behind President Glafallies but implacable rivals

Turkey's policy over Cyprus is one of the few iasues that command a broad consensus. Successive governments have backed Mr Rauf Denktash, leader of the self-declared Turkish Cypriot republic in the island's northern sector. And as the country's mood grows more radically Islamist and nationalistic, there is little appetite for moderation. Greece's Socialist govern-

President Glafcos Clerides, lead to further confrontathe Greek Cypriot leader, yesterday appealed for calm after the deaths of two people in clashes in the buffer zone separating the Greek and Turkish Cypriot communities, Writes Andreas Hadjipapas in Nicosia.

Mr Clerides warned proesters that the Cyprus problem should "not be handled without an overall picture of the situation, but by the governments of Greece and

Tension has monnted ahead of today's funeral of Mr Solomos Solomos, who was shot by a Turkish Cypriot soldier while trying to pull down a Turkisb Cypriot flag. Mr Clerides said that demonstrations which might

cos Clerides, who heads a rightwing Greek Cypriot government with a strongly nstionalist slant. At times of crisis, mutual mistrust is forgotten and Greek solidarity with Cyprus cuts across ideological barriers.

The Greeks saw the killing of Mr Tassos Isaak during Sunday's protest in the buffer zone as the act of a bloodthirsty mob. The death of another Greek Cypriot, Mr Solomos Solomos, shot while trying pull down a Turkish ment has thrown its weight Cypriot flag, was denounced

tions would not be permit-

The UN representative on the island, Mr Gustave Feissel, held separate meeting yesterday with Mr Clerides and Mr Rauf Denktash, the Turkish Cypriot leader.

He urged both sides to show restraint and said the UN would make a new effort to restart talking on reuniting the island.

Greek Cypriot police sent reinforcements to Dherinia, where the clashes took place, to discourage fresh

UN peacemakers and Turkish Cypriot forces also strengthened their positions along the Green Line marking the buffer zone.

by Greece's foreign minister. Mr Theodoros Pangalos, as brutal murder".

In Turkey, both deaths were seen as understandable, if regrettable reactions to provocation. "Of course we are sorry but you have to protect your borders." said a foreign ministry official. There was peace in Cyprus for 22 years. It seems the Greeks badly wanted to put Cyprus back on the interna-tional agenda and they are using human lives to draw world opinion to Cyprus." Some Greek analysts bold



sued threats after violent demonstrations this week in the Cyprus buffer zone riot minority and the right a not dissimilar view. One

said: "Protests on the Green Line [which marks tha buffer zonel have been staged by the Greek Cypriots to get international media attention and put the Cyprus problem back in the headlines. There is a lot of frustration over this issue."

Cyprus was split in 1974 by Turkish invasion following a Greek-led coup intended to unite the island with Greece. Talks on reuniting Cyprus as a loose federation have foundered on questions of security for the Turkish Cyp-

was that the network would carry "commercial" pro-

grammes. So resolute was

government that it rejected a

opposition in the Bosnian

of Greek Cypriots to recover property or resettle in the north of the island. Trade unions, business

associations and student groups have made efforts to establish regular contacts, but there is little movement across the Green Line. Mr Kamran Inan, a Turk-

ish politician, reflects the views of many Turkish Cypriots: "The only reasonable way is for both sides to rate states and to co-exist." Economic disparlties

line the political divisions. Thanks to sustained growth in tourism and a flourishing role as an offshore centre, the Greek Cypriots are the wealthiest nation in the eastern Mediterranean. Turkish Cyprus is isolated by lack of

With backing from Greece, the Greek Cypriots are preparing to apply for membership of the European Union. on behalf of both communi-

international recognition -

ties, early in 1998. This, they argue, would be a catalyst for finding a settlement.

Many Turkish Cyprlots

believe that joining the EU would offer an escape from economic stagnation and political isolation, but neither Mr Denktash nor the Turkish government supports the application. Moreover, analysts agree

incomes have steadily declined and unemployment that settlement on Cyprus is not likely to be reached without a drastic improvement in relations between Greece and Turkey.

Editorial comment, Page 11 The Turkish foreign minis-

arrived in Cyprus vesterday in militant mood to demonstrate the Islamist government's support for Mr Denktash. She told a raily in southern Turkey earlier in the day: "Where we come from, nobody lays a finger on the flag. . . if anyone dares do that, we'll break 1000年新雄年

Not to be outdone. Greece's prime minister, Mr Costas Simitis, said he would interrupt his summer holiday to attend the funeral of Mr Solomos today. He will also take part in a meeting on Saturday of the national security council, the forum where Greek Cypriot politi-cal leaders thrash out policy on the Cyprus problem.

Mr Simitis will certainly point out that this week's clashes could undermine a recent lull in Greek-Turkish tensions, achieved through an unofficial agreement brokered by tha US and Nato that both countries will avoid holding military exercises in the Aegean during

the tourist season. So far, the agreement appears to be holding, despite the tensions on Cyprus. As trouble flared at the funeral of Mr Isaak on Wednesday, Greeks amicably assisted a Turkish frigate that ran aground off a Greek island.

# Sarajevo airport back on schedule

first commercial aircraft for four years landed at Sarajevo's airport vesterday when an Air Bosna flight touched down Istanbul, Reuter reports from Sarajevo.

The airport, canght between Moslem and Croat frontlines, was closed to scheduled flights after being badly damaged during Bosnia's civil war and is in need of extensive repairs.

Full reconstruction is estimated cost of \$26.7m -Bank for Reconstruction and Development (EBRD) through a 15-year loan. The other half will be financed by grants from European Union member states and

the European Commission. The funds will be used to repair the main airport buildings, runways and provide new navigation, communication and weather forecasting and recording equipment. France is donating \$2.2m to bny equipment to enable take-offs and landings in poor weather.

Sarajevo airport handled about 350,000 passengers a year before the war and was busiest in 1984 when the city hosted the winter Olympic games. Separatist Serb forces captured it at the start of fighting in 1992 but was persuaded in June 1992 to hand it over to the UN for relief flights. Cargo aircraft hauled food, medicine and shelter material into the besleged capital, enabling

vive three winters. Nearly 13,000 flights landed in Sarajevo until the airlift ended earlier this year, carrying foreign digni-taries, UN peacekeepers, aid workers, medical cases and journalists. Government forces built a tunnel under the airport for those trying to escape the city on foot.

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for independent TV recently in Sarajevo Cash-strapped Bosnia is resisting the offer of millions

of dollars in international aid to create its first independent television network designed to bridge ethnic divisions inflamed by partisan media during four years of fighting. The Moslem-led Bosnian

government has blocked the \$13m project, of which \$3m was earmarked for state-run Bosnian television. The Open Broadcasting Network expected to take until the (OBN) is the product of a middle of next year at an pledge by the three presidents of Bosnia-Hercegovina, Croatla and Serbla last November in Dayton, Ohio. to allow freedom of media, to help create a climate for free and fair elections on Septem-

> Hate-mongering in the media has been blamed for fuelling the conflict. The OBN was first stalled by financing problems. When the donors, including the EU. the US and Japan, came up with funds, members of the Bosnian government became the obstacle. The project is being overseen by Mr Carl Bildt, chief international mediator to Bosnia.

tions in the Moslem-Croat Federation formed their own network. Mr Emin Skopljak, deputy telecommunications minister, said the country did not have the legal framework to permit a nationwide independent television; there are already 11 independent local channels, apart from state-run television.

**Bosnians** resist aid

"We want to go the same way as the rest of Europe, but we will not give in to political pressure to form this network," Mr Skopljak

### Authorities 'are afraid of losing control?

said. He insists that fregencies are a valuable national resource which cannot be given away.

Pressure on tha Bosnian government is intense: lt was a hig issue at Wednesday's Geneva summit when Mr Warren Christopher, US secretary of state. apparently failed to overcome the objections of Mr Alija Izetbegovic, president of Bosnia-Hercegovina. Mr Izebegovic has made

\$3m World Bank loan custom-made for state-run television, designed to allow the state natwork to compete with independent channels. international mediators believe Bosnian objections

are mostly based in a fear of losing control. Mr Michael Steiner, the German deputy to Mr Bildt, said: "Behind this resistance is a vision of the media which is not European. It is not an understanding of free media, but Armed with a ruling from

the Organisation for Security and Co-Operation in Europe (OSCE) which says the government must "grant without delay to the OBN all necessary licences", Mr Bildt's team is pressing forward. They have come up with a design which would bypass tha Bosnian television relay system and cover about 50 per cent of Bosnia's population, almost exclusively in the Moslem-Croat Federation.

At best, the network will begin broadcasting just

# **Hungary loses** second industry minister in year

in Budapest

Mr Imre Dunai yesterday became Hungary's second in a year and the eighth cabinet member to leave the Socialist-led government since it took office in July

The government said Mr Dunai had askad to step down on health grounds and that his resignation had been accepted by Mr Gyula Horn, the prime minister. Officials denied reports that the two men had d several times recently or that they had undertaken not to discuss other factors

behind the resignation for six months. Mr Dunai's decision to leave the cabinet comes just as the govarnment embroiled in a sensitive debate over energy price rises. The increases, due in October, have split policymakers and industry.

International investors which bought into the energy sector last autumn are pressing the government to raise prices to world levels and to honour other com-

mitments made at the time. Leading European utilities including RWE and Bayernwerk of Germany, Electricité de France and Italgas invested nearly \$2hn, tha first large-scale energy sector privatisation in the former eastern bloc. Several have now put further investment plans on hold until price and regulatory issues

are resolved. However, the government is reluctant to increase prices again - they have already risen sharply in the past 18 months - at a time of falling real pay and deep discontent over painful welfare and education reforms.

Energy sector investors are unhappy over aspects of a price and cost review this summer by the energy office which is to be discussed by the cabinet next week.

"Wa are not at all satisfled," an investor said yesterday. "The price rises are very unpopular but for the government to go back on its promises could lead to a serious crisis in investor confidence. No doubt Mr Dunai will be happy to escape from an increasingly uncomfort-

### EUROPEAN NEWS DIGEST

# German drug sales up 6.5%

Pharmaceuticals sales in Germany in the first half of the year rose to DM12.6bn (\$8.5bn), 6.5 per cent higher than a year earlier, the VFA industry association reported. Germany is Europe's biggest pharmaceuticals market and third largest in the world after the US and Japan.

The growth rate is below that for Europe as a whole but excludes sales through hospitals. German healthcare reforms of 1993 gave general practitioners budgets which excluded hospital drug sales. The VFA, which is fighting to influence further reforms now under consideration. said yesterday's figures demonstrated that "doctors' prescription behaviour was medically as well as economically responsible".

Daniel Gree. Daniel Green, London

# New wave of retail strikes

German retail unions yesterday intensified their strike action in an attempt to force employers to adopt Rhineland-Palatinate.

The DAG salaried workers union and HBV bank and retail workers union said more than 1,000 shopworkers took part in all-day strikes across Germany and threatened further action. Both sides in Rhineland-Palatinate agreed a 1.85 per cent pay rise and extra allowances for shift working. Reuter. Düsseldorf

# Fishing row may go to Hague

The dispute between Denmark and Iceland over the fishing rights in a "grey zone" of the north Atlantic could go to the International Court in The Hague. Talks this week have produced no solution to the question of whether Danish vessels have the right to fish in a 10,000 square kilometre area between Greenland and Iceland.

Icelandic coastguard cutters have been given permission to fire on Danish boats caught within the zone. Another meeting will be held next month in an attempt to resolve the dispute.

Both Mr Halldor Sgrimson, Iceland's foreign minister, and his Danish counterpart, Mr Niels Helveg Petersen, have suggested taking the issue to the international court. Mr Sgrimson claims that the 1968 discussion of the issues, which left non-Icelandic vessels free to fish until a resolution was found, was only a gentleman's agreement. Denmark disputes this view. Andrew Arnold, Copenhagen

# Kurdish TV back on air

A Kurdish television channel, MED-TV, resumed satellite broadcasts to Turkey from its base in London yesterday, six weeks after pressure by Ankara forced its previous satellite operator to halt transmissions. Yesterday's broadcast, carried on the intelest satellite, coincided with the 12th anniversary of the separatist campaign waged by the Kurdistan Workers party against the Turkish state. Turkey, which rejects MED-TV's insistence that it is independent of the guerrillas, has forced a series of European satellite operators to stop carrying its signal.

MED-TV is Turkey's only Kurdish-language channel and has established a strong following in the mainly
Kurdish south-east. Although Mr Necmettin Erbakan, the Islamist prime minister, has declared that he supports domestic Kurdish channels, he said MED-TV "should definitely be stopped." John Barham, Ankara

ECONOMIC WATCH

# Finnish output up sharply

industrial activity in Finland increased sharply in June, according to figures from the central statistical office. Output was 4.4 per cent higher than a year earlier, while the annualised increase for the first six months was 1.7 per cent. The improvement in June reflected a 10 per cent growth in metal and engineering production compared with the same month last year. However, output in the paper and wood-processing sector fell 9.2 per cent and capacity utilisation dropped 5 per cent to 82 per cent. Consumer prices fell 0.1 per cent in June, taking the annual rate to 0.5 per cent, one of the lowest in the European Union. The reduction was partly attributed to seasonal discount sales of clothes. Inflation measured by the standard EU formula was 1.1 per cent in July, against 1.2 per cent in June. Greg McIvor, Stockholm German wholesale prices fell 0.5 per cent in July from the previous month, and the same amount from the

year-earlier level, the federal statistics office said. Dutch unemployment fell by 1.4 per cent to 428,000 on a seasonally adjusted basis in the three months to July. A leaked memo from the central planning bureau to the cabinet said unemployment would fall far more steeply than expected.



# eltsin names economic

r Vladimir Potanin, named as the youngest of named as the youngest or Russia's new first deputy prime ministers yesterday, is an international economist who made his name as head of one of Russia's biggest banks. Reuter reports from Moscow.

He will lead the government's economic team and may become Russia'a representetive at the World Bank, a post currently held by ousted first deputy prime minister Mr Vladimir Kadannikov.

Mr Potanin, 35, built Uneximbank up to become Russia's fourth biggest financial institution, and was heavily involved in last year's controversial shares-for-loans privatisa-tion of several of Russia's biggest companies. Uneximbank has 38 per cent of RAO Norilsky Nikel, one of the world's biggest nickel producers, and a large stake in Sidanco, Russta's fourth biggest oil company by

Mr Potanin, whose interests promiaed yesterday to represent new first deputy prime ministers Russian enterprise in the broadest and will deputisa for Prime on former President Ronald Rea-

sense," rather than just looking after the interests of the banking lobby.

Minister Victor Chernomyrdin.

Mr Bolshakov had been a deputy Economists say Mr Potanin has offered few detailed clues to his eco-

nomic thinking. "How can we say whether he'll become a good first deputy prime minister or not, if we never had a single word from him on his economic programme?" said Mr Pavel Teplukhin, chief economist of Troika-Dialog investment bank. Mr Potanin worked at the ministry

for foreign economic relations for seven years before joining a foreign trade association and then AKB Mezhdunarodnaya Finansovaya Kompaniya (IFC) bank, one of Uneximbank's co-founders. Uneximbank bank was founded in 1993 and now has assets of 17,720bn roubles (\$3.4bn).

Mr Alexei Bolshakov has been put in charge of industry, construction,

transport and communications and the use of mineral resources. An engineer from the western city of Pskov, Mr Bolshakov, 56, is include football, chess and tennis, the most senior of Russia's three

prime minister since November 1994. responsible for relations with other former Soviet republics in the Commonwealth of Independent States. Former finance minister Boris Fyodorov, a radical economist ousted in early 1994, once described

Mr Bolshakov as "a normal Soviet apparatchik, not a radical reformer". Mr Alexander Livshits, 50, Russia's new finance minister and deputy prime minister, joined President Boris Yeltsin's team in 1992 with other pro-reform intellectuals. But unlike most of his colleagues, he has survived through the years of economic reform and political manoeu-

vring in the Kremlin. In 1994 Mr Livshits was appointed Mr Yeltsin's chief economic aide. During the president's re-election campaign he appeared regularly on television to reassure workers that their wage arrears were on the way. Mr Livshits studied mathematics

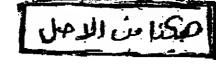
and economics at the Moscow Eco-

nomics Institute and wrote his thesis

gan's government economic policies. A professor and the author of a textbook on the basics of the market economy, he wants Russia to go for growth, putting tough anti-inflation policies of the early years of reform on to the back burner. "We have done enough worrying

about percentages of inflation, now wa hava to start worrying about growth," he said recently. Mr Viktor Ilyushin, 59, a first deputy prime minister in the new gov-

ernment, was President Yeltsin's chief side since May 1992 and played a pivotal role in securing his re-election. He has been an ally of Mr Yeltsin since his communist party days. He was born into a workers' family in Nizhny Tagil in the Ural mountains and graduated in electri-cal engineering in 1974 from the same college where Mr Yaltsin studied in what was then Sverdlovsk now Yekaterinburg. After working at an iron and steel mill, he began a career in the communist party in Sverdlovsk, where Mr Yeltsin was regional party chief. Their paths have been close ever since.

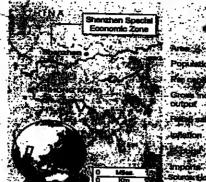


itants of China'a southern economic zone (SRZ) are too preoccupied with business to. spend tima on the sparse exhibits of the region's brief

That bodes well for the future of the fledgling export base. But the future is not yet secure. For, like a precocious teenager. Shenzhen turns 16 this month, cocky about its achievements but poised uneasily between adolescence and maturity.

The most dynamic of China'e five special economic zones, designed to spearhead a national transformation from central planning to the markat, Shenzhen is confronted with rising costs, crime and corruption. Tax breaks for imports of capital equipment have been ended, reducing incentives for foreign investment, the motor. of the SEZ economies. Beijing's policy priorities have shifted in favour of the hinterland and away from

Among the local businessmen and foreign investors



who, have built Shenzhen the expansion of Sher deep," he adds.

who have built Shenzhen the expansion of Shenzhen's there is concern but also a aconomic base. Annual belief that momentum can industrial output has ristance to meet the environing from a palitry Yn60m (37.2m) ment is becoming more different from a palitry Yn60m (37.2m) ment is becoming more different from a palitry Yn60m (37.2m) ment is becoming more different from a palitry Yn60m (37.2m) ment is becoming more different from a palitry Yn60m (37.2m) ment is becoming more different from a palitry Yn60m (37.2m) ment is becoming more different from a palitry Yn60m (37.2m) ment is becoming more different from from the from the palitry Yn60m (37.2m) ment is becoming more different from the from the from the from the from the former farmland since Mr Deng porate tax rates. But the commercial roots are now mount leader, declared the city and its environs an SEZ. city and its environs an SEZ.

prompted Wal-Mart, the US retail giant, to open its first Chinese store in Shenzhen

For many local businessmen, the challenge is now qualitative rather than quantitative growth. "In the first 15 years we depended on our financial and geographical position," says Mr Guo Ping, vice-president of Shenzhen Huawei Technology, a local telecoms and electronics manufacturer, referring to investment incentives and Shenzhen's proximity to the port of Hong Kong.
"Now we are at a second

stage, where we have to move to higher-value and more technology-intensive

This is a necessary shift, given the rise in land and labour costs and the prospect of reduced privileges. But it is not an easy task. Shenzhen's artificial origins mean it lacks aducational and technology infrastructure. Skilled staff are in

Shenzhan Huawei has

short supply.

Wuhan and Beijing. It has set up an R&D facility in the US and is building another at its site in Shenzhen. Many other companies hava launched training programmes for staff or seek to attract employees from Shanghai or Beifing through

higher salaries and improved

benefits.

through formation of

These are not the only challenges. Social conditions, from crime to pollu-tion, are growing concerns for investors. One local bank worker says he remembers the first armed robbery in Shenzhen in the early 1980s. He has now lost count. "There has always been a bit of a frontier atmosphere here, says one trading exec-utive. "But sometimes it

Shenzhen's officials are responding. Mr Wang Zheng-

overcome such constraints line, including executions of corrupt senior officials, is research agreements with having an effect. "After sev-universities in Shanghai, eral years' endeavour the sociel order is improving.

he savs. With respect to infrastructure, the city's five-year plan includes ambitious construction targets, including a dou-bling in the length of super-highway by the year 2000. Power stations and port facilities are being expanded

to meet rising demand. Mr Li Zing-sen, director of the Shenzhen municipal foreign investment office, believes a further boost to development will come from Hong Kong's return to China in July next year and the consequent rise in economic integration.

He plans continued simplifications in investment procedures, boasting that a recent proposal for e factory seems to be going over the by Castrol, the lubricants company, was approved in just two days. In his view, there is little chance thet ming, the chief procurator, Deng's experiment will end says the authorities' tough

ASIA-PACIFIC NEWS DIGEST

# US missile plan upsets China

China yesterday demanded the US scrap plans to sell en anti-aircraft missile system to Taiwan, saying the sale violated communiques governing Sino-US relations on Taiwan. Under the communiques, Washington has pledged to sell only defensive weapons to Taiwan and to reduce the level of sales over a specified period. In Washington, a State Department spokesman said the US was processing a request for Taiwan to buy the Avenger anti-aircraft missile system. The system, which can use a Stinger missile, was purely defensive and consistent with US policy on arms sales to Taiwan, he said.

 Taiwanese President Lee Teng-hui yesterday said Taiwan needed to review its policy of targeting China as its main market if it wanted to become a regional business bub, sparking a sharp stock market decline. The market, fearing a policy change might endanger lucrative investments on the mainland, suffered a bout of panic selling and fell 89 points. Reuter, Tainer

### Megawati invited to celebrate



of the opposition Indonesian Democratic party, yesterday said she had received invitations from the state palace to attend an Independence Day eremony at the weekend but they do not mention in what capacity she can attend. Independence Day is traditionally commemorated at the palace in a ceremony led by President Subarto, who today will deliver his state of the nation address

in which he is expected to outline how he proposes to deal with the pro-democracy agitation of the past month, Ms Megawati was questioned for e second time yesterday at Jakarta police headquarters about riots in the capital last month. It is not known whether she will be summoned again. Manuela Saragosa and Kyodo, Jakarta

# NZ jobs growth surprise

Strong June quarter jobs growth surprised New Zealand financial markets yesterday. Employment grew by 0.9 per cent in the quarter, compared with average forecasts of 0.37 per cent, and the jobless rate eased slightly to 6.1 per cent from 6.2 in March. The figures were welcomed by the conservative National party government, which faces a general election in October. Reuter, Wellington

### Bangladesh PM seeks justice

Sheikh Hasina, Bangladesh's prime minister, yesterday vowed to bring to justice those responsible for the death of her father, Sheikh Mujibur Rahman, the country's founding prime minister, in a 1975 coup. Yesterday was the anniversary of his death, marked officially for the first time. "If you don't punish those responsible, you cannot bring stability to Bangladesh," she said. Earlier this week police arrested three retired army officers suspected of a role in the coup. Kasra Naji, Dhaka

Pressure grows to engineer a devaluation of the peso

# Philippine trade deficit widens

How deep is shown from A rising consumer base

Pressure on the Philippine central bank to engineer e depreciation of the peso rose strongly yesterday in the wake of figures showing the trade deficit widening by 39 per cent in the first six months of 1996. The growing trade gap, which leapt from \$4.29bn in the first half of 1995 to \$5.98bn in the equivalent period of 1996, prompted renewed calls from Philippine exporters for e competitive devaluation of the peso against the US dollar. Exporters pointed out the currency had appreciated by 13 per cent in real terms over the last two years although there was a minor depre-cietion in nominal terms. More than one-third of Philippine

exports go to the US. Led by the rise in manufacturing sales Philippine exports grew by almost 20 per cent in the first half of 1996 compared to 26 per cent import growth. Philippine exports have grown faster in 1996 than any other south-east Asian economy,

House in Emerging

First for Emerging

First for Emerging

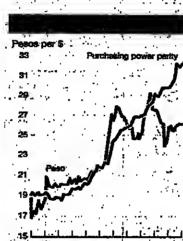
**Emerging Markets**,

Deal of the Year,

Latin American Loan

Institutional Investor,

Strategy, Extel



electronic products. Mr Ceilito Habito, planning min-

including Thailand and Malaysia, which have been badly hit by the global slowdown in demand for

pine electronics and textile sales which make up over 50 per cent of the country's total exports, could decelerate in line with other Asian countries unless there was an improvement in Philippine labour

productivity or a depreciation of However, Mr Gabriel Singson, governor of the central bank, yesterday dismissed pressure on the monetary board to abandon its commitment to a market-driven

exchange rate policy. Mr Singson added that imports to the Philippines were almost entirely made up of raw materials and capital goods for subsequent re-export and thus reflected the country's growing industrial

Strong portfolio inflows and worker remittances overseas pushed Philippine foreign exchange reserves up by more than \$4bn since January to \$11.2bn in August as the central bank bought dollars to prevent an appreciation of the peso.

# Australia told to end petrol price controls

By Nikki Tait in Sydney

Australia's top consumer and competition watchdog yesterday called for abolition of price controls on petrol and related prodncts. The federal government said it would respond to the recommendation by the Australian Competition and Consumer Commission after next week's federal budget. Mr Peter Costello, federal treasurer, said the government was generally supportive of moves towards greater transparency and

competition in the oil industry".

The recommendation that price controls be lifted next year follows a lengthy ACCC inquiry into the "petrol products price declaration system", introduced under a former Labor government. The system caps petrol and diesel product wholesale prices, with the big four suppliers - Ampol, Shell, BP and Mobil - having to notify the ACCC

if they want to lift prices. But the ACCC found these price

independent fuel retailers was likely to be more effective in holding down petrol prices. "(The controls) do not serve e very useful purpose... In most capital cities, they only restrain prices occasionally and on those occasions only e very little, commented Prof Allan Fels, ACCC chairman, yesterday. The ACCC's recommendation is

controls had limited impact, and

felt increased competition from

that the controls be scrapped, although only subject to certain conditions. These include "the development of more vigorous competition in the industry' At present, independents have

only a small share of the retail market - about 5 per cent - but already make e significant impact on pricing. When Ampol merged its operations with those of Caltex to become the sector's leading player last year, the ACCC was at pains to ensure independents were given a chance to acquire surplus terminals and retail sites.

the fail strikes

man drug

's up 6.5%

A Charles

Charles and the Holding:

the law back on air

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Best Foreign Bank in Brazil, Euromoney No.1 in Brazilian debt trading, Latin Finance

Equity

Europe, Euromoney Eastern European Research House of the Year, IFR

Best Bank in Eastern

First for research in Central and Eastern Europe, Extel ternational Bank of

Eastern Europe, Central European

the Year in Central and

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Best Foreign Bank in Bulgaria, Central Еигореап

Securities House of the Year in the Middle

East MEED money Best Asian (ex-Japan) Research Team,

Institutional Investor **Best Securities House** 

in Asia, Euromoney First for Asian Equities

IFR Securities Equity House of the

Year in Asia, Asiamone Best Foreign Bank in the

Philippines, Euromoney Best Foreign Bank in

Vietnam, Euromoney Best Foreign Securities House in Taiwan.

By Kenneth Gooding, Mining Correspondent

The London Metal Exchange will be given a clean bill of health by regulators and others investigating the circumstances which led Sumitomo Corporation of Japan to claim it had lost \$1.8bu from unanthorised trading from them that they were \$250m. Raj Bagri, the exchange's trading and we have docu- Securities and Investment

Senior operating management at Sumitomo were told several times since 1991 that the LME was concerned about the group's activities in the copper market, he "We received assurances

When the LME received a compleint from a member that he had been asked by Mr Yasuo Hamanaka, the senior copper trader Sumitomo blames for its losses, to provide a receipt for a fictitions trade worth in the copper market. Mr fully aware of the level of expressed its concern to the

mentary evidence to prove Board (SIB), the City invest- investigations into the world, asking what changes, this."

ments watchdog, and even Samitomo scandal found if any, they want made to any breach of LME rules by to the UK government. Mr David King, the LME's its members, "we will take appropriate action. There chief executive, said the exchange never indicated it will be no cover-up for mem-

accepted Sumitomo's explanation for the letter: that it He was speaking after the was for tax reasons and nor-SIR issued a consultation document that will go to mal in Japan. "But we [the the exchange LME] have no jurisdiction over Sumitomo," he said. Mr Bagri promised that if LMCs, regulators and other exchanges around the

the operation of world's premier base metals market.

This is part of a six-month inquiry by the SIB, requested by the LME and sparked by concerns about the potentially damaging impact which non-member about 3,500 users of the and non-regulated compahave on the metals market.

to amendment by the UN. something the weapons

states are desperate to avoid.

It may also not get the back-

ing of non-aligned countries, many of which are still

smarting from the way the

extension of the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty was

forced through by the US

last year, partly on the

promise that a CTBT would

Many states are frustrated

by this impasse, not least because almost all countries

agree that putting a treaty

in place would be e valuable safeguard. It would stop the

existing nuclear weepons

states from making any radi-

cal advances in weapon

And a few decades from

now it would introduce e small but important element

of doubt into the mind of a

country thinking of using

nuclear weapons in a pre-

emptive strike on another

state; the remote chance that

the bombs could fail, despite

the predictions of advanced

computer models. would

give an aggressor pause.

be signed in 1996.

# Turkey signs oil-for-food deal with Iraq

By John Bartiam in Ankara

and Turkey's Islamist-led government have signed an oil-for-food agreement only days after Ankara and Tehran struck a multi-billion energy deal in defiance of new US legislation threatening sanctions against companies investing in Iran.

Although Turkey's foreign ministry said the accord had been signed in the frame-work of a United Nations plan allowing Iraq to resume limited oil exports, it is likely to irritate Washington further. Yesterday, President Bill Clinton told Congress he would extend US sanctions against Iraq because it was still disregarding the cease-fire accord ending the 1991 Gulf war.

The Iraq-Turkey "mutual undarstanding" memoran-dum calls for improved political and economic ties, increased trade and construction of a gas pipeline.

principal trading partners before the war, but trade has dwindled to \$200m a year. Now Turkey wants to meet all lraq's need for food imports and take Iraqi oil in

Mr Necmettin Erbakan, Turkey's new Islamist prime minister, wants to build stronger ties with Moslem countries, while maintaining Turkey'e traditionally strong ties with the west. Although Washington has

advised Ankara to "stay away from Iran" it has not said that a \$23bn natural gas import deal elgned during Mr Erbaksn'e visit to Tehran violetes the D'Ameto law puniehlng investments exceeding \$40m in the Iranian oil and gas industry. US officials have indicated they will avoid actions that threaten Washington's rele-

tionship with a valued ally. Furthermore, analysts say the agreements signed with Iraq and Iran are politically inspired and unlikely to produce concrete results.

# Israel launches bond safety net

Israel's prime minister, Mr Benjamin Netanyahu, yesterday amounced a "safety net" for government bonds shaken by a wave of damping by heavyweight investors, Reuter reports from Jerusalem. "The central bank governor, the finance minister and I met this morning and decided..., or stabilisation steps for government bonds and e detailed and clear plan for a safety net for the bonds," he said.

The central bank said shortly afterwards it would intervene in the bond market in repurchase government bonds to the value of Shk750m (\$238m). It would soak up excess liquidity caused by the repurchases by issuing short-term bills to the value of Shk540m.

Provident funds, long-term savings funds with special tax benefits, have been dumping bonds to meet huge public withdrawals estimated to average about Shk8bn over two

the government stood "completely behind its honds". The prime minister's intervention was reminiscent of his quick response in litters in the Israell stock market after he defeated Mr Shimon Peres, architect of Israeli-Palestinian peace, in the May general election.

### It would also make it much harder for non-weapallow the conference to send ons states to make an atomic the CTBT to New York for bomb which they could be confident would work. That Tha most popular idea

would help keep whole areas of the world nuclear-free: reducing the number of countries that are certain months. The public has been redeeming provident funds they can produce viable because of their negative returns caused by falling stock nuclear weapons, also and bond prices. reduces the imperative on their non-nuclear neigh-Mr Netanyahu said he wanted everyone in Israel to know

# Nuclear treaty poised to go up in smoke nism would open the treaty

orty years of hopes and many months of hard negotiation hang by a thread in Geneva.

Despite almost overwhelming international backing for the idea of a treaty banning all nuclear tests, a stalemate between the nuclear powers and India risks losing the moment and wrecking the concerted drive towards e full test ban.

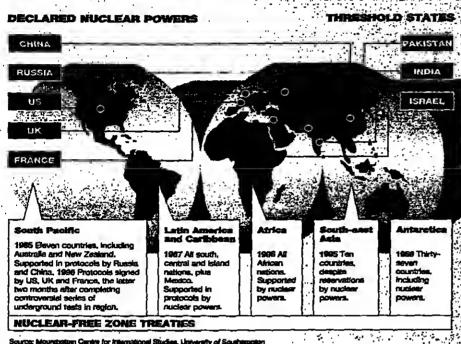
At its worst, that could mean a slide backwards towards further tests, and a significant defeat for the process of nuclear disarmament. By refusing on Wednesday

to allow a draft treaty for a Comprehensive Test Ban Treaty to be endorsed unanimously by the 61-pation Conference on Disarmament in Geneva, india has in effect vetoed the treaty, internationol lawyers say thet India's action will prevent the conference forwarding the CTBT for general signa-ture at the UN in New York. If that happens, the long

negotiating process in Geneva could start to unravel. The CTBT could be opened up for amendments and arguments, which may take the negotiators further away from agreement rather than parrowing the gaps. A full test ban, still seen by many as a crucial tool for limiting the spread of nuclear weapons and curbing a race to develop ever

more sophisticated bombs, nuclear weapons - not just would then be in jeopardy. India feels the proposed treaty crystallises the inequality between current holders of nuclear weapons Indian negotiators, the treaty does not press the

Nuclear weapons: the north/south divide



declared nuclear weapons states firmly enough to work towards nuclear disarmament, in return for the rest of the world's agreement not to test atomic bombs.

point of view, Britain, Russia and China are insisting all countries capable of making current declared weapons states - must sign the CTBT before it can come into force. This means India, Israel and Pakistan would have to sign alongside China, France, Russia, the UK and the US. India points in its nucleararmed neighbours; China to rather than re-negotiating it the east, Russia to the north, and to nuclear-capable Pakistan in the west, and says that it does not wish to surrender the right to test or build nuclear weapons, It would rather wreck a test ban than be cajoled into a treaty it loathes.

This Indian opposition is crucial, because only if the Conference on Disarmament unanimously recommends the CTBT to the UN will the UN accept the treaty on a "fast track", with the General Assembly having to accept or reject it as a whole.

now in effect blocked. What is more, India has

made its opposition to the treaty so explicit that It would be difficult for Delhi to back down even if the nuclear weapons states were

Diplomats in Geneva are next. So far, negotiators have been reluctant to discuss how in go forward if ment is not reached, for fear of encouraging

to offer a compromise in the next few days. now wondering what to do will have to be made to find legal loopholes which would

India's decision to veto the

Minister H.D. Deve Gowda's

nuclear test ban, a policy reaffirmed in Prime

Independence Day speech

domestic support, Reuter

reports from New Delhi.

His fragile 18-party

parliamentary support.

India's only nuclear test in 1974 was carried out under

the party had pledged to retain the option of building

party, the single largest

government to block the

party in the polls, has

repeatedly urged the

a Congress government, and

nationalist Bharatiya Janata

pact. Mr Amitabh Mattoo. a

60 per cent of Indians polled

in 1996 wanted another test

- up from only 33 per cent

security analyst, said over

Congress party for

a nuclear bomb.

fn 1994.

coalition government, in power since June after

onclusive elections, leans

heavily on the former ruling

yesterday, has strong

being canvassed is for a large group of the conference members, led by the recommend the treaty to the UN without India's acceptance. Provided it had sufficiently wide support, the recommendation could carry enough moral weight for the UN to accept the treaty. Unfortunately, this mecha

Bernard Gray

bours to join the nuclear

# **NEWS:** WORLD TRADE

# Loser may fight Subic Bay bid award

By Edward Luce in Manile and John Ridding in Hong Kong

Subic Bey Metropolitan decision in choose Butchi-Anthority, the Philippines' son, Hong Kong's largest fastest growing export processing zone. yesterday its superior business plan, awarded the contract to despite the fact thet it manege its container termi- offered only half the amount nal to Hong Kong-based of its Philippine rival, Inter-

in a move which may be Services (ICTSI), in its bid.

contested by one of the los
Analysts said the decision ing bidders.

SBMA officials said the port operator, was based on Hutchison Ports Philippines, national Container Terminal

to choose Hutchison would strengthen Subic's highprofile campaign to attract investment from Hong Kong in the build-np to its handover in China next year. Officials said that ICTSI, which offered US\$56 per 20ft

equivalent unit (TEU) han-

son's US\$28 per TEU, had breached Philippine competition regulations and was thus disqualified. A recent Philippine direc-

tive prevents companies which own a port in the Philippines from gaining more than 20 per cent control of a rival port. ICTSL, which handled about 70 per cent of the dled compared to Hutchi- country's 1m TEUs last

the arrangement. Ottawa would almost certainly retal-

iate strongly against cloth-ing and textile imports from

the US if new curbs were

However, the Americans

may link wool suits in future

to other Nafta-related negoti-ations such as contentious

imposed.

try the stick.

year, mostly from its Manila terminal, pitched for control of more than a fifth of Subic's container facilities.

"We looked at ICTSI's business plan and it was clear they did not make any effort to address the legal issues raised," Mr Michael Kho, SBMA project man-ager, claimed. The SBMA made it clear from the start

all bidders have to comply with Philippine law." ICTSI is considering legal

action under the Philippine constitution which gives priority to local groups in "strategic" privatisations. Royal Ports Services, the other losing bidder, yesterday also protested at the decision but did not threaten legal action.

# Canadian suit makers put US rivals out of pocket

233,908

pressure from their political masters to wrap up a free trade deal with Canada, made a coucession eight years ago that they now sorely regret. The concession has allowed Canadian clothing

manufacturers, who at one time feared the worst from free trade, to become the biggest suppliers of imported men's wool suits to the US. Canada's exports have soared from 100,000 suits in 1988, the year before the free trade agreement took effect,

to over 1m last year. Its share of US imports has jumped from 5 to 24 per cent, mostly at the expense of Italy and South Korea.

The biggest beneficiary has been Peerless Clothing, a 77-year-old family business in Montreal.

The Peerless suit factory is now one of the world'a biggest with 2,400 workers, four to five times more than six years ago. Mr Alvin Segal, chief exec-

utive, says his customers, who include many of the top names in US retailing, are delighted. "I've never before experienced retailers thanking me for selling to them," be says.

But the US clothing and textile industries are up in arms. "Somebody ecrewed up by negotiating away our ability to take safeguard measures," says a US congressional aide.

Six trade associations, representing some 80 companies, have set up a Wool Products Coalition under the

### Sales of wool suits to US C\$ (7000) 1992 100,968 1993 135,531 178,941

public relations company to lobby against the Canadian

Senator Ernest Hollings of South Carolina, who is one of the most protectionist members of Congress, recently introduced an Emergency Safeguard Act that would impose stricter curbs on Canadian suits.

Canada's break initially came in the form of duty-free tariff preference levels (TPLs) - also known as tariff rate quotas - agreed in the closing days of talks leading up to the 1989 free trade

The TPLs were renewed with modifications in the 1994 North American Free Trade Agreement (Nafta) which included Mexico.

The US textile and garment industry says the TPLs and reaped the benefits in were designed as a loophole recent years of a low Canato ensure access in fabrics in short domestic eupply. The Wool Products Coali-

tion contends Canadian manufacturers are using imported, non-Nafta fabrics, despite the fact that these fabrics ore available from North American prod-

between 1991 and 1995. The balance of trade in clothing The Americans contend Ottawa has also been swayed by the Segal family's is in Canada's favour but the negis of a Washington DC strongly pro-Canada stance US maintains a sizeable sur-

in edvance of last October's plus in textiles. referendum on Quebec indeto consider any changes in

According to the Cana-diane, bowever, Ottawa insisted on TPLs in the free sate for ultra-stringent rules of origin on clothing and textiles demanded by the US. The rules of origin, the strictest for any product cov-ered by Nafta, require clothes to be made from North American yarn and fabric before they qualify for dnty-free access to the US. The arrangement was negotiated fair and square, a

Canadian official says. Canadian euit makers have several advantages over their US rivals. They pay significantly less for imported textiles, thanks to an external tariff of only 8-10 per cent (dating from the days of Commonwealth pref-

erential tariffs), compared to a 36 per cent US tariff. When you have such an advantage on your raw material cost, you cannot help but be a success, says Mr Segal. Peerless has also invested in new technology

dian dollar. The Canadians note that US suppliers have the upper hand in clothing made from virtually every other type of material, including synthetic fibres. North-bound clothing exports rose by 150 per cent

# Dhaka set to expand

By Kara Naji in Dhaka

Bangladesh is finalising

moves by Canada to protect its cultural industries. Mr Michael Gale of the American Apparel Manufacturers Association says President Bill Clinton's administration went to the Canadians with a carrot and failed to get their attention. So now Congress is going to two years of political uncertainty and unrest.

Senator Hollings' bill, now before the Senate finance committee, would limit suits, sports jackets and slacks to no more than half the total TPL for wool garments. Any one of these three items would itself be limited in 50 per cent of the new ceiling. Mr Segal predicts the outcome of the dispute will be in increase pressure on Washington to bring its high external tariff on woollen fabrics into line

with Canada's. But US rivals of Peerless seem more interested in clamping down on the competition than reducing their own raw material costs. Mr Gale insists the two issues are quite separate. The free trade agreement has a deficiency in it that needs to be remedied, he says.

exports

plans for a third export pro-cessing zone and hopes soon to allow private - even foreign - ownership of EPZs. The steps are being taken after renewed investor interest in the country's policy of tariff- and tax-free zones for the manufacture of exports. South Korean and Jepenese companies in particular seem to have been encouraged by the result of general elections in June, which appear to have put an end to

Moreover, the new Awami League government is keen to win over investors as part growth and the eradication of poverty,

Dhaka airport is to be expanded and a new EPZ is to be established in Ghazipur, 30km north of Dhaka. The government has earmarked TKL300m (\$31m) for the two projects.

of Korean companies has proposed investments of up to \$1bm over 10 years to establish and administer a zone in the southern port city of Chittagong. A Japanese government survey of investment condi-

tions in Bangladesh has also

proposed an EPZ across the

river to the east of the exist-

Meanwhile, e consortium

LAGERH

npgrade port facilities, increase power generation capacity, and to construct a tunnel under the river.

The plans to expand the airport EPZ and build e new one are part of a series of decisions approved last month by the Bangladesh Export Processing Zone Authority, chaired by Sheikh Hasina, the prime minister.

Mr Moszzem .. Hossain, executive chairman of the Bepza, said the government houed to amend the existing of strategy for economic laws to allow private and even foreign ownership of EPZs, under which the land An existing EPZ near the and infrastructure would be owned by the investor. He said the amendments would be proposed to parliament within a month.

Investors are attracted by the quality of the workforce, labour costs that are the lowest in Asia and a tax holiday of 10 years.

However, investment has the political uncertainties of the past two years led many potential investors away to Vietnam, Sri Lanka, and India.

The value of exports from Bangladesh's two EPZs reached \$337m last year - a ing EPZ in Chittagong. The rise of 47 per cent compared Bernard Simon survey also found a need to with the previous year.

WORLD TRADE NEWS DIGEST

# **DBKom move to** upgrade network

DBKom, the telecoms subsidiary of Deutsche Bahu, the German railway network, yesterday awarded contracts to supply 5,000km of fibre-optic cable to Siemens, Lucent Technologies and Alcatel. DBKom said the largest slice of the DM200m (\$135m) contract - about 35 per cent - went to Siemens, the German electronics group, on condition that it passed work on to several other German

The contract is a first step in DBKom's efforts to apgrade its telecoms network, Germany'e second biggest, so that it can compete with Deutsche Telekom after the German telecoms market is liberalised in 1998. Most of DBKom's existing 40,000km telecoms network is copper cable which needs to be supplemented with fibre optic cables. These are broader and can bandle more traffic and more sophisticated broadband services such as video-on-demand.

Michael Lindemann, Bonn

EU waives Cambodia duties

The European Union has agreed to let Cambodia evoid garment import duties, a Cambodian commerce ministry gainent import dunes, a camoodian commerce ministry official said yesterday. Commerce minister Cham Prasidh would travel to Europe next month to make final arrangements for the "verbal agreement," which would be valid for three to five years, he said. "This is very important for us," the official said.

Mr Cham Prasidh first asked the EU in January to

grant Cambodia exemption from some of the conditions imposed in return for receiving Generalised System of Preferences (GSP) privileges. Countries with GSP trading status enjoy exemption from import duties, everaging about 13 per cent, on garment sales to Europe but the garments must be produced locally with locally made fabrics. Most of Cambodia's 32 garment fectories import material for their production leading to irregularities in the cartificates of origin and violation of GSP rules, EU Reuter. Phnom Penh

Efes buys Kazakh stake

Efes, the Turkish beverage group, yesterday purchased 61 per cent of a Kazakh brewery from Butya, one of the country's largest private companies, in the first secondary sale of a privatised enterprise in Kazakhstan. . Tarbes - an affiliate of Efes, which owns 75 per cent of the local Coca-Cola bottling plant - bought the Kolos brewery in Karaganda, in central Kazakhstan, for an

undisclosed sum Butya, the dominant buyer in the country's cash auctions, had bought 71 per cent of the brewery at a privatisation auction last year. Kolos has a capacity of 26m litres but produced only 8m last year. Its sales exceeded \$3.5m.

Australia buys A\$58m equipment

The Royal Australian Navy has signed a A\$58m (\$45m) contract with British Aerospace Australia, part of the UK-based defence group, for supply of the "ships equipment" element of the Nukla missile decoy system. Contracts to supply the decoy element of the system - the other main component - could be awarded next year.

Nukla - an Aboriginal word meaning "be quick" - began
to be developed in the 1980s in Australia. In July, 8 memorandum of understanding was signed by the Australian defence minister on joint production of decoys for the Australian and US navies. Nikki Toit, Sydney tarbularity gweiffesten. fe 127 - Pagint. SENT WITH THE The tree

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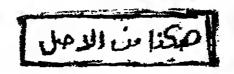
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# Republicans snipe at their media guests

from Hawaii, or Idaho, was extolling the merits of the pineapple, or potato, as well as delivering all his state's dele-gates behind Mr Bob Dole's presidential nomination, Marlene Dietrich was singing "See what the boys in the back room will have" on television.

"Destry Rides Again", the film in which she sang the song, could only be found on an obscure cable channel devoted solely to old movies. But cable TV was also just about the only place the Republican convention could be found at that bour, lale-ish on the east coast though not on the west and that has become a source of intense controversy in San Diego. Republicans, almost by definition, distrust the media. It is over a quarter of a century since then Vice-President Spiro Agnew called them "the nattering nabobs of negativism". In comparison with today's animosity, that repre-

sented a high-water mark of

friendship. On "talk show row",

we the convention floor, very

conservative radio commentators like Mr Robert Novak, the syndi- Angeles Times: "I don't think ultithe Washington-based media, in which about 90 per cent of respondents said they voted Democratic In 1992 and therefore stood exposed for their "liberal" biases.

Convention speaker after speaker, starting on the first day with Mr Haley Barbour, party chairman, has denounced the media for falling to convey the sense of unity and "inclusion" that are the gathering's guiding principles. The most direct fire has been directed at the major TV networks - CBS, NBC and ABC which still command the largest evening prime-time andlences. That became a fusillade after Mr Ted Koppel, host of ABC's Nightline programme, said on Tuesday night there would be no more coverage of this convention because it had become "more of an infomercial than a news event."

The fact that Mr Koppel said he expected no more from the Democrats in Chicago the week after next was insufficient mitigation for what conservative pundits.

"arrogance". But it was left to Mr Michael Deaver, public relations expert for President Ronald Reagan and still a power behind the Republican arras, to deliver the

they'd only give us an hour of prime time each night so we decided to make it entertaining," he said in a TV interview. The daily non-political prime-time fare tends to run to the bland and noncontroversial and that is precisely what the Republicans bave put out for national consumption.

most effective response.

Mr Deaver has a point. Gavel-togavel coverage is now confined to cable and non-commercial lelevi-sion, though NBC is partly living up to its past by collaborating with public TV on extended coverage and through its new cable news venture with Microsoft. Even some media heavyweights were uncomfortable with Mr Koppel's démarche without disagreeing with it. Mr Peter Jennings, ABC aneborman, told the Los

rarely fail to mention s survey of cated columnist, called pure mately anybody will benefit from this - the media or the party." But, he added, "this managed convention contributes to the suspicion people have that the party is trying to use them." Whether because of the bland proceedings "They [the networks] said or holidays, TV ratings are 20 per cent and more down on 1992. That applies even to the Family Channel, the cable operation set up by

> Some TV executives are even predicting this might be the last convention covered even partly live by the commercial networks. Mr Tom Johnson, president of CNN, conceded this was "the most controlled political convention of my career.

the Rev Pat Roberston of the

Christian Coalition.

The press bas its problems as well, partly in keeping the con-vention story "alive" and partly because of some lapses in customary Republican efficiency. Advance copies of retired General Colin Powell's Monday speech were not made available in time to catch many first editions of the

The near-invisibility - at formal telsvised convention sessions if not st private meetings of delegates - of Mr Newt Gingrich, the House Speaker, has led to some caustic commentary, particularly after he had, in his only proper speech from the podium, appeared

to equate the causes of freedom

and smaller government with

beach volleyball.

Party managers do not deny that his national unpopularity as a perceived extremist rendered a lower profile sensible. But he is phenomenally popular among delegates, many wearing buttons resding "friend of Newt," who again see the hand of a biased

media in his muzzling.

An exception is the bome-town newspaper, the Union Tribune, long a conservative bastion and edited by Mr Gerry Warren, once President Richard Nixon's press secretary. Before proceedings in San Diego one of its writers warned that having 15,000 media personnel in the city was "like throwing a party and inviting a

bunch of people you don't like". Conservative magazines are also publishing special editions to keep the anti-Clinton pot boiling By David Pilling and to attract the attention of in Buenos Aires even the libsral media. One article, in the American Spectator, is devoted to proving that the

president cheats at golf. hours, most TV and press coverage had been favourable, particu-larly over the selection of Mr Jack Kemp as Mr Dole's running-mate and the impact of Mr Powell's inspirational Big Tent address on unity in diversity. Divisions over social policy, particularly abortion and affirmativa action, had appeared last week's story.

Still, it is the assessment the media puts on Mr Dole's acceptance speech of last night that will still, in fair measure, determine how it goes down in the country at large. Republicans may loathe the press but they cannot pretend it does not exist.

# Argentina spending cap an 'iron law'

Tha austerity package launched earlier this week by Argentina's new eco-But, until the lull of the last 48 nomic team contained a "revolutionary proposal" to restore balanced budgets by legally fixing a cap on spending, according to Mr Alieto Guadagni, trade and industry secretary.

The proposal, which would limit federal transfers to provincial administrations, had been overlooked by panicked markets, which had concentrated on the potentially recessionary impact of this week's austerity measures, Mr Guadagni

The package, which was strongly endorsed by the IMF on Tuesday, included a proposal that a ceiling be Jurek Martin placed on statutory transfers of tax revenues to the

As the tax take rose, any surplus would be automatically diverted to an Employment and Production Fund that would pay for cuts in payroll taxes and valne-edded tax.

"This will be an iron law of fiscal equilibrium," Mr Guadagni said.

The priority was to close the budget deficit, which was racing towards \$6.6bn this year, more than double targets agreed with the IMF, he said. But as tax revenue recovered, instead of inexo-rably fueling higher public spending, it would pay for a reduction of labour costs, considered the main impediment to the creation of desperately needed nsw jobs.

"This is a very important step, assuming it is approved by Congress," said Mr Pedro Lacoste of the Alpha economic consultancy. "It remains to be seen where the ceiling on transfers is set, but It does correct a perverse effect: if the government was successful in raising taxes or in tackling tax evasion, that immediately led to increased

transfers to the provinces." The measure, however, only covered \$9bn of total government expenditure of about \$40bn, said Mr Lacoste. "To be truly revolutionary you would have to set a ceiling for overall pub-

said there were other mea sures that had been overlooked. These included a reduction of VAT from next January by 1 point to 20 per cent and a cut in payroli tax by 3 percentage points. The retirement age for women would also be raised from 60 to 65, although many do not expect this proposal to be

approved by Congress. Mr Guadagni denied that this week's package would small out economic recovery by choking off demand. Our impression is that the that the economy bas entered a phase of moderate, though not generalised, growth," be said.

Mr Gnadagni vehemently denied a newspaper report in which he was accused of having said that Mr Roque Fernández, the new economy minister, would not

# Liddy wins hearts with labour of love

By Patti Waldmeir ln San Diego

Mrs Elizabeth Dole will spare no expense of sentiment if it will get ber busband elected president.

Even in America, a country profligate with sentiment, ber Republican party convention performance on Wednesday night tipped the scales. When the aspirant First Lady took to the convention floor to "speak with friends" (several thousand of them) "about the man I love", everything was choreographed, down to the treacle content in her North

Carolina drawl Her image-makers missed only one trick: the elegant Mrs Dole's tangerine snit clashed painfully with the blood-red carpet of the hall. But such visual infelicities could not break the spell she ing the nurse who cared for

of such perfectly scripted informality that It invited immediate comparisons, from almost every commentator, with television talk

show host Oprah Winfrey. Network anchormen competed for superlatives to describe the ber love testimonial to her husband. But they all agreed that it would change the face of convention-making forever.

The excuse for all this excitement might seem slight to outsiders: Mrs Dole, popularly known as Liddy, had stepped down from the podium to circulate among the delegates, cintching s mobile microphone, to deliver a speech supporting her husband's nomination. She took her audience on a sentimental journey through the candidate'a life, introduc-

cast. She gave a performance his sacond world war wounds, and the widow of the doctor who rebuilt his

shattered shoulder.

With a girlish giggle, this 60-year-old professional cam-paigner told how Bob Dole displayed his shrivelled right arm to her mother bafore their marriage. "I think you ought to see my problem," he told his future moth-er-in-law. She replied: "Bob, that's not a problem, it's a badge of honour."

And from the delegates. fed on a steady diet of such bittersweet tales, there was neither titter nor groan. They had spent days listen-ing to the heart-rending tales of rape victims and Aids sufferers, and hearing saccharine stories of the American Dream. The Olympics of sentiment was drawing to a close. And Liddy



Over the top: Liddy Dole and husband Bob react to the vote that gave him the nomination at this week's convention

AMERICAN NEWS DIGEST

# Morgan Stanley settles claims

Morgan Stanley, the US investment bank, has ended years of ittigation by agreeing to pay \$20m to the state of West Virginia, settling claims that the bank mishandled the state's investments by engaging in high-risk trades. The case had been closely watched by securities lawyers because of its possible implications for the \$2bn lawsult brought by Orange County, California, against Merrill Lynch. Like West Virginia, Orange County sustained beavy losses on high-risk investments.

The West Virginia case episode began in the late 1980s wben Morgan Stanley and eight other Wall Street firms beloed the state invest in a range of financial instruments geared to the US Treasury market. The strategy came unstuck when interest rates rose sharply, and the state lost about \$230m.

After West Virginia sued, seven Wall Street firms settled out of court for a combined total of \$28m, but Morgan Stanley and Chase Manhattan held out. The Chase case has been awailing the outcome of the Morgan Stanley proceedings. A lower court ordered Morgan Stanley to pay \$50m in 1992, but the West Virginia Supreme Court reversed that decision last year and ordered a new jury trial. Morgan Stanley said in a statement this week that the time bad come to draw under a line under the case. Richard Tomkins, New York

# New York gains 22,000 jobs

Movie-making, the media business and Wall Street belped give emptoyment a boost in New York in the first half of this year, but the city is still near the bottom of the league table of large US metropolitan areas when it comes to generating new jobs, a report published yesterday says.

The New York State comptrolier's office said the 22,000 jobs gained by the city in the first half was the biggest increase since the city climbed out of recession in 1992. But the figure represented an annual growth rate of just 1.4 per cent, and the unemployment rate of 8.6 per cent remained disturbingly high.

New York City is suffering acute budgetary difficulties

because the stagnant local economy has left it with insufficient tax revenues to meet projected increases to public spendiog. Meagre job gains in the service sector have been jargely offset by losses in banking. nanufacturing and the public sector.

Mr Carl McCali, state compiroller, said arts and entertainment, publishing and the securities industry had led the recent jobs growth, but the city had still only regained a quarter of the 360,000 jobs it lost in the

# Court rejects treaty clause

Colombia's constitutional court has rejected a key clause in the 1994 bilateral investment treaty signed with the UK. leaving foreign companies open to expropriation without compensation. The government had anticipated the decision and included changes to the constitutional article on expropriation in a package of reforms presented to congress earlier this week.

The investment treaty contradicted the constitution which now allows property to be expropriated without compensation. The court ruled that the treaty violated the principle of equality by giving special treatment to foreign investors. BP, which has large investments in Colombia, said it was aware of Colombia's respect for international agreements. The government is considering changes to improve the lerms of contracts, including one between the state petroleum company Ecopetrol and BP covering the Volcanera, Pauto and Florena fields in the Sarita Kendall, Bogotá eastern foothills of the Andes.

# US industrial output edges ahead

pace of growth in the manufac-

a sharp decline this month in an cent increase in June. Manufactur-Index of manufacturing activity ing output rose 0.3 per cent, mainly

By Michael Prowse in Washington
On Wall Street, the signs of moderating growth were seen as further US industrial production edged up

On Wall Street, the signs of moderating growth were seen as further grounds for expecting the Federal in financial markets, which looked in financial markets are previous months, the figures were from 38.6 per cent last month. A decline means the number of compations in financial markets, which looked in financial markets, which looked in financial markets, which looked in financial markets are previous months, the figures were from 38.6 per cent last month. A decline means the number of compations in financial markets, which looked in financial markets are previous months. 0.1 per cent last month, suggesting Reserve to leave short-term interest rates unchanged al 5.25 per cent at

turing sector is slowing after a its policy meeting on August 20.

strong second quarter. The 0.1 per cent gain in industrial sion was reinforced by production followed a revised 0.5 per complied by the Federal Reserve reflecting a 4.3 per cenl gain in car index of manufacturing activity fell ending Augu Bank of Philadelphia. reflecting a 4.3 per cenl gain in car index of manufacturing activity fell ending Augu seven years.

The rate of industrial capacity utilisation fell to 83.2 per cent against

83.4 per cent in June, suggesting litprices

The Philadelphia Fed said its

reductions in activity.

However, separate data yesterday indicated labour markets remain tight. The four-week moving average of claims for state unemployment benefits fell to 313,000 in the week ending August 10, lts lowest level in

# Balaguer ready to hand over power

In Kingston

President Joaquin Balaguer of the Dominican Republic, a blind octogenarian who has dominated the politics of the Caribbean country for most of the past 30 years, will hand over office today to a successor half his age. Mr Leonel Fernandez, a 43-

year-old lawyer, has promised extensive reforms to the country's politics and administration, and to fight cor-

ruption. However, be will any party, and Mr Balaguer's part of reforms implemented have difficulty in the legisla-ture, where his centrist Liberation party bas 13 of 120 seats in the congress and one of 30 in the Senate.

Aides to Mr Fernandez say be will not compromise of the programmes be has the country of 7m people, but it is widely beld that his term could be frustrated by lock of support from legislators of the main opposition social democrat Revolution-

conservative Reformist after his controversial and Mr Fernandez was elected

st the end of June after coming second in the first round to Mr José Francisco Peña Gomez of the Revolutionary party. The new president's tion party support behind him in the second round. Mr Balaguer reluctantly

narrow win the 1994 election. Foreign observers in a second round of voting agreed with local parties that there was extensive fraud and Mr Balaguer agreed that his term should

be cut by half. Mr Fernandez said the priterm was engineered by Mr ority of his administration Balaguer who threw Libera-will be to curb corruption leaders agree is rampant. The new president will

by the protracted election campaign, and by uncertainand local business about his ability to administer the who he does not control.

An early indication of the nature of Mr Fernandez's term will be the results of his efforts to convince legislators to act on laws for the breakup and privatisation of the debt-ridden state-owned

# resigned from politics as also have to stabilise an power company. Chile investors find the going harder

Open-door policy is being tempered by attention to environment, writes Imogen Mark

and Chile's small but √ vociferous Green movement ganged up against big business and the government recently to try to slop a gas pipeline lo Santlago being routed through a local beauty spot close to the capital. Ironically, at least in the

government's view, bringing in clean natural gas as an alternative to coal and diesel is key to a big issue already on the environmental agenda - cleaning up smogry Santiago.

But it took the threat of force from both the company and the landowners and eventually the mediation of a local congressman to resolve the stand-off. The Canadian-Chilean pipeline consortium Gas Andes had to offer extra compensation to the village in amall public works projects.

Chila's open-door policy for foreign investment has been key to its steady such as it is, is a sketchy able to their own sharebold-

environmentalists and neighbourhood groups and new government rules are making things barder for foreign and Chilean inves-They now face tougher

questioning over new projects which only three or four years ago would have wafted through the approval The strength of feeling

over the pipeline dispute took the government and the company, Gas Andes, which is made up of NOVA Corp of Canada and Chilgener, by surprise. A nationwide poll asked respondents what they would think if the landowners blocked access to the Cajon del Maipo beauty spot "as the only means of defending a nature reserve". A big majority, 58 per cent, right across the political apoctrum, sald they would

be "very sympathetic". Chile's Green movement,

andowners, villagers but pressures like this from working mostly on local or mental impact studies volunspecific issues. But environmental issues have also become an Item on the agenda of all the political parties.

In 1992 Chile grouped a number of environmental laws under one framework law which, according to Mr Bill Hayes, general manager of Latin American operations for Placer Dome, a Canadian mining company, is "perfectly accept-

However, new regulations being promulgated under the framework law mean that by the end of this year environmental impact studies are likely to be mandatory for obviously dirty or potentially harmful projects, from mines to dams and airports to transmission lines.

Foreign investors have plants or mines to meet environmental standards in their bome countries and acceptgrowth in the past decade, network of activist groups ers. Most have done environ-

tarily.

These are already evaluated by the government's environment commission. Conama, which has begun to demand more and better information.

"We want a self-regulating system for impact studies." says Ms Vivianne Blanlot. Conama's director. "But that means we have to demand rigorous standards from the beginning, so the companies themselves take the studies very seriously."

Conama held up approval earlier this year for a \$1bn woodpulp plant near Valdivia in southern Chile until the company agreed to put in a pipeline to take toxic waste from the plant out to the coast, instead of dumping it into a nearby river which ran into a wetlands hitherto mostly planned new nature reserve. Its other option was to spend more on waste treatment.

But now the people of Mehuin, the fishing village where the pipe would go to, off they will be.

are refusing even to allow engineers in to inspect the

Another project which is being questioned by both Conama and the local residents who would be affected by it is a bydro dam, at near Concepcion. The com-Endesa, the blggest power generator, and it has already filed its impact study. In fact It has also apparently gone the community of 380 familles of Pebuenche Indians, whose lands will be flooded

by the dam. Ms Blanlot at Conama says there is no question of of being "water melons" moving the Pehnenches if a majority refuse to go. Mr José Yuraszeck, president of the board at Endesa, says the Pebnenches live in appalling conditions and the sooner they move to a more international contacts, politi-

Mr Eugenio Tironi, a sociologist who advises Gas Andes, says "the environment has become a catchall for a whole range of demands. It's a stick to beat the government and the companies with, for opponents of the economic model. It is being used by individupany planning the 570MW als or groups who want to plant to be huilt there is protect their privileges, like access to a secluded beach, for example, against invacause for citizens who want ahead and bought land on a say in neighbourhood or in which il proposes to resettle national affairs, and who don't feel represented by the politicians."

Local businessmen sometimes accuse the ecologists green ontside, red inside. But a leading activisl, Mr Manuel Baquedano, warned recently, "Don't think you can leave us out. We have know-how, press contacts. civilised setting, the better cal contacts here in Chile. We are part of any solution."

able".

# BP to build power plant with US utility

Robert Corzine

British Petroieum and Entergy, a large US utility, yesterday announced plans to build one of the biggest independent power projects in the UK since the privatisation of the electricity industry in 1991.

The companies said they seek planning approval to build a 1,100MW gaa-fired power station which would be sited at BP's Saltend chemicals complex

England.

Entergy, the 10th biggest electricity utility in the US. will own, operate and manage the power plant. An Entergy official said the project represented "an opportunity to get into a market that we feel has an enormous amount of poten-

He declined to comment on financing, but industry estimates were in the region of £350m (\$542.5m). Entergy's decision to

will concern National Power and PowerGen, the UK's two higgest generators. Since privatisation their dominance in the market has come under increasing pressure from independent producers.

Both generators have eought refuge in meeting higher-priced peak electric-ity demand rather than generating base load power. Entergy will target this market with a plant that can be operated flexibly. A 15-year contract to supply the gas

east of Hull in north-east invest in such a large facility should avoid the pitfalls of home, Entergy sought to portfolio of North Sea fields" past "take or pay" contracts. The move could add to

downward pressure on electricity prices, as more entrants compete for customers. BP's current demand at Saltend is only 100MW and 120 tonnes of steam per hour. The remainder of the power will be sold into the

wholesale electricity market. The Hull plant will represent Entergy'e first investment in Europe. As with many US utilities which have limited opportunities at

By John Kampiner,

relationship with our closest

ally - Britain - since the

Sinn Fein in Belfast, the

capital of Northern Ireland,

said Mr Baker had been

responsible for the "failed"

policies of the past by allow-

ing Britain to ensure "that the US played no progres-

sive role in the search for

In London, Mr Baker's

remarks were welcomed by

Unionist and Conservative

members of the House of

Commons, but treated scep-

Birmingham

works lietter.

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expand overseas, notably in Australia and Latin Amer-

BP talked to 20 companies about a plant at Hull before selecting Entergy as a part-

The company stressed that the project was at an early stage. Key issues, such as prices have yet to be negotiated and there remained a lengthy process to secure environmental and planning consents.

The gas will come from "a

already linked to the Hull site by a pipeline from one of five east coast gas terminals. BP will not have an equity

stake. "We are not in tha business of major power generation; our interest is in finding a customer for the gas and obtaining a cost advantage in power and steam for the chemical works," BP said.

The Hull plant is the largest acetic acid plant in Europe, employing 1,300 peo-

# UK NEWS DIGEST

# Inflation rate rises to 2.2%

A surge in house prices pushed the rate of inflation up to 2.2 per cent in July from 2.1 per cent the previous month. the government announced yesterday. But this was offset by some encouraging trends in the retail sector. Although consumer spending has risen recently, retailers still show no sign of raising their prices. The clothing and footwear sectors reported the sharpest fall in prices for any July sale for forty years.

These mixed signals mean that the split between the Bank of England, the UK central bank, and Mr Kenneth Clarke, chancellor of the exchequer, about the inflation outlook is likely to remain unresolved.

# Tanker grounding 'human error'

Human error was to blame for the grounding of a Norwegien oil tanker on rocks off the west coast of Wales, an inquiry report said yesterday. The crew of the 112,000 tonne Borga were at fault during the steering of the vessel in the deep water channel in Milford Haven estuary. The incident last October happened close to where the Sea Empress supertanker went aground in February spill-

ing 72,000 tonnes of oil. Borga's double-skinned hull prevented its cargo from leaking, although there was damage to the vessel, which was later refloated. A report on the Sea Empress incident

is not expected to be published until early next year.

Mr Nick Ainger, an opposition Labour MP for the area.

claimed the accident could have been avoided if escort tugs had been provided for tankers using the busy waterway. "Milford Haven Port Authority don't appear to realise the urgency of the situation - the port is operating in exactly the same way ten months after the Borga went aground," he said.

PA News

### MACHINE TOOLS

### Increased exports reported

A hint of an upturn in one corner of British manufacturing emerged yesterday after the machine tool industry reported increased exports.

The sector, which has been one of the most vibrant parts of UK manufacturing in recent years, saw a sharp increase in export turnover in June, the Office for National Statistics said. This followed several months in which export turnover had steadily declined.

The increase is likely to fuel hopes that demand in

Europe - a significant machine tool market - may be reviving slightly, after alumping in recent months. Measured on a three-monthly basis, the level of exports was a seasonally adjusted 5.9 per cent higher than the same period a year before.

Gillian T

# ■ FOOD RETAILING

# Blackmail charges pursued

Mrs Nora Just, 42, of Mansfield, Nottinghamshire, facing five charges of blackmail against unnamed food companies, was again remanded in custody by magistrates in the northern town of Telford. Her next appearance was set for September 12. West Mercia police said they were continuing to seek the extradition of Mr Michael David Just, who was detained in Austria on July 8, the same day Mrs Just was arrested.

### Victorian chemistry a Clinton attacked potent drug for City over Sinn

Narcotics monopoly can guarantee its profits

of heroin, morphine and cocaine is one of Britain's last, and least-

Sandwiched hetween whisky warehouses and a brewery in the shadow of the Murrayfield rugby stadium, Meconic of Edinburgh is the UK'a only licensed narcotics - and the world's

As an amalgam of three Scottish opium processors, it was founded more than a century ago to supply tincture of laudanum to the wealthy and fashionable, royalty included.

Today, the company specialises in pain-killers, producing up to 70 tonnes a year of opiates, and a much smaller quantity of cocaine, for ear, nose and throat conditions. Its main product is codeine. one-fifth the strength of morphine and growing rapidly strength over-the-counter painkillers, such as Nurofen Plus, Panadol Ultra and Sol-

Morphine sales are also climbing. Seen for decades as an addictive killer, morphine has undergone a rehabilitation: the World Health Organisation now recommends its use in terminal cancer cases. As a result, a lish a regular price list. market of two tonnes a year in the late 1980s had grown ment in a European court

This has put pressure on opium poppy aupplies. Meconic, which was a Glaxo subsidiary until a manage-ment buy-out in 1990, huys most of its opium from Glaxo's Tasmanian plantation. It also buys from Johnson & Johnson, the Turkish government, and Sanofi of France. However, recent harvests have been poor and in Turkey farmers have opted out of the state-controlled

Mr Marshall Smalley, Meconic's chief executive, says the company is better placed than its competitors to weather the shortage. It is one of the only producers which can also use processed oplum from India.

Meconic, with annual sales of £30m a year, is also in a position to guarantee its profits. This has made It a darling of the City since its launch as a public company last year - stockbrokers are still urging their clients to bny shares at double the issue price of 135p.

But there have been challenges to Meconic's monopoly. In 1989, a two-year investigation by the Monopolies and Mergers Commission led to nothing more than a condition that it pub-

should decide whether to open their markets to legitimate narcotics imports and that European Union mem bers should move together in any change. Meconic is assuming that imports will eventually be allowed, and is using the cash from its nar-

cotics operation to diversify. This has not seen li upgrading its technology. It remains one of very few drugs companies that runs its chemical reactions with ont electronic sensors or computer monitoring. Where a process needs adjusting, a worker clad in a yellow air suit and transparent face shield will remove the lid from a reactor tank, and see to the problem from there.

unusual ingredients on to the site. Typical is the cascara bark used to make laxatives for the Calcutta market, daffodil bulbs chopped in a garden shredder for an Alzheimer's disease treatment and chilli peppers used for a neuralgia

The widening of produc-

tion has brought some

At Meconic, security is a very sophisticated extra, but Mr Smalley says the company is really about little more than "roots, barks and Victorian chemistry".

Jenny Luesby tically by British govern-

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Party line: James Baker at the US Republican convention

ment officials. "There may be problems from time to time, but we get the sense that the Americans are fully abreast of the intricacles of Northern Ireland politics," an official said.

Mr Clive Soley, chairman of the House of Commons committee on Northern

opposition Labour party, said: "This is just the Republicans trying to get

Mr David Wilshire, vicechairman of the Tory backbench committee on Northern Ireland, welcomed Mr

Lure of island paradise pales

# Investors may regret the promise of 'low-risk' trading ventures

Cantrade in St Helier, Jerwith Cantrade helped him to sun-drenched

dreams of international investors tempted by a Swiss company's seminars, have led to claimed currency trading nearly losaea of

Mr Robert Young, a Nottingham-based currency dealer, faces fraud charges in Jersey'e Magistrates Court relating to the affair. which has also resulted in civil actions against a leading Swiss bank, a British firm of accountants and the Channel Island's own regulatory authority.

mas and Bermuda were run by a Geneva-based investment group. Mayo Associates, and a Liberian com-

trade Private Bank Switzerland (CI), a snbsidiary of Union Bank of Switzerland, and the UK accountancy firm Touche Ross sometimes attended these forums. Ninety international investors were attracted to put up their money in "low risk" currency trading ventures said to be subject to a 10 per

cent downside trading limit. Their money was put into Panamanian company, TTS International, which is wbolly owned by Mayo, and sey. Using this money as security, funds were released by the bank to Mr Young to carry out currency trading activities.

According to court docu-ments, Mr Michael Marsh, a Mayo director, told potential investors at one of the forums that funds of up to \$500m were traded in a day at Cantrade on the basis of the TTS money made avail-

owner of Anagram Econometrics Ltd (AEL), a company whose application for membership was refused in 1988 hy the Association of Futures Brokers and Dealers, a predecessor of the Securities and Futures

Authority. He moved to Jersey in 1991 where he set up Anagram, a currency trader working out of a small St Helier office. Although aelf-employed, Mr Young was able to obtain

a "J Category" licence to live in Jersey. Normally they are only issued to employees. after their employer persuades island authorities

obtain the licence, and he ended up living in a property owned by a subsidiary of the

It is alleged by Mayo and Troy that valuations produced by AEL and Anagram between 1988 and 1993 showed consistent profits from the currency transactions but that, in fact,"the dealing resulted in substantial and consistent losses".

ncluding the return of commissions totalling \$1.6m, which were paid to Mr Young based on what are now alleged to be false profits, the total losses are said to be \$26.7m.

Mayo, Troy and TTS are now claiming this sum from Cantrade, saying the bank did not keep to the terms of agreements, that it failed to inform the plaintiffs of the losses and that it should have stopped Mr Young from trading when the 10 per cent

downside limit was reached. They are also claiming the losses from Tonche Ross, saying that its Nottinghambased partner Mr Alfred Wil-liams audited the purported results of AEL's dealings and that they failed to check the accuracy of Mr Young's ed profits. Both Cantrade and Touche Ross deny tha allegations.

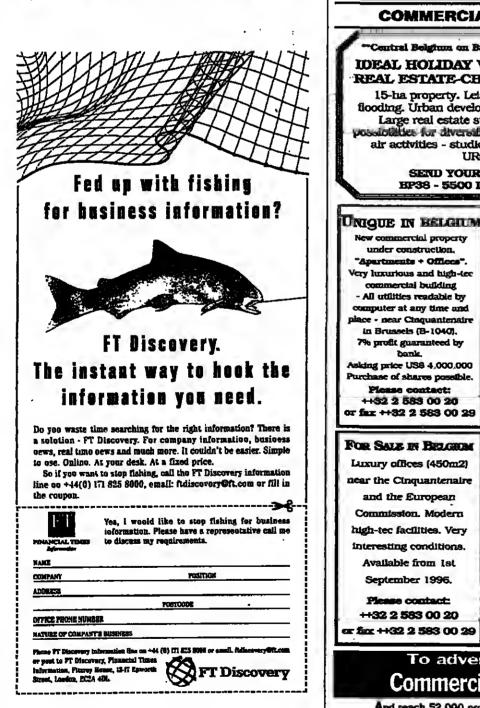
The bank claims that Mr Young had total control over the trading activities, that it had no right to interfere and that it was up to the plaintiffs to monitor his activities.

Touche Ross says the firm did not audit the trading figures, that Mr Williams advised Mr Young only on tax matters and the investment companies did not rely on documents provided by him. Mr Williams, a tax partner at Touche Ross until his retirement in 1994, was not a chartered accountant

Companies House records show that AEL's last published accounts, for the year to March 1989, were heavily qualified by its auditors, the Nottingham office of Spicer and Oppenheim, where Mr Williams was a partner before the firm merged with Touche Ross in 1990. The auditors' report cited incomplete recording of transactions to the extent that proper accounting recorda were not maintained".

Mr Young and his wife, Maureen, resigned as directors of AEL in March 1991. It was struck off the companies register in 1993 for failing to reply to inquiries from Com-panies House.

Philip Jeune Clay Harris



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### Mr Young had previously operated from Nottingham, where he was a director and

The seminars in the Baha-

pany. Truy Associates. Representatives of Can-

that their presence is essen-tlal for tha company's

It is understood that Mr then placed on deposit at Young's apparent close links

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COMMERCE

# General Accident plc

### RESULTS FOR SIX MONTHS ENDED 30TH JUNE 1996

	6 Months to 30.6.96 Estimate £ million	6 Months to 30.6.95 Estimate £ million	1995 Year Actual £ million
Premium Income General Business Long Term Business	2,299 851	2,179 826	4,409 1,508
Total	3,150	3,005	5,917
General Business Underwriting Result  Investment Income (ner of interest paid)  Long Term Business Profits  Property Services Result	(111) 266 46 (7)	(9) 240 34 (8) 257	(1301 515 79 (16)
Employee Profit Sharing Schemes	<del>_</del>		<u> t2</u>
Operating Profit Before Taxation	194	257	430
Realised Investment Gains	156	43	123
Profit before Taxation	350 99	300 85	559 151
Profit after Taxation	251	215	408
Minority taterests	3 11	1 <u>1</u>	5 21
Net profit attributable to Ordinary Shareholders	237	202	382
Operating Earnings per Ordinary Share Earnings per Ordinary Share	26.9p 49.3p	38.5p 44.5p	66.5ր 82.8ր
Principal exchange rates used in translating oversess results			
U.S.A	\$1.55 \$2.12	\$1.59 \$2.19	\$1,55 \$2,12

The results of the General Accident Group for the six months ended 30th June 1996, estimated and unaudited, are compared with those for the similar period to 1995. It must be emphasised that the results for an interim period do not necessarily provide a reliable indication of those for the full year. The results for the full year 1995 are also shown. These results do not comprise the statutory accounts for 1995 which have been filed with the Registrar of Companies. The Auditors have reported on the 1995 accounts: their report was unqualified and did not contain a statement under Section 237(2) or (3) of the Companies Act 1985.

th order to reflect the results of all life operations, long term business profits now include the earnings of life services company, previously included under Investment earnings. The 1995 comparatives have been adjusted accordingly.

Long term business premium income for the six months to 30th June 1996 included £170m arising from the acquisition of Provident Mutual on 1st January 1996 and long-term business profits benefitted by a net £5m.

6 Months to 30.6.96

### TERRITORIAL ANALYSIS

Premium Income £ million	Underwriting Result £ million	Premium Income £ million	Underwriting Result £ million
801	13	773	95
674	(79)	628	(50)
299	1131	300	. (18)
216			(5)
128			1117
99			(6)
82	(7)	74	114)
2,299	11111	2,179	19)
	<del></del>	*n 30.	06.95 exchange rates,
	Income 5. million 801 674 299 216 128 99 82	Income	Income

Commention on the interim results. Bob Scott, General Accident's Group Chief Executive, said: "After the first quarter setback due to adverse weather, the strong recovery in our performance during the second quarter — which produced an operating profit before tax of £138m — has been driven by an encouraging all round performance. The headline profit of £194m at the half year compares favourably with the £257m achieved in 1995 considering the weather losses, which cost an additional £56m over the previous year.

"In the UK we continue to manage our business successfully in a trading environment that has become increasingly competitive. An excellent underwriting profit of £24m was achieved in the second three months of the year and both our personal and commercial business units traded Our results in the United States were significantly affected by weather claims in both the first

and second quarters and although further progress was achieved in our underlying performance this was more than offsel by these increased weather losses. Canada has achieved an underwriting profit in the second quarter and an encouraging improvement at the half year.

"Our Asia-Pacific business also continues to perform very satisfactorily, with excellent results

The contribution to profits from our long-term business is up by 35%, in line with our strategy of expanding our profit stream from life operations. The integration of the Provident Mut business, acquired on 1st January this year, is progressing ahead of plan and after reorganisation costs is already making a contribution to profits.

"Investment carnings growth continued at a satisfactory level during the half year, reflecting

"The actions we are continuing to take to strengthen our competitive position worldwide are producing positive results and the underlying performance of all our major business units is encouraging. General Accident views the future with confidence."

> Group Chief Executive 13th August 1996

6 Months to 30.6.95\*

# DIVIDENDS

The Directors have declared an interim dividend for the year ending 31st December 1996 of 1.4p per share [1995: 10.7p per share] costing £55m (1995: £51ml payable on or after 1st January 1997 to ordinary shareholders on the Registe October 1996. (Ex dividend date 21st October 1996.) holders on the Register of Members at close of business on 29th

The Directors propose to offer ordinary shareholders the opportunity to receive fully paid ordinary shares in the Company in lieu of the cash dividend.

The dividends on the preference shares are payable as follows:-

The dividend on the 7 7/8% cumulative irredeemable preference shares of £1 each for the period Lsr April 1996 to 30th September 1996 will be paid on 1st October 1996 in accordance with their terms to those shareholders on the Register relating to such shares on 4th September 1996.

The dividend on the \$ 7/8% cumulative irredeemable preference shares of £1 each for the period lst July 1996 to 31st December 1996 will be paid on 3rd January 1997 in accordance with their terms to those shareholders on the Register relating to such shares on 3rd December 1996. (Ex dividend date 25th November 1996.)

General Accident's life operations performed strongly and are continuing to make an increased econtribution. Long term business profits were up 35% from £34m to £46m, including a contribution of £5m set of reorganisation costs from Provident Mutual, acquired on 1st January 1996. Io order to reflect the results of all life operations, long term profits now include the earnings of the life services company, previously shown under investment earnings. The 1995 comparatives have been adjusted accordingly.

New business production to the UK remains very strong. New annual premiums doubled from £21m to £42m reflecting an increased contribution from pension sales which were up by 20% when compared with GA and Provident Mutual's combined volumes in 1995. For the six months, new annual pension premiums accounted for 57% of new annual premium income, compared with only 19% in 1995 for GA Life. This is a very pleasing performance at a time of

New single premium business was lower at £471m (1995: £559ml as 1995 benefited from the successful issue of single premium Guaranteed Distribution Bond, which attracted £355m during that period. However the Portfolio Bond - GA Life's core single premium investment product contributed £257m of single premiums in the first half of 1996, well up on the £83m contributed in the first half of 1995.

The reorganisation of the UK life and pensions business is close to completion and well ahead of plan following the acquisition of Provident Mutual and GA Life's competitive position has been hanced by the lower cost base now being achieved.

NET ASSETS PER ORDINARY SHARE/WORLDWIDE SOLVENCY 31.12.95

Net Asset Value per Ordinary Share. Solvency Margin Worldwide.... The net asset value of the group at 30th June 1996 was £3,355m, increasing to £3,415m as at 9th

A copy of the interim announcement for 1996 can be abtained from: The Secretary, General Accident plc, Pitheavils, Perth. Scotland PH2 ONH.

# Judge rules plan for £3.2bn out-of-court settlement for investors is legal Names lose battle with Lloyd's

acted within its powers in

drawing up the recovery

plans and had not acted per-

versely or irrationally as the

The judicial review had

been brought by the Paying

Names had claimed.

# and Raiph Atkins

Lloyd's of London yesterday won an important legal battle with rebel Names which had threatened to wreck its

recovery plans. it had acted legally in draw- the plan in the US could yet ing up plans for distributing a £3.2bn (\$4.96bn) out-of- wide. court settlement offer after the large-scale losses suf-

fered in the 1980s. The ruling came as a relief to Lloyd's whose "reconstruction and renewal" plans have to be approved by

However, Lloyd's faces another substantial burdle next week when a US federal court hears a case brought by 100 militant US Names individuals whose assets have traditionally supported the insurance market. Suc-A High Court judge ruled cess in blocking or delaying undermine the plan world-

> The US Names argue Lloyd's - which will seek to have the case dismissed should have to comply fully with US securities laws. In the last UK tegal chalienge to the plan, Lord Jus-

Names Action Group, which could decide to appeal. The group had claimed the reconstruction proposals were ille-gal because they unfairly discriminated against its members who had paid all their dehts incurred follow-

> fered by the market in the Last night, Mr David Row-

ing the massive losses suf-

"We have stressed many In court, Lloyd's denied its times that the offer is in its final form and members must now decide on that

PNAG had claimed the reconstruction proposals, first announced in May last year, were illegal because they went against the basic principle of Lloyd's that Names should be liable for their own debts.

The group argued the proposals infringed the legal principle of non-mutuality because Names who had already met their liabilities would, in effect, be subsidisland, Lloyd's chairman, said: ing those who had defaulted.

principle in any way. Lord Justice Brooke said the PNAG challenge failed

primarily because it did not involve issues of public law. It also failed because of the delay in bringing the challenge and the merits of PNAG's case, he said. The judge will give the full rea-sons for his dacision this afternoon.

PNAG chairman Mr Tony Welford said the group needed to study the judgment. If leave for an appeal were granted, the hearing would take place next week

# tice Brooke said Lloyd's had London fails to win support on advert criticism

# By James Buxton in Edinburgh

The London Tourist Board has failed to win support has told the STB that its from the Advertising Stancampaign damages London's dards Authority for a complaint about a Scottish Tourist Board campaign which implies that London is hot

and airless in summer. The Scottish Tourist Board'a posters, running on the London Underground and at mainline railway stations, show a Scottish mountain peak in brilliant sunshine. The LTB considered

Authority but was told by the authority it did not have a case and did not proceed.

The London Tourist Board tourism industry and is knocking copy. It urges the STB to promote Scotland without comparing it with anywhere else in the UK and says the two boards should co-operate rather than

But the STB says its London rival should get things in perspective. "It's not an attack on tourists in London making a formal complaint or on London itself," the to the Advertising Standards STB says. "It just highlights

Oxygen of publicity: Scotland's campaign aims to highlight contrasting air quality in London and the air in no harm to London."

Scotland which is pretty

Leaves you breathless.

self-evident." The STB cam-paign was devised by Faulds Advertising of Edinburgh. The STB campaign is intended to encourage peo-ple in London to take a sbort boliday in Scotland this autumn. "By attracting people to Scotland rather than

to France, Ireland or Holland

tha contrast between the air ance of payments and doing pers to emphasise that when in London and the air in no harm to London."

Rather like the air in London.

three locations in the UK Francisco in the US. A man

The Edinburgh-based organisation argues that London has already won a substantial sice of the short break holiday market in the UK, persuading large num-bers of Scots to go to the capital. The LTB should be satisfied with that, it feels. On midsummer day, June

21, the STB placed advertise-

sun is still shining in Scotland.

The STB claims that last year - the first year of its autumn campaign – an extra £9.7m in tourist revenues by promoting short break Scottish holidays in October and November. The target

# for water chiefs ignored

### By Leyla Boulton, **Environment Correspondent**

Institutional investors have rejected calls from Mr Ian Byatt, director-general of Ofwat, the water industry regulator, to do more to rein in the pay of water execu-

Mr John Rogers, director of investment at the National Association of Pension Funds, said be did not believe that Mr Byatt should concern himself with the issue. "The important thing for the regulator is to deliver what be's supposed to deliver to customers in terms of price and quality of

water companies' services." But Mr Rogers, who represents institutional investors owning 34 per cent of UK equities, said he believed pay tevels did not affect

either of those. Ofwat, expressing its concerns in public for the first time this week, has argued that the perceived pay excesses of water bosses are undermining public faith in the regulation of the indus-

Mr Richard Regan, head of investments at the Association of Brttish Insprers, satd: "We have sympathy with Ofwat's stance that it is up to sbarebotders to determine whether there have been excesses or not." But it was up to companies' remuneration commtttees, consisting of nonexecutive directors, to determine pay and compensation levels for executives. He also added pointedly that it was up to remuneration committees to he able tn justify these pay

"It is important to maintain a balance between concern over axcesses where there is no justification based on improved results, and substantial rewards where there is evidence of improved results," he said. British insurance companies own 23 per cent of UK equi-

Asset managers at individnal institutions privately echoed the view that there was no need to do more than what they had done so far to rein in executive pay.

# Pay curb |Scotland may win battery-car plant

we're benefiting the UK bal- ments in English newspa-

### By James Buxton

A Norwegian company which has developed a lightweight battery-powered car is considering manufacturing it in volume on a site at Gartcosh near Glasgow in

Scotland. The site would be next to a proposed gas-fired power station for which PowerGen. the generating company, is seeking planning permis-

If the Norwegian company, Pivco, decides to locate at Gartcosb it would

for building a power station. PowerGen has argued that the power station would attract manufacturers to Gartcosh but so far none has materialised.

The 700MW station faces strong opposition in Scotland Local Labour MPs and the Scottish Trades Union Congress argue that the sta-tion is unnecessary and will destroy jobs in coal mining by undermining the viability of Scottish Power's coal-fired

being considered by Pivco. Because its plant would be a employ 520 people at full substantial user of electric-production. The company ity it believes there could be cost savings in obtaining power direct from a nearby power station. Pivco is a subsidiary of

Bakelitt Fabrikken, a plastics manufacturer based at Oslo in Norway and has made about 100 of its battery-powered personal independent vehicles.

aluminium cars are in use in The Gartcosh site is one of Oslo and on trial in San retary.

expects to decide on a location in the next few months and to commence production in mid-1998. North Lanarkshire coun-

ufacturing plant would

cil, the local authority which next week whether it favours the construction of the power station.

The application then has The two-person plastic and to be approved by Mr Mich-luminium cars are in use in ael Forsyth, the Scottish sec-

Auditors want instead a

system of proportionate lia-

bility where each party pays

damages in relation to the

A special report from the

Law Commission rejected

party to blame.

degree of blame.

# Boost for firms' liability campaign

# Accountancy Correspondent

A group representing a number of professions believes its campaign to force the government to reform the laws of liability has been boosted significantly by legal moves in Australia and Bermuda.

Mr Graham Ward, group chairman, said yesterday both countries had shown reform could be swiftly achieved through relatively

backed by other professionals, businesses and investors, bave been pressing the government to reform the law of liability as It affects hoth individual partners,

"The new law in Bermuda is a very welcome develop-ment which further underlines that the UK regime on auditors' liability is both out of date and out of step." Mr Ward said. The draft Austra-

modest legislative moves. lian law indicated that lead- even when not the only Auditors in the UK, ing Commonwealth lawyers were confident reform could work, he added.

Bermuda reformed lts Companies Act on July 24 this year by a simple series of amendments five clauses long. The Australian government published a draft law designed to introduce proportionate liability. It had

six clauses.

At the moment auditors' the damages in an action -

tions within the global set-

tlement differ widely. Under

against each other in cases

and creditors left to claim

reform saying joint and several liability was a historic protection for victims. In spite of this, the British government's department of trade and industry is consid-

# firms can end up paying all

# Liquidators learn from BCCI

# The need for global harmonisation of insolvency laws is stressed

likely to be memorable for the 100,000 creditors of Bank of Credit and Commerce International which imploded in 1991 after the discovery of a "black hole" in the accounts estimated at some \$14bn as the result of fraud.

Following a receot High

Court judgment in Loodon. there is now growing oplimism that a first dividend of 20 cents in the dollar can be paid by the end of the year possibly in November, While those involved to BCCI know that the case has the capacity to spring surprises there is, nt last, some public optimism. Mr Steve Ackers, one of the English liquidators. described the court ruling as removing the "last major hurdle" in what has become

a legal steeplechase, But the court's 66-page judgment gives a rare insight into the intractable problem of cross-border

insolvencies and the need for week - was that the insol-international harmonisation vency laws of the jurisdicof insolvency laws. The problems with wind-

ing up a bank like BCCI UK law - and generally in were apparent as soon as its doors closed at noon on July mon law tradition - loans 5, 1991. The bank operated in and deposits can be set off 69 countries and the depositors were the victims of the such as the collapse of BCCI biggest fraud in banking history. Up to 3,000 local the difference, Under Luxemactions have followed involving 150m documents.

The liquidation was organised within a global framework based in Luxembourg - the jurisdiction in which the bank was registered. This co-ordinated approach now appears to be on track to deliver the worldwide 20 cents first dividend. However, this triumph was achieved at a price; the subject of liquidators' fees is a

festering one. But the biggest threat to a liquidation of the bank -

bourg law such offsetting is not allowed, and loans should he repaid hefore claims are made. To try and solve these problems the English liquidators of the bank - at

successfully cleared last

The London court judglems following the judgment.

Creditors whose proof of claim is not good enough for Luxembourg, but is good enough under UK insolvency law, will be paid hy the English liquidators. They will also refund, directly, the UK Depositors' Protection Board, which has already met sterling deposits of up to £20,000 (\$31,200) in BCCI to a level of 75 per cent in thon-sands of cases. Finally the English scheme will also act as an umhrella over the liquldations in the Isle of Man and Scotland.

The London judgment tied up several loose ends which, potentially, could have tripped up the liquidation at this late stage While the creditors will be

relieved to get their first dividend many are deeply unhappy at the time it has taken and the cost of recovering 20 per cent of their money - although this may rise to more than 40 per cent over time. A lengthy action is already dragging through the Luxembourg courts in which it is claimed Deloitte & Touche overcharged by firm in fees over the first six

But the accountants will, in their defence, point to the complexity of the case. In 1991 a senior British judge referred to the "truly gargantuan task of preserving and realising the assets of BCCI worldwide".

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accountants Deloitte & Touche - went to the High Court. They needed the situation clarified before releasing into the Luxembourg central "pool" of assets the \$652m in cash they now hold. Creditors claiming in the UK account for about a successful outcome of the third of all by number, and more than half by value of claim. The UK is therefore crucial to the global settle-

> ment means, according to the liquidators, that the English liquidation must be run using English insoivency law. As a result any UK creditor with a set-off problem will be peid from London All "clean" claims those without set-off - will be paid out of Luxembourg. The English liquidators will also tie up three other prob-

Jim Kelly

Ispat last year bought the Kar-Met steel mills, a Soviet hehemoth in northern Kazakhstan with an annual production capacity of 6m tons and 26,000 workers, the contract was hailed as the largest company takeover by foreign investors in the former Soviet Union

But Ispat was taking on more than a creaking steel mill. If the company had struck the deal one week earlier, it would have hought a whole city. At that time, KarMet still owned 36,000 apartments, 25 kindergartens, seven farms, clinics, hotels, buses, a skating rink and a gar-ment factory in Temirtau. Upkeep and salaries for the 10,000 employees who worked for Kar-Met outside the factory compound added \$40m (£26m) to the plant's operating costs in 1995.

KarMet was on the verge of hankruptcy, enabling Ispat to demand that the government first take over the social assets. as well as at least \$200m (£128m) in old debts. Ispat reserved the right to take back any social assets that could be of use, such as the garment factory and the buses.
"As it turned out, a week

before KarMet was handed over to Ispat I got the wbole social sector dropped in my lap," recalls Aliy Karabalin, the mayor of Temirtau, "Of course, that was not accompanied by any additional financing from the government. The government dumped all responsibility on our shoul-

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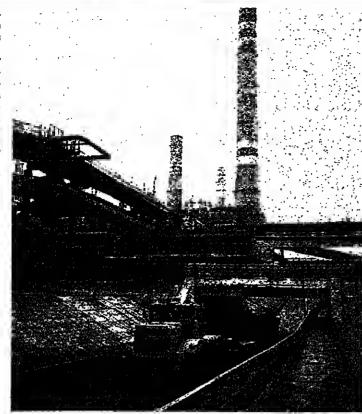
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Even so, Ispat was to find that its new acquisition required a much broader commitment to the

Its experiences offer a telling insight into the additional considerations facing potential investors when they move into former Soviet Union markets.

The UK company signed a con-tract with the city to provide \$10.5m to cover some social services, including the kindergartens, housing maintenance and the local hospital. "What does it help me if I have disgruntled workers hecause their apartments are cold," says Johannes Sittard, Ispat's managing director. "The only solution for us was to get involved. It is part of pro-viding social welfare for our

The economic downturn in the former Soviet Union and the inefficiency of many production lines has scared investors away from factories such as KarMet. But one. another barrier, less well known,



# Buyer beware

When a British steel producer bought a factory in Kazakhstan it nearly ended up with the whole town, reports Sander Thoenes

has been the additional cost of put real price tags on most prodfinancing an extensive social welfare system that used to be provided largely by the state-owned enterprises

"Even what they [KarMet] didn't own they regarded as theirs," says Liliya Barakova, a city official put in charge of the kindergartens that used to belong to KarMet. "They were never stingy. After all, if you include the wives and kids, the whole city depended on them anyway." When asked why KarMet went bankrupt, Barakova smiles sadly. "I guess it's because they handed out money to each and every-

Now that market reforms have

ucts and state subsidies are phased out, the weight of maintaining the social sector has become too much for most enterprises, Kazakhstan, like Russia and several other former Soviet republics, is now trying to transfer these social services to the city governments. Temirtau is one of the first cities to feel the full effect of that move.

Cities receive no additional subsidies to run their social services and most Kazakhs cannot even afford to pay for electricity, let alone the repair of their dilapidated homes

Foreign investors, such as Ispat, have little choice but to

In addition to supplementing the hndget of Temirtau, Ispat also spends almost \$1m a month on occasional subsidies, sponsoring local participants in the Olympic Games and chipping in to ensure hread supplies.

"This we do as good corporate citizens, but at our own free will," says Sittard. "There's an endless queue of people who want something. It was done in the past, without any consider-ation that someone had to pay for

Some of the social services are learning to cut corners without aerious damage to the inhabitants of Temirtau. KarMet's kindergartens were some of the best in the former Soviet Union, with pools, saunas, computers, special nurses and even English teachers. For every seven children

there were two staff workers. "The state paid for it all. We never counted money," says Bar-akova, of the city department for kindergartens. "Now we count every penny. Everything that is extra will now be charged to the parents. We have to economise

somehow.' Zhannat Ertlesova, deputy economics minister, regards change in the psychology of the peopla" as her government's main achievement in recent years. "Two years ago everyone just asked us for help. People that everything depends on them and their management akills," she says. "The job of the government is just to provide the conditions '

But in impoverished towns such as Temirtau, such logic will not suffice to make social services work in the difficult years to come. Patients at Temirtau's best hospital have to bring their own medication, bandages and syringes. When the power plant broke down, thousands of families were left exposed to 30°F frosts.

Investors such as Ispat and Chevron have to face the fact that many former. Soviet citizens will associate such hardships with the foreigners who moved to

"The separation from KarMet has left the whole city at a loss," says Vladimir Nikitin, director of the Ice Palace, Kazakhstan's second largest skating rink. Nikitin is convinced his rink will not survive on its own.

"Everything is being sold off to foreigners," he says, flustered with indignation. "That's fine if the buyers don't just think about stuffing their pockets. But they need to think about the city they're in too. You can't just let

# JOHN KAY

# Lessons from the sporting world

the modern Olympic Games, the unhappy saga of the Atlanta event leaves everyone focus too much on winning deval-

nes, in the end, what it is that is won. Excessive commercial onsorship destroys the worth of what it is that companies wish to sponsor. The old Olympic slogan claimad that the important thing was not the winning, but the taking part.

Today, all that seems very old-fashioned. More modern epirams are "show me a good loser and I'll show you a loser", and "winning isn't just a matter of life and death, it's more important than that". The fusty functionaries portrayed in *Chariots of Fire*, who resisted the onset of professionalism in sport, and who insisted that individuals should subordinate their own concerns to those of the team and the event, now n to us old-fashioned. But perhaps they had a point after all. It is not just the skills of David Putinam which made the 1924 Paris Olympiad seem a magical event when contrasted with Atlanta 1996. There may be a lesson here, not just for other sports but for the way we

There is a tension hetween Adam Smith's invisible hand which enables us to achieva social ends which were no part of our intention - and A. W. Tucker's Prisoners' Dilemma, the most famous application of game theory which tells us that individually rational actions can give rise to collective outcomes which no one would choose.

Drug-taking by athletes offers striking illustration of the Prisoners' Dilemma. It is obvious that the best solution for everyone would be that no one hould use drugs. And that the worst result for me is that I don't and everyone else does, and the best is that I alone do. The consequence is that once drug-taking starts, everyone

the foundation of the same improvement in the performance of each competitor, the result will be the same as if no one had done it in the first place. Everyone has lost.

The example illustrates the two ways in which wa can resolve the problem. One is to apply an unwritten but accepted code of behaviour that simply made the taking of drugs something no serious athlete would consider. That was a flexible mechanism - it didn't stop you taking paracetamol for a headacha - and for long enough it worked. It broke down under the combined pressures of the overwhelming desire to win and a legalism which says you can do what you like until it is prohibited by a formal rule. So we have now resorted to the second means of resolution, and invoked the formal rule. That

### Neither war nor jungles produce much in the way of economically useful output

subjects everyone, whether they have been taking drugs or not, to the humiliation of urine samples and random testing. And it is far from infallible, so that every unexpected victory leaves a sour taste - of what substance? - in the mouth.

So when do we benefit from the invisible hand, and when do we suffer from the Prisonars' Dilemma? We benefit from the invisible hand in situations where rivalry between individuals, firms or countries acts as a sour to everyone's performance. And we suffer from the Prisoners' Dilemma when co-operative actions by individuals firms or countries are capable of producing more than the sum of what each could produce when work-

ing on their own. The Olympics illustrates the issue well because it so clearly demands both. Without competition hetween individuals, there would be nothing to watch. And yet if the Games

A century after must do it. Yet if they lead to amount to nothing more than the aggregate of individual competitors there is nothing which is worthwhile to watch. And commercial success depends, in general, on that tricky balance between competition and co-operation, which worked so well for many Olympiads but

Murde

Molicia

which seems no longer to exist. As at the Olympics, the benefits of competition are greatest when that competition takes place within a framework of shared understandings and agreed rules, many of which cannot ever be written down. Symbols and myths play an important role in presenting these understandings and rules.

The modern Olympics benefited from the fanciful notion that they were a revival of an event conducted millennia ago hy the ancient Greeks. The Olympic flame demonstrated the continuity of traditions and values. Today, all these are reduced to empty rituals. The event organisers and the public relations consultants, connected to the values of the underlying husiness or the underlying func-tion only by their monthly retainers, have taken over.

What sport illustrates so well is how exhilarating and productive can be the forces of competition within an organised and disciplined framework - and how tacky and tedious are the results of unbridled individualism. It illustrates also that if concepts like sportsmanship adherence to values as well as rules - and team spirit - willingness to subordinate individual interests to the group ~ are features of a bygone age, then we are worse off for the passing of that bygone age.

We should remember that next time we hear a business leader using a military analogy or telling us that it is a jungle out there, it is not. And the analogies should remind ns that neither war nor jungles produce much in the way of economically useful ontput. The sport-ing metaphor, with its emphasis on the need for rules, conventions, teams and umpires, is a better description of how effective capitalist economies work.

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# **LEGAL NOTICES**

the High Court of Justice No. 983762 of 1990

IN THE MATTER OF REALISATION COMPANY PLC IN THE MATTER OF THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Order of the High Court of Justice (Cha Division) deted 31st July 1996 confirm and 31st July 1996 confirming the reduction of the capital of the above-numed Company from £7,500,000 to £300,000 and with respect to the capital of the Company the d particulars required by the above ned Act were regimered by the Registre of Companies on 2nd Appear 1996.

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NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN pursuant to section 98 of the Innolvency Act 1986, that a MERTING of the CREDITURS of the shoveassued company will be held at: Coopers & Lybrand, Planauce Court, London EC4A 4HT on 27 August 1996 at 10.00 am for the purposes mentioned in sections 99 to 101 of

A list of the names and addresses of the company's creditors may be inspected free of charge between 10.00 am and 5.00 pm as Coopers & Lybrand, Plansires Court, London ECAA 4HT on 22 August 1996 and 23 August

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### LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE

IN THE MATTER OF THE CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF

IN THE MATTER OF THE CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY (U.K.) LIMITED

IN THE MATTER OF THE INSURANCE COMPANIES ACT 1982

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Petition was not 11 July 1996 presented to Her Majesty's High Court of Justice in England by The Canada Life Assurance Company of Great Britain Limited ("CLGB") for an order under Part 1 of Schedule 2C to the Insurance Companies Act 1982 (as amended) ("the Act") sanctioning a scheme ("the Scheme") for the total cransfer to The Canada Life Assurance Company (U.R.) Limited ("CLUR") of the whole of the long term insurance business carried on by CLGB and making provision for related matters in accordance with passgraph 5 of the said Part.

Copies of the Politica and of a report on the source of the Scheme by an indep required by paragraph 2(1) of the said Part I, may be unspected at each of the officer specified in the Schedule herete during usual business hours for a period of at least 21 days beginning with the date of the first publication of this notice.

me can of the tirst publication of this notice.

The Petidion is directed to be beard before the Companies Cours Registrar at the Royal Cours of Jastice, Strand, London WCZA 2LL on Wednesday. 13 November 1996 and any person, including an employee of CLGB or CLUR, who alleges that he would be adversely affected by the carrying out of the Scheme may appear at the hearing in person or by Coursel or solicitor advectes. Any person who intends so to appear, and any policyholder of CLGB or CLUR, who dissents from the Scheme but does not intend so to appear, should give notice in writing of such four days prior to the learing. he documents specified above will be supplied by such solvers before the making of an order sanctioning the Schum

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# Murder, Mozart and eroticism

Andrew Clark reports on the Glimmerglass Opera festival

of opera that an audience can spontaneously applaud when a brutal murder is committed. Such is the cass with Lizzie Borden, Jack Beeson's sinister New England thriller, which has just been revived at Glimmerglass Opera in

upstate New York. Hemmed in hy ber insidious stepmother and a miserly father who has never forgiven her for being female. Lizzle drives herself into a frenzy and kills them both with an axe. Unlike Elektra. whose family circumstances she sometimes recalls, Lizzie goes to trial, is acquitted and lives out her days as a pariah. Based on an infamous mnrder case of the 1890s, Lizzie Borden has a good old-fashloned plot and a strong theatrical touch. Beeson makes sure the audience sldes with Liz-

zie in the bitter end. When Lizzie Borden was premiered at New York City Opera in 1965, its traditional but hardedged virtues were out of kilter with the musical spirit of the time. In today's less dogmatic climate, these virtues can he properly appreciated. Beeson, now 75, knows how to write songful music in an American vein. There are plenty of blood-curdling Expressionist growls - hut they are used for an expressly dramatic purpose, as are the pas-sages of repose in which Beeson develops character and atmosphere. Although the Glimmerglass production does not deliver a knock-out punch. It shows that Lizie Borden is worth rediscover-

Glimmerglass is based at Cooperstown, a small community equidistant from New York City and the Canadian border. The festival started in 1975 as a modest local operation at Cooperstown High School, Today it has a budget of \$3.5m and its own custom-built home overlooking Lake Otsego, the placid waters of

which lospired its name. This rustic environment has prompted the sobriquet "the American Glyndebourne", which does both festivals an injustice. Yes, you can picnic in the grounds of the 950-seat Alice Busch Opera Theater (a modern architectural triumph, with walls which slide open), but it is still a

t is one of the perversions relatively undeveloped site, with insufficient protection against the midsummer sun. And unlike Glyndebourne, no one at Glimmergiass will bat an eye if you turn up in shorts.

Artistically, too, Glimmerglass is very much its own creature. It has a well-cstablished programme for young American singers, which means you hear plenty of fresh, unspoilt voices. The distaff side is that most have yet to fulfil their potential, and there is a shortage of personality in the ptt. The festival's biggest weakness is its insistence nn singing in the original language. How can all-American casts expect to communicate with all-American audiences in a language neither understands?

den, of course, this presented problem. Rhoda Levine's staging looked handsome in John Conklin's austere Chekhovian set, but it failed to resolve some key paradoxes. In an otherwise naturalistic setting Sheri Greenawald's camp stepmother had me grinning rather than recoiling. Phyllis Pancella's Lizzie seethed with repressed emotion, but left unclear whether her dominating passion was jealousy, revenge or lust for her sister's fiance. And despite the opera's gripping material there are too many quick scenes, too many ariosos that fail to blossom The most interesting voice was

the high lyric baritone of Erin Caves as Jason MacFarlane, the sea-captain with whom Lizzle's sister elopes. He is one of several In Glimmerglass's current crop who seem destined for an international career. La finta giardimicra boasted a full-bodied Mozart soprano in Sondra Radvanovsky's Arminda, a smooth, musical tenor in William Burden's Belfiore and a lively souhrette in Karina Gauvin's Serpetta. All three are good actors as were most of the cast of Caval-Il's Calisto. The outstanding contributions here came from Christine Abraham's glamorous Diana. Lisa Saffer's nymph-like Calisto and a hrilliant young countertenor, David Walker.



a New England manor garden, with picture-book decor by Michael Yeargan and period costumes by Susan Hilferty. Mark Lamos's staging was witty and theatrical, with the 17-year-old Mozart popping up at key junctures to orchestrate events. As in Figuro and Cost, the sexual comedy is profoundly double-edged - a point that came across strongly in this production's beautifully

composed ensembles. I failed to respond to Stewart Robertson's prim conducting, which sacrificed all expressive-ness to evenness of tempo. But I did enjoy Jane Glover's treatment of Calisto. Using ber own edition and a tiny instrumental La finta giardiniera was set in ensemble, she tapped the poetry, with a penchant for gorilla-like

fluency and emotional freedom of dances. Far from cheapening the music in a way that had Cavalli's music, the production brought out its passionate, paneluded her Glimmerglass Ponnea. And what freedom! Judging by theistic splendour. the opera's cross-dressing and

All of which should encourage Callow to resume his operatic career. Calisto was the only production this summer to realise the full potential of music and staging - and as such it should be a prime candidate for transfer to New York, where Glimmerglass has thriving links with both City Opera and the Brooklyn Academy of Music. Next summer's operas are Britten's Owen Wingrave, Smetana's Two Widows, Gluck's Iphigénie en Tauride and Rossini's L'Italiana in Algeri. Whoever said Americans were conservative?

Jazz/Kevin Henriques

# Brecon pulls it off - again

jazz festival on these pages (1985) I described it as a "modest affair" (after all, it was only its second year). It cost around £27,000 to stage. Eleven years on, the budget for the 18th edition of Brecon Jazz, just suded, was "around £400,000" and it has become the premier weekend jazz festival in the British Isles har none. attracting visitors and media attention from continental Europe as well as Britain.

Brecon's annual beaufeast of jazz remains, after 13 years, very much a Welsh effort as far as public funding, commercial sponsorship and actual organisation are concerned. Also for its artistic direction, which from the beginning has been handled with astonishing flair by Jed Williams, of the Welsh Jazz Society. He has the admirable knack of securing not only the leading American artists but pulling off some remarkable coups.

This year was no exception. Faced with the last-minute withdrawal, due to illness, of solo pianist Jessica Williams, whose concerts were all sold out beforehand, he persuaded Dave McKenna to fly specially from America to replace her. A felicitous choice, for McKenna, though totally different in style to Williams, is certainly a more entertaining, comfortable pia-nist. A hard-swinging rhythmic player, his renowned left hand pumping releptiessly. McKenna explored thoroughly an array of familiar standards, demolishing

Coincidentally, Brecon '96 offered a plethora of pianists. John Bunch, a rare visitor, heard alongside exquisite guitarist Bucky Pizzarelli, contrasted tellingly with McKenna, displaying taste and subtle feeling for dynamics. John Colianni was the piano spark with tenor-saxist Harry Allen's quartet which. apart from the leader's featherlight playing, was enlivened by the irrepressible drumming of Duffy Jackson. British pianist Colin Purbrook soloed with customary adroitness in the quintet co-led by cornettist Warren Vaché and tenorist Scott Hamilton, making a now-rare appear-ance together but whose partnership is still musically sublime. Cedar - Walton led the trio, accompanying Phil Woods, who proved he remains one of the most creative and adventurous alto-saxist in jazz.

tastes, as usual Trumpeter Tom

The last time I wrote Harrell provided cerebral jazz of undisputed quality. His composi-tions, reflecting his introverted personality, demand close listener attention, not always easy to sustain. His lyricism could not be equalled but the revelation of his sextet was tenor-saxist Bob Berg who, with benefit, has shaken off his Coltrane manner-

Another revelation was drummer Chico Hamilton, leading a quartet with such energy, enthusiasm and humour that belied ths fact be will be 75 next month. Energy, enthusiasm and humour are words applicable to another veteran, Illinois Jacquet, who fronted his roaring big band for just one concert - another Brecon coup. Tenor-saxist Jacquet, a jazz legend, pleased everyone in the buge Market Hall with his timeless, swinging, melodic playing, especially in ballads, but he also gave ample solo space to his sidemen.

recon's other hig band this year was the one specialising in the compositions of bassist Charles Mingus. An exuberant, shouting, rough-in-places 14piece ensemble, it epitomis restless spirit of the late, great Mingus. Many in the Mingus band are leaders themselves Randy Brecker, Gary Bartz, Eddie Henderson, for instance and all were heard extensively. So was tenorist John Stubblefield, whose speciality is sustaining crowd-pleasing, upper register harmonics. The next day he was doing the same with the Fort Apache Band from New York, a sextet playing a mixture of Latin and ultra-modern jazz. They were predicted to he "The Big Surprise of 1996". They were not. Just who was The Big Surprise is a matter of personal opinion - and luck. Just as a reviewer faced with three days of outstanding concerts starting at midday must miss many because of inevitable clashes, so must the jazz-chasing listener.

So the set-plece concerts such as those mentioned bere form only part of Brecon's glorious festival. To have had to miss Van Morrison, Betty Carter, Joshua Redman, Charles Brown, Joe Henderson and Gordon Beck among many others is a telling indication of the goodies on offer last weekend.

Brecon '97 will certainly be as attractive and tasty as this year - clearly the best ever. Jed Williams and his team are sure to Brecon '96 catered for all pull some more juicy plums out of the jazz basket.

brilliant effect. At one point, the

*cean*, the final project of John Cage and Merce Cunningham's lifelong partnership, is in many ways the opportunity that Cunningham has been waiting for all these years. Cunningham long ago rejected the frontal, centered orientation of the traditional stage: both bis movement technique and his compositional practice bave always implied a theatre-in-theround. Now, with Ocean, he has

finally got it. The circle of spectators surrounds a circular stage. Atop the tiers, some 112 musicians surround the spectators in turn. With its tight arrangement and inward focus, the arena seems as much a space of ritual as of exhibition. Four pairs of video monlthe work, then count up its 90-

# Circular dance on the ocean wave

William Deresiewicz finds Merce Cunningham's sea is full of riches

unabashed eroticism, 17th-cen-

tury Venice was a swinging

place. Simon Callow's staging

was full of earthy humour.

wicked satire and sexual innu-

endo. John Conklin's decor

heath, a summit-of-the-earth set-

ting framed by a spectacular suc-

cession of illuminated blue back-

drops. The mythological element was submerged heneath a primi-

tive tribal look - particularly

effective in scenes involving the

wood deities, ignoble savages

resembled a scorched stony

performances last week, the countdown exerted an uncanny pressure, as if one were about to witness the lift-off of an experi-

mental rocket. Once the work begins, one further perceives how deeply the tbeatre's traditional metaphors have been disturbed. "Front" is both everywhere and nowhere. With movement oriented in a potentially limitless number of directions, one is both perpetually lost and perpetually certain that one is in the right place. The

nificently trained dancers measure up to the most complete scrutiny.

The music simmers with inal plan, and David Tudor provided a electronic score of underwater sounds. The wash of strings and woodwinds, punctuated hy rumblings, whistlings and knocks, satisfyingly imitates the sea's restless calm. If Cunningham's dancers seem comfortable moving within a cir-

train the body to move with equal energy in all directions, including the motion of the limbs and torso around the body's cenenergy. Andrew Culver executed tral axis. This unique dimension the composition from Cage's original tral axis. This unique dimension the composition from Cage's original tral axis. which Cunningham has opened up the stage as a field of radiant energy and choreographic possi-In making the leap to circular-

ity Cunningham has given himself a new world of formal problcms, which one can see him explore, Sequences travel in arcs,

minute duration. At Lincoln Center's Damrosch Park, where the work received its first New York stage acquires the pitilessly cular space, that is because in shifting one's angle of vision at exposed quality of a terrarium. The space is the second of the sum-of the sum-of the stage acquires the pitilessly cular space, that is because in shifting one's angle of vision at exposed quality of a terrarium. The space is the second of the sum-of the sum-of the stage acquires the pitilessly cular space, that is because in shifting one's angle of vision at exposed quality of a terrarium. The space is the second of the sum-of the stage acquires the pitilessly cular space, that is because in shifting one's angle of vision at exposed quality of a terrarium. The sum-of the sum-of the stage acquires the pitilessly cular space, that is because in shifting one's angle of vision at exposed quality of a terrarium. The sum-of the duets for Frédéric Gamer and Kimberly Bartosik. Frankly romantic amidst the vast, impersonal coolness, these duets constitute the buman heart of the work. Here, the two walk a chain of little steps in perfect unison, he a paper's-width hehind ber, hreaking their magnetic connection only when he flings himself to the ground and crawls s circle around her feet.

> The shape of the stage has enormous consequences for the relative importance of material.

ply leans against her small body, eyes closed, for three or four sustained poses. Yet this extraordinary interlude takes place st the extreme edge of the space, the dancers facing out. For anyone along that side, the seated figures seem to fill the entire world. For everyone else, they are barely noticed amid the rest of the action

Ocean takes its theme from what is said to have been James Joyce's projected next work. Marsha Skinner's costumes and light-

illumination becomes absolutely murky. The dancers, inert now, nearly vanish in their silver-gray outfits. Then, five smaller figures dressed in the colours of tropical fish thread their way through the human coral. The lights hlaze bright and bot, and there follows a passage of marvellous fluidity Cunningham's sea is filled with

riches, yet the hour and a half is not without its longueurs. One can admire the variety of dancerly excellence - how Glen Rumsey darts and snaps while Cheryl Therrien flows and China Laudisio floats - but even the most beautifully individualised waves tend to look more or less the same. Perhaps it is to be expected that even our most fearless explorer needs time to map out ing support the conception to his newest brave world.

# INTERNATIONAL

# AMSTERDAM

CONCERT Concertgebouw Tel: 31-20-5730573 New Mnzart Ensemble: with planist Melvyn Tan perform Mozart's Plano Concerto in E minor, K449 and Piano Concerto in A, K414; 8.15pm; Aug 17

EXHIBITION Van Gogh Museum Tei: 31-20-5705200 Van Gogh drawings, part I:

each summer for the next four years the Van Gogh Museum will publish a volume of the catalogue of its collection of Van Gogh drawings. To mark each publication, a summer exhibition will be held. In the course of this four-year period more than 500 sheets will be displayed. The first exhibition in the series is devoted to the period from 1880 to 1883;

**■ BERLIN** 

Berlinische Galerie Martin-Gropius-Bau Tel:

 Anne Ratkowski – Eine vergessene Künstlerin der Novembergruppe: exhibition German painter Anne Ratkowski, a member of the

Novembergruppe, a movement nf Expressionist artists formed in Berlin in 1918. The display includes still lifes and portraits; to Oct 13

Bregenzer Festspiele – Festspiel und Kongresshaus Tel: 43-5574-4920 Haffner Trio: perform works by Brahms, Haydn and Kodály; 8pm; Aug 17

# **EDINBURGH**

**■ BREGENZ** 

CONCERT

EXHIBITION Scottish National Gallery of Modern Art Tel: 44-131-5568921 Alberto Giacometti 1901-1966: the first major exhibition of Giacometti's work in Britain since the retrospective held at the Tate Gallery in 1965. The exhibition comprises 80 sculptures, 30 paintings and a selection of drawings; to Sep 22

**■ FRANKFURT** EXHIBITION

Deutsches Architekturmuseum Tel: 49-69-2128471 Film-Architektur. Set Designs von Metropolis bis Blade Runner: exhibition of 200 designs.

drawings, sketches, paintings and photos giving an overview of 70 years of film architecture. Included are set designs for films such as Metropolis, Mon Oncle, Playtime, Blade Runner, Batman and Dick Tracy; to Sep 8

# LIVERPOOL

**EXHIBITION** Tate Gallery Liverpool Tel: 44-151-7093223 ● Wandering About in the Future. New Tate Acquisitions: this collection display takes its title from one of the exhibited works: Cathy de Monchaux'e Wandering About In the Future Looking Forward in the Past". It is a display of modern art recently acquired, including sculptures, paintings, photography and video. Included in the exhibition are works by Gerhard Richter, Calum Innes, Bruce Nauman, Georg Baselitz, Juan Muñoz, Robert Gober, Cindy Sherman, Louise Bourgeois and Miroslaw Balka; to

**■ LONDON** 

CONCERT Royal Albert Hall Tel: 44-171-5898212 Oslo Philharmonic Orchestra: with conductor Maris Jansons perform works by Rossini, Grieg and Mahler, Part of the BBC Henry Wood Promenade Concerts (Proms); 7.30pm; Aug 18

EXHIBITION Queens Gallery Tel: 44-171-9304832 Leonardo da Vinci: One Hundred Drawings from the Collection of Her Maiesty The Queen: this exhibition includes preparatory sketches for paintings such as the "Adoration of the Magi" and the "Last Supper", signs for equestrian

monuments, war machines and costumes for court entertainment. Next to these sketches this exhibition features studies relating to his enduring interest in water, flight and his studies in anatomy; to Jan 12 Victoria & Albert Museum Tal:

44-171-9388500 20 Unknown Constables: exhibition of drawings and ratercolours by John Constable which heve never previously been shown in public. The display includes a copy after an early Italian fresco and the earlies known drawing by Constable from a sketchbook dating from 1796;

**■ LOS ANGELES** EXHIBITION

to Oct 27

Los Angeles County Museum of Art Tel: 1-213-857-6000 The White House Collection of American Crafts: exhibition featuring works by 72 craft artists working in the media of glass, wood, clay, fibre and metals; to

LUCERNE CONCERT Kunsthaus Luzem Tel:

41-41-2103562 Gustav Mahler Jugendorchester: with conductor Ivan Fischer and cettist Natalia

Gutman perform works by Dvořák metropolis; to Oct 27 and Mahler. Part of the Internationale Musikfestwochen Luzem; 7.30pm; Aug 19

### **■ MADRID EXHIBITION**

Fundación Cultural Maptre Vida Tel: 34-1-5811628 50 Años de Fotografía Española en la Colección de la Real Sociedad Fotográfica (1900-1950): exhibition giving an overview of Spanish photography in the first half of this century. included are photographs by Antonio Cánovas del Castillo Vallejo, also known as Kautak, Carlos Iñigo, Antonio Portela, With Koch, Pla Janini and others;

■ NEW YORK CONCERT

Avery Fisher Hall Tel: 1-212-875-5030 1 Solisti Veneti: with conductor Claudio Scimone perform works by Vivaldi, Pergolesi, Pasculli and Bottesini. Part of the Mostly Mozart Festival; 8pm; Aug 19

EXHIBITION Whitney Museum of American Art Tel; 1-212-570-3600 NYNY: City of Ambition: exhibition of works by 20th century artists inspired by New York City. The display brings together paintings, photographs and films from tha museum's collection and other sources to represent a wide range of artists' views on the city that has become a symbol of the modern

**TEL AVIV** EXHIBITION Tel Aviv Museum of Art Tal: 972-3-6957361

 "New Horizons": Sculpture:
 exhibition focusing on the work of sculptors participating in the Israeli art movement "New Horizons" (1948-1963). Artists Itzhak Danzinger, Dov Feigin, Ruth Zarfati-Sternschuss, Moshe Stemschuss and Yehiel Shemi; to Aug 31

**■ WASHINGTON** EXHIBITION

National Gallery of Art Tel: 1-202-7374215

 Masterpieces from the Palazzo Dorla Pamphili, Rome: exhibition featuring a selection of 12 works, 10 paintings and two sculptures. from the collection of the Doria Pamphili Gallery in Rome. The collection was founded in 1651 by Pope innocent X Pamphill, whose portrait by Diego Velázquez is the centrepiece of this exhibition. The other artists represented in this exhibition are Alessandro Algardi, Bernini, Caravaggio, Annibale Carracci, Guercino, Claude Lorrain, Lorenzo Lotto, Raphael Carlo Saraceni and Titlan; to Sep

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# French midsummer storm

Mr Alain Juppe, the Frencb prime minister, last year scornfully referred to financial market traders as "the gnomes of London". But two days ago - after two weeks during which the franc had depreciated by up to 3 centimes against the D-Mark he felt obliged to make a robust response to rumours in the foreign exchange markets and publicly defend the French currency

He interrupted his August holiday deep in the south west of France to dismiss recent pressure on the franc as "a storm in a teacup". During a trip to the capital on Wednesday lasting just a few hours, he rejected suggestions that there was any rift between his cabinet and the Bank of France.

It was the latest move in a series of machinations involving politicians and senior officials who are arguing over the role of the central bank in monetary policy against a backdrop of the struggling French econ-

In public, the centre-right Gaullist government stresses its confidence in the central bank, which was given autonomy from the nation's politicians and the task of determining monetary policy under a special law passed in 1993.

In private, it is clearly frustrated that the institutioo is proving far more independent in its decisions on interest rates than the ruling party - or many outside observers - had expec-

ted.
"It is just not in the Gauliist tradition to accept alternative power centres," says Mr Jean-Françols Mercier. economist with Salomon Brothers. He recalls the frustration of General de Gaulle himself when faced with any opposition - whether from the French senate, critical journalists or his European Community partners,

Mr Philippe Brland, a member of the National Assembly and fellow member of Mr Juppe's RPR party, put it rather more strongly this week: "There are laws for which you regret baving voted, which give you a stolew . . . which gave the

The franc's fall has intensified the row over the central bank's role, says **Andrew Jack** 

Bank of France its indepen- nods and winks from politidence is one of them."

The roots of the conflict between the government and the Bank of France can be traced to July 14 this year, when Mr Jacques Chirac, the president, gave a television interview in which he made no effort to hide his irrita-

Discussing the heavy ses incurred by the banks Crédit Lyonnals and .Crédit Foncier, both now subject to costly state-backed restructuring plans, he said the supervision provided by the Treasury and the Bank of France "was not wellexercised".

The reference was widely interpreted as a direct attack on Mr Jean-Claude Tricbet. who was head of the Treasury from 1987 until his nomination in 1993 as governor of the Bank of France a role which he can continue to exercise theoretically free of government interference until his contract expires in

Tensions were exacerhated last week, when Mr Jean Arthuie, minister of economics and finance, said he had formally requested the Ministry of Justice to consider whether criminal action could be brought against those at the most senior levels responsible for the past mismanagement of Crédit

Encouraged by discreet 'There are laws for which you regret having voted. The law which gave the Bank of France its independence is

one of them'

cians and officials, the French press widely interpreted this as another attempt to embarrass Mr Trichet. It took nearly a week for Mr Arthuis to say in an interview in Paris Match magazine that the governor of the Bank of France was "not at all" a target in the investigations, which would concentrate on

main board directors of

Crédit Lyonnais. Some suggest there is personal animosity behind the assaults. Ironically, it was Mr Chirac, then prime minis ter, who nominated Mr Trichet to head the Treasury in 1987. At the time Mr Trichet was head of the privats office of Mr Edouard Balla-dur, then minister of economics. And Mr Balladur was prime minister when Mr Trichet was appointed to head the Bank of France in

Since then, relations have deteriorated sharply between Mr Chirac and Mr Balladur, his fellow Gaullist party politician who broke a tacit accord at the start of last year when he decided to run against him in the country's presidential election race -

Mr Trichet suffered by ssociation, if only because be could usefully be targeted as a scapegoat for France's economic troubles. During the election campaign in the spring of 1995, Mr Chirac helped depress the franc when he suggested that the Bank of France was too inde-

It is this issue which continues to serve as the basis for the frustrations now being expressed by a growing number of politicians, while Crédit Lyonnais is largely a convenient topical pretext for applying addi-tional pressure to Mr Tric-

Mr Chirac returned to the underlying theme of the Bank of France's role in his July 14 television address. "Interest rates are clearly too high," he said. "There is significant ecope for reduc

The Bank of France points out that interest rates are at their lowest levels for 20 vears. It stresses that its cautious approach is the only way to control inflation and create the necessary conditions for sustainable economic growth and monetary

But many economists and bankers share Mr Chirac's view. In private, the government makes no secret of its frustration both at the Bank's rates and its policy of progressive small cuts rather than any bold reduction.

The critics come from all political hackgrounds. Mr Marc Blondel, head of Force Ouvrière, the public-sector union which helped organise the industrial action which paralysed the country late last year, said recently: "If Bank of France, if the financiers, create the laws, what value does the vote of the French have? We have given a mandate to people who say they do not have any margin to manoeuvre.

That cannot last." There is little doubt that during a climate of uncertainty, and while trading is thin during the mid-August holiday period, criti-cism of Mr Trichet and the tensions with the government have helped depress

But Mr Mercier of Salomon Brothers argues that the markets are primarily responding to the more serious underlying questions of France'e sluggleb economic growth, the ability of the government to maintain its spending reduction targete, and fears of renewed social unrest this

Mr Trichet serves as a useful whipping-boy for a government keen to divert attention from its own slow pace of reform and the unpopular nature of its poli-

Meanwhile, the governor is apparently unconcerned by the latest polemic. He saw no need to follow Mr Juppé's lead in returning to Paris to calm the storm. He remains on holiday enjoying the coastal breezes in St

# ·LETTERS TO THE EDITOR·

Number One Southwark Bridge, London SE1 9HL are keen to encourage letters from readers around the world. Letters may be fixed to +44 171.873 5938 (please set fax to fine), email fetters elitor@f.com Published letters are also evaluable on the FT web site, http://www.FT.com to fine), email fetters elitor@f.com Published letters are also evaluable on the FT web site, http://www.FT.com to fine), email fetters elitor@f.com to fine).

# Concern at time limit for tax claims

From Mr Peter Agar. Sir, Confederation of Britisb Industry members chare the concerns raised in your article ("Tax claim time limit comes under fire". August 6). The proposal to introduce a three-year time limit on businesses reclaiming overpaid VAT will have serious consequences for business, especially as Cus-toms & Excise will still be allowed to recover VAT for up to six years. The consultation document and draft clauses, which Customs & Excise issued on August 7,

cerns. Recent cuts in Customs & Excise staffing levels will result in small and medium

has reinforced these con-

audited less frequently. If Customs & Excise discover and assess a systematic error going back over six years a business could face a crippling tax demand. As a result, small- and mediumstzed businesses could be financially penalised and

competitively disadvantaged. A business disputing a VAT assessment has to pay the full amount in dispute before taking the case to court. On the basis of the draft clauses, were an appea to extend beyond three years, a business which wins its appeal may have no absolute right to recover its

Any repayment could depend on the discretion of This surely cannot be a basis on which to legislate. The proposals make no

mention of transitional arrangements to mitigate the worst effects of this retrospective legislation. As they stand the proposals will affect disputes in appeal and already agreed VAT repay. ments going back beyond the three-year time limit. This is totally contrary to the spirit of the government's Taxpayers' Charter. The issues merit a wide-

deputy director-general, CBL.

ranging public debate.

Centre Point, 103 New Oxford Street, London WCIA 1DU, UK

# From Mr Paul Mason.

**Tobacco** 

Sir. The reason that independent retailers of tobacco are suffering sales lesses ("Retailers cheered by sales growth", August 9) is that excessively high UK tobacco tax encourages people to smuggle cheaper duty-paid tobacco from the continent to the UK for illegal resale. Evidence suggests that tobacco smuggling is not a small-scale business.

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Research from the Tobacco Alliance last year indicated that independent retailers of tobacco were losing a total of £2.1bn every year in sales, with the government losing £1.6bn excise revenue.

Under these circumstances, it is no wonder that tobacco retallers are not reporting a growth in sales The only way to help retailers reclaim lost sales, and the Treasury to reclaim lost revenue, is for the chancellor of the exchequer to freeze tobacco tax in the Budget.

Paul Mason, national spokesman, Tobacco Alliance, Haymarket House, London SW1Y 4SP, UK

# Burma and Asean

From Ms Patricia Wilkinson. Sir, Regarding your article "Malaysia lifts Burma's bid to join Asean" (August 14) I am amazed at Dr Mahathir Mohamad's short memory.

It was only some three years ago that he severed all communication with Burma because of the military regime's persecution of the Rohingyas, a tribe of Burmese Moslems living on the Arakanese coast. The Rohingyas are still suffering from the atrocities committed against them: they will neither forget nor

Patricia Wilkinson, Bell Cottage. Sutton Benger, Chippenham,

# Turkev's conclusions

From Mr Osman Streater Sir. Mr Evangelou, who has somewhat emotional views on the recent events in Cyprus (Letters, August 14), may like to know that four broad and rather more rational conclusions have been drawn in Turkey.

First, the Greek Cypriot government is not interested in a solution. A government that allows such an irresponsible crossing of the border cannot be a government that is also responsibly keen to pursue negotiations.

Second, the United upon. As a token presence, fine: but when the going gets remotely rough the UN will get pushed aside.

Third, the presence of the Turkish army in Cyprus is vital for the protection of Turkish Cypriot citizens. Fourth, the continued eeparation of the two ethnic

groups is a force for peace. The British presence in Cyprus from 1878 to 1960 isolated the Greeks and Turks of Cyprus from the centrifugal force of nationalism. But It is time to stop pretending that there is any such entity as the Cypriot nation.

Osman Streater. Savile Club, 69 Brook Street.

### Developing countries' debt repayments by the US and UK govern-

From Mr Kevin Watkins. Sir. For an advocate of real world" solutions to the problem of poor country ebt, Karl Ziegler (Letters, August 18) shows a curious detachment from reality. especially as it relates to poor people.

This year the world'e poorest countries will transfer to their creditors about \$12bn in debt repayments. Simply stated, these transfers are beyond the fiscal and export capacities of the countries concerned, absorbing more than one quarter of their export earnings. Unsustainable debt profiles are also a deterrent to domestic and foreign investment.

Less widely appreciated is the impact of debt on people. Public spending on external debt servicing dwarfs social spending in many of the world's poorest countries, reinforcing poverty and deprivation.

In Uganda, where one child in five does not live to see its fifth birthday because of largely preventable diseases, the government spends three times more on debt repayments than on

There is now a real opportunity to end such intolerable circumstances. Under a framework developed by the

ments, a ceiling would be set on debt repayments from countries which adhere to adjustment programmes releasing resources for investment in social and economic recovery. Advocates for developing countries' poverty reduction should be supporting the adoption of this framework, which is being obstructed by the combined opposition of the Inter-national Monetary Fund,

Germany and Japan. None of which is to suggest that we are unaware of the problems created by corrupt and unaccountable gov. ernments. Like Mr Ziegler. we would support efforts to recover, and use for debt relief purposes, funds stolen by developing countries leaders. Unlike him, however, we do not believe that action on debt can await the creation and deployment of

ering these funds and cleaning up Africa. Surely what is needed is action to ensure that the benefits of debt relief are transferred to the poor.

accountants, bankers and

lawyers charged with recov-

· Kevin Watkins. senior policy adviser. 274 Banbury Road,

# Europa • Michael Stürmer

# Resist the melting pot

An integrated Europe should seek to preserve the diversity of its constituent nations



its diversity. An English mechanic, French cook

lover - this is how Euro peans would like their Europe to be. "E plurihus unum" is an American ideal, the melting pot. The European idea is rather "cuique suum" - in other words, to give onto Brussels no more than necessary.

Europe-builders ahould therefore pause before trying, once again, to square the circle and push for political integration. Much as in the past, today's Europeans are united in loving their differences more than their

Throughout the ages, Europe could never be brought together by hegemony but only through balance, which rests on the rec-ognition of difference. European integration is a matter of the mind, while national identity - whether expressed in the union flag the D-Mark or the memory of Poland's sufferings - is one of the heart.

It should not be overlooked, in this time of globalisation and agonising economic adaptation across Europe, that the welfare state is still a fortress of nationhood. National governments are rejected or reelected according to their performance in providing comfort and confidence. National welfare eystems suffer from adverse demographic conditions in ageing populations throughout Europe. While Europe is being constructed and reconstructed it is not so much the Brussels administration form and role in the world.

The maximum part tried to reconstructed and reconstructed in the world.

The maximum part tried to reconstruct and marginity continue to reconstructed and reconstructed an that is at stake but the



De Gaulle: conflicts were the Thirty Years war of our age

survival of our democracies. Instead of fine-tuning the unity machine, it may be useful to go back to basics and ask: what is so European about the Europeans? The answers range through history, geography and economics to the climate, the Roman law traditlon, the crusades, the Renaissance, the Enlightenment and the industrial revolntion. Even the first and second world wars, seen in a long perspective, now tend to be interpreted like the most dramatic episode of a long European civil war - as General de Gaulle put it in 1944, the Thirty Years war of our age. Most of all, four decades of the cold war. when Europe was divided between the Soviet empire and the American-led Atlantic alliance, contributed to the acceptance of a common

destiny. The end of the cold war, however, far from bringing a plentiful European harvest, The western part tried to nomic, technological and

redefine its internal balance, but could find agreement only in striving towards an ever more integrated market. The poor eastern relations were uneasily invited to join the party, please, but not too soon

While the Maastricht treaty's Part One rests on the assumption that economic interests, and above all the common currency of the future, will force European countries together, the meandering formulas of Maastricht'e Part Two on political union should make everybody hedge their bets. When it comes to European defence, the bottom line is still Nato.

Europe is, as Thomas Mann wrote about his native town of Lubeck, above all "geistige Lebensform" - a spiritual concept. It implies essentially the notion of balance more than the notion of restraint, and a sense of prounity, let alone hegemony. Without a threat from out-

But to translate the very variable geometries of Europe into an overall political structure resembling a etate would, now and for the foreseeable future, not bring the desired results but endanger even the less ambitious objectives. There remains within this

financial energies over time.

hroader European dilemma a specific German one arising from the coontry's share of Europe's economy and population - the country accounts for ahout 30 per cent of the EU a GDP. In a federal Europe or in the Europe of nation etates, most of Germany's neigh-bours fear that it is in Germany's Europe that they will have to live, not their own. The Germans, meanwhile, do not wish to lose their European dream because they are less sure than most of the others about their national dream. The great American vision

has been to forge one continental nation. For the Europeans from Oslo to Palermo and from Bristol to Brest, let alone to the Urals, this would be a nightmare.

European reality is, at est, unity in diversity. This is the charm of Europe, but also its predicament. As the prevailing state of mind is not likely to change through political preaching treaty language or even the exigencies of a common currency, if Europe is to advance much beyond economic integration it will require more the skills of the gardener than those of the engineer, favourable weather condi-

tions, and plenty of time. Europe-builders will have to blend their grand visions with a sense of time and history. They will also have to practise some rare political virtuee - modesty, self-

Michael Sturmer is director of Stiftung Wissenschaft und Politik, n German foreign affairs and defence policy



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# FINANCIAL TIMES

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# A conflict left to fester

former Yugoslavia over the last four or five years, the "Cyprus model" has loomed large. It stands for two things: the forcthle redistribution of a formerly mixed population into separate, ethnically homogeneous territo-rial units; and the policing of the resulting boundary by inter-

That is what happened in Cyprus in and after 1974. It is sullenly resented by Greek Cypriots, who see it as consolidating and perpetuating their defeat; and consequently feared by losers in other conflicts. President Tudimen of Croatia pried unsuccessfully to resist it the end of 1991, but thereafter built up a military option which enabled him, a year ago, to sweep away the separate Serb entity on Croatian soil.

Victors are correspondingly rone to vaunt the virtues of the model; indeed, to present it as a "solution". That has been the essence of the Turkisb view of Cyprus since 1974; by separating two mutually antagonistic ulations, say the Turks, the rain cause of conflict on the sland. Any remaining problems result from the international mmunity'a perverse refusal to recognise this.

ment to support it; the simpla

tory suggests it is always unwise for one side to regard a because the other is for the time being too weak to contest the outcome. That in fact was the mistake the Greek Cypriots made before 1974, as the Croatian Serbs did before 1995.

If the Turks are now in danger of making the same mistake, it is not because they are vulnerable to a military blitzkrieg. No Turkish government is likely to abandon the Turkish Cypriots as President Milosevic of Serbia did the Croatian Serbe It is therefore very foolish of President Clerides, the Greek Cypriot leader, to risk provoking them by an arms build-up; as it was foolish of the young Greek Cypriots who tragically lost their lives this week to mount a symbolic challenge to the Turks' physical control of the north of the island. On the level of brute force, the Turks are always likely to win.

But Turkey's position is getting weaker economically and diplomatically, as was demonstrated last year when Greece secured a commitment to open negotiations on EU membership for Cyprus in return for consenting to a mere customs union between the EU and Tur-Until this week, that Turkish key. The Turks would be well view had one very strong argu- advised to seek a Cyprus settlement now, while they are still fact that no one was getting on balance the stronger party.

# **Inactive UK**

The UK labour market data ginally - perhaps 10,000 released this week left many concluding that the Conservawes were victims of their own success. The headline unemployment total fell to 2.126,200 in July, the lowest figure in five a rise in the ranks of the "ecoyears. At the same time average earnings were found to have grown a little faster than expechas increased the chance that it will have to raise interest rates in the run up to an election.

ployment numbers were so easy to decipber. Changes in the official jobless total have always baen an Imperfect guide to trends in the labour market as a whole. But one wonders these days whether they tell us anything - either about movements in employment or about the state of overall demand.

The number of people without work and claiming benefits has fallen by about 420,000 since the trough of the recession in spring 1992. Many people worry out the quality of the job cowth that has accompanied this unusually early decline in joblessness. A large sbare of recently created jobs have been pert time, poorly paid or other-wise "insecure". But the small quantity of new jobs ought to be equally disturbing.

The precise number of people in work is botly disputed, but most estimates suggest that the

smaller in the spring of this year than four years earlier. Almost the entire decline in official unemployment since the recovery began is explained by nomically inactive"

This rise in the number of working age people who are neited in the year to June. Ergo, it was said, the government's very success in fostering job growth ther in work nor actively searching for a job raises several important issues. One is wbetber the government's lahour market reforms hava actually succeeded in making it as opposed to merely forcing people to drop out of the workforce altogether. A large share of the rise in inactivity has been due to a welcome rise in the number of young people in full-time education. But much of the rest is due to "early retirement" hy middle-aged men.

It is difficult to know pre cisely wby so many people decided to drop out - or what, if anything, would induce them formally to rejoin the workforce. Yet one needs an answer to both these questions if one is to get a true picture of UK unemployment, or the chances of a revival in wage pressures in the months abead.

There are several reasons why Chancellor Kenneth Clarke may have to consider increasing interest rates during the second half of the year. An upturn in wage growth might be one of them. But an excessive rate of employed workforce was mar- employment will not.

Long road to reform; while Bussian soldiers seek to retain control of Grozny the army leadership in Moscow laces a shake-up to eradicate corruption and incompetence

# To salvage an army's honour

The humiliating Chechen war has highlighted Russia's need to rebuild its army as a modern fighting force, says John Thornhill

hills of northern Chechnya appear pleasant enough rather like a threadbare version of the English county of Kent. Over the past 20 months this gentle land - and the more ominous rubble-strewn streets of the regional capital of Grozny - has become a graveyard for the Russian army's reputation as a mighty offensive

The apparent ease with which the Chechen separatists launched a raid on Grozny last week, killing bundreds of federal troops. has only rammed the point home with terrible force.

Russian commentators have called the bumiliation a "second Tsushima", referring to tha shock defeat of 1905 when the Russian imperial navy sailed halfway round the world to be crushed by the Japanese.

Throughout Russian history, sparked demands for change. not surprisingly. calls today for a complete overhaul of the armed forces, which will inevitably have far-reaching political and social effects.

tackles the task of reshaping its 1.7m-strong conscript army into a modern force will not only influence the character of post-Soviet society but will also affect the international halance of power into the next century.

During the initial stages of the Chechen conflict, Russia's top brass preferred to ignore the embarrassing truth about the performance of their troops on the ground, simply pleading for more money to complete the job. General Pavel Grachev, Rus-

sla's former defence minister. maintained the pretence of invincibility long after his forces' vulnerability had been exposed. The thick-necked paratrooper, who boasted that just one of his

regiments could seize Grozny in

two bours, later claimed his sol-

But following Gen Grachev's

sacking in June, there has been a revolution in thinking in the defence ministry. The army's flercest critics now inhabit the most senior levels of the establishment and are calling for radical steps to salvage military On Monday, Mr Alexander

Lebed, a former general appointed as Russia's national security adviser two months ago, launched a withering attack on the state of the armed forces in Chechnya after making a lightning visit to the region.

Clearly borrified by what he had seen, the former general described an army of "hungry, lice-ridden, and underclothed weaklings" in a worse condition than the Russian partisans who fought the Nazis in the second such military setbacks have world war. He directly accused senior officers of corruption and ordination between the army and interior ministry troops.

Mr Lehed's comments were sbocking enough to Russian ears, but they were soon echoed by General Igor Rodionov, a friend of Mr Lebed who was last month appointed defence minister. In an interview in the Moskov-

skie Novosti newspaper, Gen Rodionov, the former head of the meral staff academy, said the Russian army was experiencing its worst crisis since the 1920s and did not have a single regiment capable of launching a combat action at short notice.

He called for an end to the army's culture of "collective irresponsibility" and said it must start living within its means. He suggested that scarce resources should be targeted at research and development and that the army be cut to just 12 well-financed divisions, compared with the 140 motorised rifle and tank divisions of the Soviet army five

diers were dying "with smiles on their faces". He dismissed his critics as "vile little toads".

years ago. Accurate information about the present size and cost of the army is hard to come by, but needs and creating a force capaabout the present size and cost of the army is hard to come by, but the International Institute for Strategic Studies estimates this year's defence budget at \$76bp on

a purchasing power parity basis. Some observers may suspect the incoming ministers of damning their predecessors to lobby for more resources. And apolo-gists for the Russian army can maka some telling points. They argue that the Soviet army was never as strong as perceived by the west at the height of the cold war - and that it is not as weak as it seems today.

It is true that the Chechen separatists would have been a match for even the most sophisticated armies. Fired by a fierce sense of national identity, the Chechens have proved fearsome opponents and been led by commanders intimate with Russian army tactics after serving in Afghanistan.

oreover, the Rushas been savaged hy hudget cuts, was Meast designed to fight such wars. Soviet military doctrine built an army to sweep to the English Channel within days rather than

to fight prolonged wars. Nonetheless, the manifest failures of the Russian armed forces at almost every level cannot be disguised and there is a growing political imperative in Moscow to take action.

President Boris Yeltsin has already promised to end conscription by the end of his term in the year 2000; Mr Lebed will want to make that a reality given his own ambitions to succeed the incumbent president.

Military experts suggest the first place for Mr Lebed and Gen Rodionov to start would be to devise a new post-cold war military doctrine for Russia. One Moscow-based military expert suggests it will be difficult to hle of responding to local emer-

"The Soviet army was configured for all-out war and cannot cope with a low-intensity conflict. But it would be absurd for them to fall into the trap of building a model based just on their experience in Chechnya and Afghanistan," he says.

The second task will be to reestablish the credibility of the general staff, which has been shaken both by the conduct of the Chechen war and widespread and seemingly well-founded allegations of corruption.

Gen Lev Rokhlin, chairman of the parliamentary defence committee, has compiled a thick dossier of allegations against senior figures in the defence ministry. It is certainly not obvious how so many of Russia's generals could afford to build lavish country dachas which cost more than external political pressures on they cam in a lifetime. external political pressures on the two generals to justify their

The third challenge will be to restore the professionalism of the regular armed forces and their standing in society. This inevitaapproach to managing its budget, ensuring that troops are paid on time and proparly fed and equipped. The Russian army will have to acquire learn new costmanagement skills, entirely alien to it in the Soviet era when it received whatever it demanded. "Every Russian citizen pays for

the upkeep of the army, and the taxpayer should know how his money is apent," says Gen Rodionov Mr John Erickson, profe

defence studies at Edinburgh University and long-time student of the Russian army, suggests that Gen Rodionov has developed his thinking over many years at the general staff academy and already has a blueprint for action

Wbat bappened nnder

tary performance and professionalism. But Lebed has already begun clearing out some of the corrupt and incompetent leading echelons in the armed forces," he

Rodionov will now have to cut out the 'metal-eaters' who want introduce a more competent command and control function with better information technology."

But the challenge is immense and, most military experts predict, could take a decade to fulfil. Mr Lebed must first resolve the Chechen conflict, which will otherwise be a perpetual drain on tha armed forces' materials, morale and finances.

Meanwhile, he will have to fight his corner in the Kremlin, a task he memorably described this week as like "swimming in hydrochloric acid with both your

legs chopped off". And there will be continual share of government spending. Mr Sergei Yushenkov, a Russian parliamentary deputy, argues the armed forces should be run by a civilian defence minister who would introduce greater transparency and accountability.

"The Russian army takes onefifth of the federal budget and we have no idea how it is spent," he

For Russia's long-suffering neighbours, the country's militerv weaknesses are perhaps a matter of some private satisfaction but not a little concern. The prospect of an irresponsible and irresponsive military power, with loose control over its nuclear arsenal, lurching from crisis to crisis is a disturbing one.

Rather than fretting about the resurgence of Russian military power in the years ahead, western policymakers are more likely to worry about the dangers of the Russian army's increasingly evi-

# On their metal

The Securities and Investments Board yesterday moved into the second phase of its investigation into the London Metal Exchange with a paper identifying some 11 broad topics on which it is canvassing views. This investigation, started at the request of the LME, follows the Sumitomo Corporation's

\$1.8bn loss in extended copper

mading amid accusations that had been trying to squeeze he market. The LME had been aware of some of the Japanese company's activities, but had been powerkee 10 curb them, despite private warnings. This has given ammunition to critics in the US, where copper trading on Comex

has been eclipsed by the global nuccess of the LME. Criticisms bave centred mainly on two questions: first, whether the LME's system of delayed settlement should be replaced by the daily cash setlement system used on other exchanges; and second, whether the customers, on whose behalf trading is done, should be registered with the exchange, as is the practice in the US.

Despite these criticisms, there little doubt that, within its isting rules, the LME has conducted itself creditably during tha Sumitomo debacle. There has been no default, and little evidence that the market has suffered, except from upward esure on prices.

Since Sumitomo's copper trading was largely with third par ties outside the LME, the authorities' central dilemma is how to prevent market manip lation in trading not controlled by the exchange. There has so far been little scrious criticis of the way in which LME trading itself was conducted, either in the Ring where prices of each metal are set by open outcry four times a day or in bilateral trading which is usually done

Although the SIB is asking for detailed comments on al aspects of trading and settle ment, and detailed improve ments wili no doubt be considered, it may well find that the exchange itself is generally efficient. A case certainly can be made for improving the transparency of pricing in all aspects of copper trading, but the SIB is rightly anxious to ensure that specific benefits are justified by the extra costs. The bigger task is to prevent big traders from squeezing the market, without making rules which are so intrusive that they threaten the

exchange's success. Changing the basis of settle ment is unlikely to make much contribution to this. The best hope for preventing a re-run of the Sumitomo saga would be to require customers to register with the LME and to improve information about pricing wherever this is feasible.

# Linguistic leadership

lodia's new prime minister H.D. Deve Gowds, yesterday did a fairly remarkable thing in delivering his first Independe Day spec

He spoke in Hindi, the language of India's ruling elite and the most widely spoken of India's 14 official languages. But it's a language Deve Gowda, a Kannada speaker from Karnataka in the south, barely knew a word of a couple of months ago.

To plug this gap the PM has been through an intense period of study, taking lessons from Hindi language scholar Brij Mohan Misra. That's on top of the 16-hour days Deve Gowds has been putting in since taking

There was of course a strongly rehearsed quality to the speech, which was broadcast live on television. The speech was first written in English, translated into Hindi and then inin the Kannada script, which the prime minister recited in Hindl. It was the first time an Indian prime minister had made the speech from n prepared text.

"I will try to speak in Hindi. Give me time," Deve Gowda told his audience, mindful of the heavy expectation from a Hindi-speaking crowd as much

interested in *how* he spoke as in what he had to say. And the result? According to those who listened, while not exactly silvery-tongued, it was certainly passable. And it meant

BSE

that he fulfilled one of his first promises after becoming prime minister in May: to make the traditional Independence Day speech in Hlndi

### Advertising bug A cautionary tale. At the

beginning of July the Guatemalan subsidiary of Bayer, Germany's giant chemicals group, ran an advertisement in La Prensa Libre, a local newspaper, on behalf of Baygon. Bayer'a best-selling insect spray. The main slowen was: La muerte súbita es una especialidad Alemona, Which in English ransforms into: "Sudden death is a German speciality."

Alongside the advertisement vere pictures of Germany's footballers, winners of the European football pionships following their 'sudden death' goal victory against the Czach Republic. The follow-up caption of the Guatemalan ad attempted to make the reference clear. "When it comes to foothall and insecticides Germans are specialists at destroying their

opponenis in one go."

The ad has now met its own

the locally-generated ad had not been approved by the German in charge of the local subsidiary. Pots a whole new spin on the ad industry's favourite catch-phrase - "think global, execute local".

sudden death. A couple of

telephone calls from offended

readers gave it the coup de ordes

Bayer have been apologising left,

right and centre, explaining that

### Cork screwing ■ Upon withdrawing his party from the now six-party coalition Thai government, Palang Dharma leader Thaksin Shinawatra sent Prime Minister Banharn Silpa-archa a gift with

which to drown his sorrows: a

bottle of wine, a 1978

Romance Conti, valued at a modest \$6,000 or thereabouts. The prime minister may not have been terribly pleased. He recently suggested that wealthy Thais - billionaire Thaksin among them, presumably - help reduce the country's current account deficit by drinking \$20

wine instead of bottles costing

22,000 Yet perhaps there was a different sort of message in the bottle. Thaksin served six of the same at a recent parliamentary drinking session attended by justice minister Chalerm Yoobamrung. Upon leaving the party, Chalerm alleged that

bribery was involved in the awarding of three new banking licences, allegations that are party to blame for Palang Dharma's pull out. Thailand's tabloid press are

now doorstepping Banharn's house - probably waiting to hear the distinctive pop of a . \$6,000 cork.

### Penalty points There's nothing quite like the Amsterdam Arena, Europe's most modern sports stadium.

which opened on Wednesday

It has a sliding roof, a car park beneath the pitch, 51,000 seets. and houses one of the most famous names in football, Ajax Amsterdam. Locals may carp that the stadium looks like an advanced UFO, but it's even been credited with drawing multinational businesses to

locate around it. So there was a festive mood on Wednesday when the Netherlands' Queen Beatrix opened the ground, joined in a Mexican wave, and then settled down to watch Ajax play AC

At which point things started to go wrong. Milan thrushed the hosts 3-0, and a few hours laker much of Ajan's old stadium burned down. The defeat was Ajax's fourth in a row, by the

# Ginancial Times

# 100 years ago

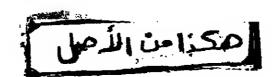
Advertisement Madame Tussaud's Exhibition Baker Street Station - trains and omnibuses from all parts. Grand Historical Tableaux representing the announcement to Her Majesty Queen Victoria of her access tha throne, &c., &c., Portrait model of his Excellency Li Hung Chang Cricketing Calebrities – Dr W.G. Grace and A.R. Stoddart,

req. The Transvaal Crisis - Dr. Jameson, Mr Rhodes and President Kruger, The Matabele Rising - Figure of Matabele Chief in Native Costume.

The Celebrated Roumanian Orchestra. Performances every Afternoon and Evening.

50 years ago International Off Body According to a Journal of

Commerce despatch from Washington, the United States and Great Britain are planning to hold talks this autumm with a view to planning a world oil agreement and an international oil body under the United Nations organisation. Action this antenur's pienced in order that the Angle American off part may be presented for Senate ratification early in 1947, Renter



# FINANCIAL TIMES

Friday August 16 1996

"True strength lies in having the courage to do the right thing."

KHOOSE |

thip price t

atters Sam

Touche Ross and UBS unit face civil action | US envoy

# Jersey fraud charge after currency loss

and Clay Harris in London

A British man bas been charged with fraud in Jersey in a case linked to foreign exchange trading losses of \$26.7m allegedly incurred by 90 international clients of Swissed investment managers.

The criminal charges in Jersey's Magistrate'e Court are linked to a civil action which claims that Touche Ross, the UK accountancy firm, and a Channel Islands subsidiary of Union Bank of Switzerland are liable for the trading losses.

Mr Robert John Young, 42, was arrested in Nottingbam and taken to Jersey in police custody. He denies charges of falsifying profit figures and concealing losses on funds placed under his control. It is understood that the Jer-

sey Fraud Squad decided to activities. The plaintiffs' law-proceed with the arrest when yer, Philip Sinel, sent the comit heard that Mr Young was planning to travel to Dubai.

The Jersey authority respoosible for regulating financial services on the island also faces a legal challenge based on its alleged failure to investigate Mr Young after

The Federal Republic of

Yugoslavia, which now com-

prises only Serbia and Monte-

negro, has launched an inten-

sive effort to normalise its

relations with the interna-

It is seeking an early restora-

tion of its membership of the

International Monetary Fund

and the World Bank and has

launched parallel negotiations

with both the Paris and Lon-

doo Clubs of sovereign and

of creditors are due to take

place in September, as Yugo-slavia seeks to take early

advantage of the momeotum

created by oext month's

and the boped-for final lifting

Belgrade, isolated since 1992

from international capital mar-

kets, is seeking to oegotiate

commercial creditors.

Meetings with most

tional financial community.

By Kevin Done,

The plaintiffs in the civil action - a trio of companies based in Switzerland, Liberia and Panama - allege that Cantrade Private Bank Switzerland (CI), a subsidiary of UBS, "shut its eyes" to the losses and failed to warn their clients. They also accused Cantrade of "fraudulent trading".

They claim that Touche Ross, through a now retired partner, Mr Alfred Williams, audited the trading figures and failed to check accurately the profits being claimed by Mr Young. Cantrade and Touche Ross deny the allegations.

A second action, brought against Jersey'e Finance and Economics Committee, seeks a judicial review of its decision in 1994 not to undertake an investigation into the trading mittee a strongly worded complsint about Cantrade in August 1994, calling oo the committee to carry out a full investigation.

The committee said it did not believe there were grounds for investigation. Mr Michael

Belgrade seeks to restore

World Bank membership

the restructuring of its foreign

debts. It wants to gain access

to new funds to begin the

daunting task of rebuilding its

war-torn economy. Mr Tomica Raičevič, Yngo-

slav finance minister, said in

an interview that the country's

foreign debt totalled around

\$8bn, including principal and

Rump Yugoslavia has been

in default since 1992 following

the collapse of former Yugo-

Mr Raičevič said around

\$6bn was owed to sovereign

with approximately \$3.6bn

owned to Paris Club countries

and \$2.4bo to the London Club

of around 200 commercial

banks and other financial

institutions. Debt to the

World Bank totals around

\$1bo, with the IMF accounting

for around \$100m. Other insti-

tutions account for Yugoslav

debts of around \$900m, includ-

slavia and the start of war in

past due interest.

Bosnia and Croatia.

plaintiff companies, wrote a letter in November 1994 which said \$25m had "vanished into thin air". He said Mr Young was Cantrade's agent and that the bank had paid secret com-

missions to Mr Young.

UBS said last night Mr
Young had oever beeo employed by the group. It described him as an independent asset manager who had had a businese relationship with Cantrade.

It is understood that the committee has eince said it will reconsider its decision not to carry out a investigation.

Detective Inspector Peter

Hopper told the Jersey court on Tuesday that the current charges against Mr Young were likely to be replaced in due course by charges that related to more serious and complex fraud.

Mr Young, who was placed on £10,000 (\$15,600) hail, has had to surrender his passport and must report to police three times a week.

Additional reporting William Hall in Zurich.

ing \$200m to the European

owed to both the Paris and

London Clubs remains to be settled. Disputes continue over

the share of the debt of former

Yugoslavia that should be

shouldered by Belgrade and by

the other former Yugoslav

and Bosnia-Hercegovina have

all become members of the

main international financial

institutions, and Slovenia and Croatia have reached defini-

tive settlements recently with

nary negotiations with foreign

creditors, and is optimistic of

making "tangible progress"

next month with the IMF. It is

urgently preparing economic

data for the negotiations, and

figures for 1995 as well as fore-

casts for 1996 and beyond are

to be presented to the commer

cial banks next month.

Beigrade has begun prelimi-

Slovenia, Croatia, Macedonia

The exact scale of debts

Investment Bank.

republics.

Dreams of riches, Page 6

# seeks to heal rift with allies over Cuba

By Nancy Dunne

The White House will today appoint Mr Stuart Eizenstat, Commerce Department trade undersecretary, as epecial Canada and other countries whose companies may be hit by US laws aimed at discouraging investment in Cuba.

Mr Eizenstat said yesterday he would seek to work with US allies "to have a more co-ordinated approach to the promo-tion of democracy in Cubs, in the hope that by doing so we will avoid the trade frictions that have arisen".

Washington's allies, including the BU, Canada and Mexico, have been angered by the passage this year of the Helms-Burtoo Act, which allows US companies and individuals to file suits in US courts against foreign groups "trafficking" in or profiting from property confiscated after Cuban president Fidel Castro

came to power in 1959. President Bill Clinton last month waived implementation of this provision for at least six months. However, the act also requires the State Department to bar from entering the US executives of companies which "traffic" in confiscated American property in Cubs. The EU been examining ways of

retaliating.
As US ambassador to the EU until recently, Mr Eizenstat is widely seen in Brussels as the best possible candidate to take on the daunting mission of damage control.

The EU has welcomed Mr Clinton's waiver and said it "shares America'e desire for reform in Cuba, although it does oot believe that threatening sanctions against Washing-ton's trusted allies is the best way to achieve it". It said. however, it would "push for political freedom, human rights and open markets in Cuba".

sanctions - and separate legislation targeting companies investing in the energy sectors of Iran and Libya - as "exceptions to the rule" by an admin istration increasingly commit ted to acting multilaterally on trade. He is to keep his existing job and spend about one-quarter of his time on the Cuban question.

# THE LEX COLUMN

# Taken to the cleaners

The real motive behind the falsification of ISS'e US profits remains a mystery. Did the perpetrators hope to gain financially or rise through the corporate hierarchy, or was there some other rea-son? The answer is unclear. But the high-flying Danish cleaning group's fall from grace does illustrate an all-too-common cantionary tale. Like Barings with its Singaporean money-spinner or Ferranti with its International Signal acquisition, ISS was so impressed with the reported profits coming from the US that it failed to exercise sufficient control. ISS'e inflated earnings were created in two ways: by booking non-existent profits and by providing insufficient sums for insurance liabilities. One effect of generating fictional profits was that ISS's US business was seemingly abls to afford an acquisition spree. The acquisitions, in turn, belped disguise how badly the underlying business was performing. It oow emerges that, after stripping out

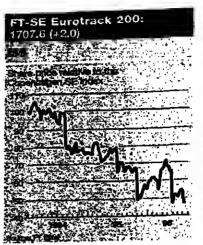
Fortunately, ISS is not going bust. Its balance sheet has been holed, but its European businesses which enjoy strong organic growth and margin improvement - are healthy. ISS is now looking to rid itself of majority control of its US business. It is most unlikely to receive any cash for doing so. But if it can saddle the US operations with anything near the DKri.2hp in debt they now carry, the group balance sheet will be repaired. ISS's unloved shares might then even look cheap.

equisitions, the US operations

have been shrinking for eeveral

Even small mercies should be gratefully received, so it would be churlish not to applaced BASF'e long-awaited disposal of its lossmaking magnetic tape and potash businesses. Shedding DM3bn sales out of DM46bn is hardly earth-shattering but - given BASF'e histori-cally cavalier attitude to investors

it is a start. In the grander scheme, the disposals are simply a matter of housekeeping. The more fundamental question BASF faces is how to shrug off the market's perception that it is a vulnerable cyclical chemical etock. At the moment, only about 10 per cent of its sales are non-cyclical - a much smaller portion than with Bayer or Hoechst,



BASF's great hope lies in its large investment in natural gas distribution. This should serve as a buffer wheo the chemical cycle turns down, and may even provide a basis for a re-rating. But the three Ger-man chemical stocks tend to trade in tandem so further progress may require news about the demerger of Hoechst's and Bayer'e pharmaceuti-

With ratings in the drags sector inflated, shareholders will be boping BASF does not pay over the odde to gain critical mass. They should also press for yesterday's disposals to be followed by other efforts at improving shareholder value. BASF'e support for changing the law to allow share buy-backs is a step in the right direction. Greater disclosure when its results are released next week would be further progress.

### Hanson

It was the last hurrah for Hanson the conglomerate, which begins its demerger in October, but yesterday'e profits appouncement gave investors little to cheer about. After etripping out disposals and the demerger of USI, profits in the third quarter fell 21 per cent. Nonetheless, all attention is now

on the relative attractions of the four future Hanson units, and the prospects look mixed. Millennium Chemicals has been hurt by falling prices at its Quantum and SCM units. At least Quantum is oo a recovery track, but it is too early to tell if SCM's recent price increases will stick. And it is pretty odd that Hanson, the great corporate raider,

snapped up by a hostile bidder. So much for Hanson's creed of corporate Darwinism. Tobacco is churn ing out reliable cash flow. But despite being unaffected by the US tobacco giants' recent legal set. backs, its valuation may take a knock. The building materials divi-sion is recovering in the US, but a weak UK construction market is bolding back growth. Meanwhile, valuations for the demerged Sast-ern Group must be reduced, given a tougher regulatory backdrop. Hansoo's lowly share price

reflects the likely sum of its parts. But investors who want exposure to one division would do well to wait. When USI was demerged last year. UK investors bailed out almost immediately. They are likely to follow suit in Millennium, while many US investors could exit imperior Tobacco. This ebould finally through up some real value.

### Lloyd's trusts

The first hostile bid for a Lloyd's of Loodoo investment trust is a watershed for the sector. There are too many small funds, with few distioguishing featuree, bigh costs, and no stock market liquidity. But there has been a surprising cagree at the of resistance to friendly mergers. Even the agreed acquisition of HCG Lloyd's by CLM did not offer much of a premium for investors. The hostile bid by Benfield & Rea Investment Trust (Brit) for HCG Lloyd'e holds out hope that long-suffering shareholders in the poorer performing funds mily get the chance to exit at a price that at least reflects some of the value of their funds' future underwriting income. Meanwhile, the enlarged funds can squeeze out some costs, while gaining more clout in the

Such bids will also basten the laure : " ?... ongoing restructuring of the Lloyd's market. Coinciding with this bostle bid, Brit announced plans to buy? stake in Wren, an agency which manages underwriting syndicates. Limit, another so-called spread fund, has recently acquired control of two managing agencies. This creates the potential for funds, which etarted life as independent providers of capital to the Lloyd's market. to evolve into piche insurance companies. That will eventually make life tough for the smaller funds that get left behind. With fewer independent managing agencies, it will be why its shares trade at a discount. for Millennium to ensure it is oot more attractive syndicates.

# France gives industry spur for cut in working hours

FT WEATHER GUIDE

Continued from Page 1

Abu Dhabi Actra Algiers Amsterder Athens Atlanta B. Aines B.ham Bengkok Bercelone

of UN sanctions.

reduced working hours when he met unions in December. Further talks took place last mouth and several reports have been sobmitted to the government, including one by Mr Michel Rocard, former Socialist prime minister.

Some agreements have been reached in the metalworking industry to offer a shorter working week in exchange for a more flexible shift system, but they have not led to an increase in employment. Last month, the National Federatioo of Co-operative Dairies signed an agreement with proposed by Mr Gilles de Robien, a member of the national assembly in the UDF

Other companies undergoing restructuring - incloding Crédit Lyonnais, Giat and Moulinex - are also discus ways in which they might apply the new legislation to preserve jobs.

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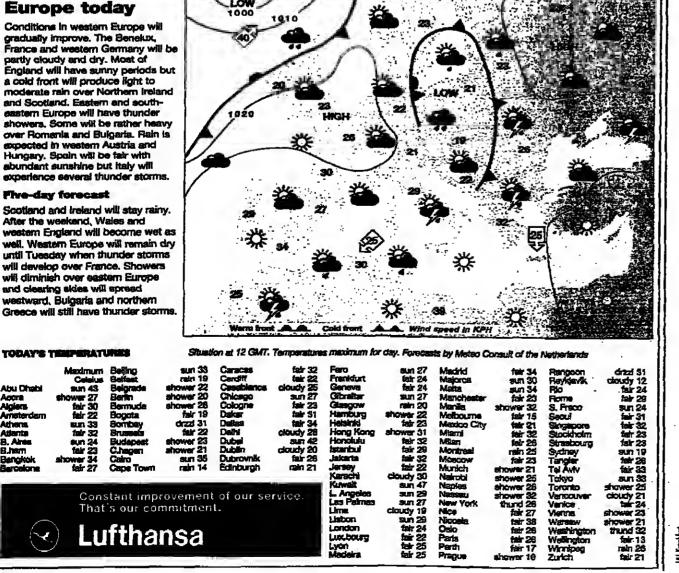
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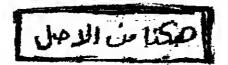
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# MPANIES & MARKETS

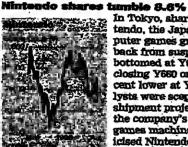
Friday August 16 1996 OTHE FINANCIAL TIMES LIMITED 1996



### IN BRIEF

# Chip price slide batters Samsung

The sharp fall in global semiconductor prices caused a 60 per cent fall in net profits at South Korea's Samsung Electronics to Won458bn (\$550m) for the first half of 1996. Analysts predicted profits for the full year would be far below last year's Won2,506bn. Page 14.



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In Tokyo, shares in Nintendo, the Japanese computer games group, came back from suspension and bottomed at Y6,820, before closing Y660 or 8.6 per. cent lower at Y7,040. Analysts were sceptical about shipment projections for the company's new 64-bit games machines, and criticised Nintendo's maintenance of its profits fore-

cast and the upward revision of its sales forecast. The Nikkei 225 index fell 12.86 to 20,968.25. Page 34

Finnish bourse to offer pulp derivatives An exchange for pulp and paper derivatives is due to be launched in Helsinki on September 9. After years of wild price gyrations in their sector, the exchange will offer pulp industry executives a chance to hedge against future price swings. Page 24; UPM offers gloomy forecast for paper industry, Page 15

ABN Amro rises 36% in first half ABN Amro, the Dutch bank, reported a 36 per cent rise in net profits to Fi 1.70bn (\$1.02bn) from F1 1.24bn for the first half of the year, matching the strong growth of most of its European rivals. Mr Jan Kalff, chairman, said investment banking had shown the sharpest improvement. Page 15

Currency shifts hold back Astra First-half profits at Astra, the Swedish pharmaceuticals group, rose 7 per cent to SKr6.76bin (\$1.01bn) but the improvement fell about SKr200m short of market expectations as adverse currency effects slowed the sales growth of the company's leading drugs. Page 15

Ship sales lift Orient Oversess. Orient Overseas, the Hong Kong shipping group chaired by Mr Tring Chee-live, frontrumer to become the territory's governor after it returns to China next year, announced a sharp increase in first-half profits as exceptional gains from ship sales beloed lift the net result from US\$16.86m to US\$71.42m. Page 14.

Lloyd's set for becker's hostile takeover Lloyd's of London was poised last night for the first hostile takeover bid among the new generation of corporate capital providers that are increasingly dominating the insurance market. The Benfield & Rea Investment Trust launched a surprise £79.6m bid to acquire HCG; another Lloyd's investor. Page 16.

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# Chief price changes yesterday

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# Ericsson shares lifted by 31% first-half rise

By Hugh Carnegy

Ericsson, the Swedish telecoms group, yesterday defied worries about the state of the mobile telephone industry. It reported a 31 per cent increase in profits in the first half which prompted a more than 5 per cent surge in its share price.

"Wa have not noted any reduction in demand [for mobile equipment]," said Mr Lars Ramqvist, chief executive. "On the contrary, the rate of market activity continues to be high. The number of mobile telephone subscribers throughout the world has now passed the 100m mark."

The world's leading supplier of mobile telephony equipmen said its mobile sales had grown 35 per cent during the period. This was the driving force behind a jump in pre-tax profits from SKr3.2bn to SKr4.2bn (\$636m). Earnings per share rose from

SKr2.42 to SKr3.06. There was little sign of any weakening of the trend in the second quarter, when pre-tax profits rose 33 per cent from SKr2bn to SKr2.7bn, fuelled by a similar rise in sales by the mobila telsphony division,

Ericsson's biggest unit. The result, at the top end of market expectations, pleased

Vitro to

operation

sell US

glass

By Leslie Crawford

in Mexico City

vear.

investors and Ericsson's mosttraded B-share rose SKr8.0 on the day in Stockholm to close at SKr147.

The reaction followed a similar response last week to first-half results from Nokia, Erics-son's Finnish rival. Nokia posted a more than 50 per cent slump in profits – but it also reported healthy 30 per cent sales growth in its mobile telephone operations, which returned to profit in the sec-ond quarter after e loss in the

first three months. Ericsson's mobile division saw sales increase in the first helf, from SKr23.4bn to SKr31.6bn. Sales in the fixed telephony division, which is restructuring in response to



son said orders were up, but profits remained weak. The group did not give fig-ures for divisional profits. But it appeared to have largely survived a trend within the mobile industry of falling prices and margins. Its strength in mobile infrastructure, where competition is less

helped it achieve this. However, analysts said it was not clear how long Ericsson could sustain this. "It still may be just a matter of time before the rising competitive pressures they themselves have warned about hit them,' said one London-based tslecoms analyst.

fierce than for handsets, has

Mr Ramqvist also noted that Ericsson had negative cash flow, caused by the group's fast expansion costs and heavy demands from costomers for help with financing orders. "To improve cash flow, we may have to divest certain

operations and also continue to dsvelop joint ventures of various types," Mr Ramqvist Group sales rose during the

second quarter from SKr23.4bn to SKr27.4bn, lifting first-half sales from SKr43.2bn to SKr50bn

Order bookings in the first half were up 20 per cent at



Lars Ramqvist: 'rate of market activity cootinues to be high'

### BASF in tape and potash disposal By Wolfgang Münchau "We want to be a company of DM400m. Its biggest business

in Frankfurt

BASF, the German chemicals group, is to sell its magnetic tape business and aims to cede control of its potash mining interests to concentrate on its core chemical and pharmaceutical operations.

Vitro, the Mexican glass BASF's best known subsidmanufacturer, plans to sell its iaries, is to be sold to Raks, a lossmaking US subsidiary, Turkish consumer electronics group, for an undisclosed sum. Anchor Glass, after reporting a net loss of 858m pesos (\$47m) in the first half of the BASF also expects to sell a controlling stake in Kali and Selz, which runs potash and salt mines in central Germany, .

BASF's share price, which

climbed DM1.16, or 2.8 per

cent, to close at DM42.49. Mr Max Dietrich Kley, a

BASF board member, said:

able results and its liquidity to Potash Corporation of Sasrequirements. Vitro is inviting katchewan, a Canadian combids for the purchase of Anchor. Ws are holding talks with interested parties," Mr Federico Sada, Vitro's direc-The units have combined turnover of about DM3bn (\$2bn). The news triggered a rise in

tor-general, said. Mr Sada said proceeds from the divestiture would be used to lower Vitro's \$480m debt. He hoped Vitro would recoup its 3bn peso investment in Anchor Glass, which is the third-largest glass container manufacturer in the

"Due to Anchor's untavour-

Salomon Brothers, the US investment bank, said in a report that Vitro's substantial everage had been a concern to investors, contributing to the slump in Vitro'e share price this year. The company has a total debt to capital ratio of 55 per cent.

Vitro's disappointing firsthalf results were also affected by losses at Grupo Serfin, Mexico's third-largest financial group. Vitro is one of Serfin's controlling shareholders. This year, Vitro's main shareholders, alarmed at the scale of Serfin's losses and additional capital requirements, decided to reduce their stake in the financial group from 20 per cent to 11.46 per

Nevertheless, the need to create extraordinary reserve against bad loans at Serfin's bank accounted for more than 1hn pesos in the second quar-

Serfin's losses transformed Vitro's operating profit of 679m pesos in the second quarter into a net loss of 769m

For the first half of 1996, Vitro's operating income fell 37 per cent to L.Zbn pesos. The group's net sales fall 5.6 per cent to 11hn pesos, despite a 9 per cent rise in exports to

The group's chemical and packaging divisions did well, but sales of refrigerators and other durable goods, which Vitro manufacturers under license, remained depressed Mr Sada said the glass botting business in Mexico continned to provide attractive returns, unlike the difficulties

in the US, where demand for

glass containers was expected

to contract by 3 per cent this

Anchor Glass has lost a greater market share than its competitors because of high fixed costs and outdated plant and machinery.

strong foothold in pharmacenticals and in the oil and gas business. We want to make clear that we are a chemical and pharmaceutical

An industry analyst said: phased out.

The sale is indicative of the Separately out their portfolio." BASF Magnetics made beavy

losses between 1991 and 1993, and turned in small profits in 1994 and 1995. BASF said the company achieved a turnover of DM1.2bn last year and employed 2,000. The German group has

poured significant resources into its magnetic tape operations over the past few years, but Mr Kley said greater efforts would have been needed to change the cost structure and expand into new markets. BASF was no longer prepared to undertake such

Raks' turnover last year was

the chemical business, with a areas are tapes, compact discs and white goods. Raks said yesterday it was too early to give an indication

> and whether the BASF brand name would eventually be Separately, BASF is negotiain Kali und Salz Beteiligungs, a holding group which owns 51

> per cent of Kali und Salz, the operating company. After the sale BASF will retain a 25 per cent stake. BASF said it would sell the stake at below the current market value of about DM500m. Kali und Salz last

year had turnover of DML7bn. and 8.300 staff. The company has been a persistent loss-BASF said the sale would

offer PCS a good regional mix, since PCS is mainly active in the Americas and Asia, whils Kali und Salz sells most of its output in Europe.

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The combination of the

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business by expanding its pharmaceutical interests through last year's acquisition of the pharmaceutical interests of Boots, the UK chain of chemists, and through the DM500m acquisition of a majority stake in Hokuriku Seiyaku, a Japansse drugs firm. Lex, Page 12

BASF has tried to focus its

# Softbank acquires US chip group

By Michiyo Nakamoto in Tokyo

Softbank, the rapidly expanding Japanese distribu-tor and publisher of personal computer software, is acquiring a majority stake in Kingston Technology, a US sup-plier of semiconductor memory products, for \$1.5bn.

The acquisition, the second largest by the Japanese com-pany after it bought Ziff-Davis Publishing, the world's largest publisher of computer maga-zines for \$1.8bn last year, brings Softbank's US acquisitions in the past two years to more than \$4bn.

Kingston, a California-based private company set up nine years ago by Mr John Tu and Mr David Sun, bas become one of the largest suppliers of add-on memory modules for PCs. Its founders will now jointly become the second largest shareholder in Softhank.

Softbank said Kineston had sales of Y136bn (\$1.3bn) in the year to December 1995, and was forecasting an increase to Y164bn in the current year, with a rise in profits to Y26.4bn (Y15.9bn). The company, which designs its prod-ucts using off-the-shelf memory chips, sub-contracts most of the assembly work.

Despite some concerns about the pace of Softbank's growth, the group's shares closed 4 per cent higher yes-terday at Y17,000.

Softbank bas revised its forecast consolidated results to March. It expects pre-tax profits to rise to Y26.5bn compared with an earlier forecast of Y24bn, Last year, its consolidated pre-tax profits were Y14.4bn on sales of Y171bn.

an aggressive acquisition spree under its president, Mr Masayoshi Son, plans to finance the acquisition by issuing shares to Mr Tu and Mr Sun and straight bonds to repay an initial bank loan.

Softbank's expansion, sup ported by its high share price, has raised concerns. "Whether or not Softbank has adopted an appropriate management strategy and made the right investments depends on whether or not the company can bring out the synergies between the various husinesses," said Mr Ryosuke Osakake, analyst at Nikko Research Center.

# Hanson US unit adopts poison pill bid defence

By Jenny Luceby and Ross Tiemen in London

Hanson has endowed its US-based Millennium Chemicals with a poison pill in an effort to protect it from an opportunistic bid after the conglomerate's four-way demer-

The protection measures, allowed by Millennium's incorpuration in the state of Delaware, were revealed as Hanson announced third-quarter results at the low end of expectations.

In London, the group's shares fell 2p to 186%p.
The conglomerate said the protection was necessary because of a geographical shift in its shareholder base, which had already begun. Since Hanson announced its

demerger plan in January, US investors, mainly growth funds, have taken advantage of selling by yield-oriented UK investors to lift their owner-ship of Hanson from 23 per cent to 33 per cent.

Many British funds are expected to be sellers of their allocation of Millennium shares, Mr Bill Landuyt, Millennium chief executive, said: "We are expecting initial pressure on pricing as UK share-holders get out of a US-listed chemicals company, while in the US, shareholders do not

know Hanson."
The measures had been introduced to prevent any opportunistic bid during the transition. With its business concentrated in the difficult and consolidating ethylene, polyethylene and titanium dioxide markets, Millennium is a potential target for a predator seeking increased market share and a lower cost base Incorporation in Delaware pro vides increased protection from an opportunistic bidder. Mr Landuyt said: "The poison pill will mean that if a company picks up a 15 per cent stake, its shares will become worthless. Unless the company has gone to the board first, tha shares will

He said the move was designed to protect Millen-nium shareholders. "The Delaware law is shareholder friendly," hs said. "If a company makes a fully financed offer at a serious price, we will be obliged to have it assessed by an investment banker. The point of the poison pill is to get a better price."

carry no vote and no liquida

tion value."

He said that without the poison pill, "if another company took this opportunity to pick up a 35 per cent stake in Mil-lennium, it would only need to secure s further 15 per cent, through an offer, to gain con-

trol".

Pathfinder prospectuses for Millennium and Imperial Tobacco, Hanson's British cig-arette and cigar business, are expected next week. Mr Derek Bonham, group chief executive, said Hanson would seek a US American Dspositary Receipt listing for Imperial, and market it to US funds. Like Millennium's poison

vill the ADR listing is aimed in part at limiting shareholder instability once the phased damerger is completed, between October and January.

# war to expend in Fusion Right Row. CIVC's call conse operation is being built in the works. highly cost the Rice the warmth and ennues of everytime, and the



# COMPANIES AND FINANCE: THE AMERICAS/ASIA-PACIFIC

# Samsung hurt by slide in chip prices |Sharp fall

By John Surton in Seoul

Samsung Electronics euffered a 60 per cent fall in net profits to Won453bn (\$550m) for the first half of 1996 because of the sharp fall in global semicooductor

Although Samsung bad the biggest earnings of any listed Korean company for the first half, analysts predicted profits for the full year would be far below last year's Won2,506bn.

Semiconductors account for at least 80 per cent of the profits at Samsung Electronics, which also manufactures coosumer electronics, tele-

**Improved** 

help CVRD

Companhia Vale do Rio

Doce, the large Brazilian

mining group due to be pri-vatised next year, said

higher margins and lower

operating costs belped first-

half profits rise 64 per cent

in real terms, compared with the same period last year.

Preliminary figures

showed net profits of R\$111m

(US\$109.6m) down from

R\$117m last year. However,

analysts say such compari-

sons are unreliable following

changes to Brazilian corpo-

rate law; the government

has prohibited publication of

inflation-adjusted accounts as part of its strategy to

Taking account of infla-

tion of about 7 per cent dur-

ing the first half, CVRD said

profits were R\$192m. Turn-

over was R\$1,392m, up from

Mr Marcelo Mesquita, of

Garantia, a São Paulo invest-

ment bank, said the result

was within expectations and

sbowed a recovery in the

second quarter after a weak

ganese (up 64 per cent and 47

from port services (up 33 per

cent) contributed to the

improvement. Operating

cent, in part a result of staff

Higher European prices for iron ore, CVRD's core

activity, belped offset a 3 per

cent drop in sales volume;

price rises elsewhere took

effect in May, and will be felt in the second half.

sales should recover in the

second half to bring volume

for the year back to its 1995

level. Non-core activities,

especially paper and steel.

published figures for cash flow, although there is no

legal requirement to do so.

"This is very positive - it

Mr Mesquita said. "It shows

that CVRD is preparing for higher disclosure as privati-sation gets nearer."

should be made mandatory."

should also improve. For the first time, CVRD

If in the US:

and after the Record Date.

Dated: August 14, 1996

Mr Mesquita said iron ore

Increased revenues from

per cent, respectively) and By Nikki Tait

in Sydney

expenses fell about 6 per Australian, the other a mix-

combat inflation.

R\$1.384m last year.

start to the year.

margins

rise 64%

By Jonathan Wheatley

in São Paulo

and computers.

As the world's largest producer of computer memory chips. Samsung has been burt by a 70 per cent fall in global prices for its mainstay 16-megabit dynamic random access memory chip over the past year.

The sharp decline in memory chip prices reflects a slowdown in sales of personal computers and excess production capacity, with the opening of new semiconductor plants in Sonth Korea, Taiwan and Japan.

Analysts believe that most of the balf-year profit for Samsung was generated in the first three mooths of

communications equipment 1996, before the fall in semi- mate at the beginning of the conductor prices accelerated. The price of 16-megabit D-Ram chips in January was \$43, but by July It had fallen

The outlook for the semiconductor prices during the second balf of the year is poor, with some analysts estimating thet the price of a 16-megabit D-Ram could soon plunge to \$10. This would be below Samsung'e estimated break-even point

of about \$14 to \$15. The current consensus among analysts in Seoul is that Samsung will report net earnings of Won650hn for of cathode ray tubes, the full year, considerably

year of Won3,200bn.

In spite of the fall in chip prices, turnover for Samsung Electronics in the first half climbed by 28 per cent to Woos.710bn owing to improved sales of telecoms equipment and computer systems. Samsung Electronics accounted for 84 per cent of the group's total profits last year.

The performance in the first eix months of the vear of other Samsung subsidiaries was mixed.

Samsung Display Devices, the world's leading producer reported a 65 per cent rise in profits to Won83.6bo as sales

increased 29 per cent to Won1.181bn.

Samsung Electro-Mechan ics, an electronics components producer, saw earnings rise 14 per cent to Won19.3bn.

Samsung Corporation, the group's trading unit, reported a 28 per cent rise in profits to Won18.5bn, while it reported the largest sales of any Korean listed company, at Won11,617bn.

Samsung Heavy Industries, the shipbuilding and machinery unit, reported a 79 per cent fall in net profits to Won7.4bn because of weak shipbuilding prices and higher interest expenses from a dockvard expansion.

rise was mainly dne to increased activity in the Asia/Europe, North Atlannic and intra-Asian routes, and to an increased share of

Investments in mainland China increased during the period, reflecting its potential as a growth market. Additional investment in the six months to June 30 amounted to \$5.3m, taking the total to \$87.1m.

14.5 cents for the period, compared with 2.7 cents in the first half of 1995. The interim dividend was set at 1 cent, a rise of 25 per cent.

### units) and one new 2.300 TEU vessel. In addition, three new 4,000 TEU vessels were chartered for a period of 10 years. Turnover rose from \$812.52m to \$847.79m. The

China trade

Competition is particularly strong on trans-Pacific routes. To coonter this trend Overseas Orient has sought alliances with other shipping groups. Citing partnerships with American President Lines, Mitsui OSK Lines, and several other operators, Mr Tung said this process was

Earnings per share were

mate of 330,000.

Thailand's two fixed-line operators also reported Asia, which has a concession to install and operate 2.6m lines in the Bangkok area, said it lost Bt261m in the with a profit of Bt234m in

Bt187.5m, compared with a profit of Bt649m in the first half of 1995. The losses were attributed

to heavy investment by the company, which has a Sep-tember 30 deadline to finish installing its lines. Only 40 per cent of the lines are generating revenue, according to Mr Paul Ngo, telecoms analyst with ING Barings. Mr Ngo is revising his fullyear profit forecast down to

per cent. First-half profits of Bt348.8m were down 23 per

# at Thai telecoms group

By Ted Bardacke

Shinawatra Computer & Communication, the flagship company of Mr Thaksin Shinawatra – who this week pulled his Palang Dharma party out of Thailand's coalition government reported second-quarter net profit fell to Bt674m (\$26.7m), down 46 per cent from a year ago.

First-half profits of Btl.46bn were down 24 per cent from last year. A poor performance had been projected, but the results were worse than

expected and the company is unlikely to show any profit growth this year, analysts aid. Shinawatra shares fell Bi8 to Bi356 yesterday. Net margins fell to 14.5

per cent in the quarter, compared with 24.1 per cent in the same period last year. Revenues were down 10.2 per cent to Bt4,635bn. ING Barings said the

profit fall was in part due to a 37 per cent drop in trading revennes. Shinawatra derives more than threequarters of trading revenue from the sale of mobile phone handsets, so lacklustre subscriber growth at Advanced Info Service, its mohile phone subsidiary. hurt both revenne and profit.

Advanced said its second quarter net profit was up 25 per cent to Bt886.2m, although it signed up only 38,000 new subscribers in the period, compared with 51,000 in the year-ago quarter. First-half profit of Bt1.86bn was up 44 per cent. The company said it had revised its new subscriber projection for the year to 260,000, from an earlier esti-

By contrast, Total Access Communication. Thailand'e other mobile phone operator, said first-half net profit rose 74 per cent to Btl.33bn. Revenue was up 75 per cent to Bt5.11bn.

the second quarter of 1995. First-half losees were

about Bt200m, from Bt656m.
Thai Telephone & Telecommunication, which has a concession for 1.5m lines in Thailand's provinces, said net second-quarter profit was Bt 194.1m, down 17.3

NEWS DIGEST

### 38% in first half Daewoo Corporation, the trading and construction unit of South Korea's fourth-largest group, reported a 38 per cent increase in net earnings to Won45.8bn (\$55.8m) for the first half, on sales 39 per cent higher at Won9,127bn. The improved results reflected increased orders for its construction division, which accounts for 20 per cent of

Daewoo Corp up

total sales, and a recent revaluation of its assets that However, earnings at Daewoo Heavy Industries, which rielded further gains. was the group's biggest profit earner last year, fell by 54.5 per cent to Won36.8bn due to weaker shipbuilding and rolling stock prices. Sales climbed by 56 per cent to

Daewoo Electronics reported a 1.5 per cent increase in earnings to Won25.3bn, while sales rose by 15 per cent to Wool,640bn. The sluggish profit growth was the result of tough competition in the domestic consumer electronics market, while exports have been hurt hy the depreciation of the Japanese yen that has benefited Japanese rivals.

### Ssangyong units slip

Main units of Ssangyong, South Korea's eixth-largest conglomerate, suffered reverses in the first half. Losses at Ssangyong Motors deepened to Won89.7bn (\$10.9m) against Won49.1bn a year ago because of capital costs involved in the expansion of facilities, including the construction of a plant that will produce the company's first passenger cars next year.

Turnover rose by 57 per cent to Won659bn due to increased sales of commercial vehicles, including exports

to China, and four-wheel drive utility vehicles. Net earnings at Ssangyong Cement, Korea's largest cement manufacturer, fell by 50 per cent to Won9.1bn as sales grew by 2 per cent to Won670bn. The earnings decline reflected rising costs and the refusal of the

government to lift its ceiling on cement prices. Ssangyong Oil Refinery saw profits fall 25 per cent to Won64bn, although sales increased by 22 per cent to Won1,964bn. Capital expenses of Won400bn for 1996 were mainly blamed for the downturn.

 LG Electronics, South Korea's second-largest electronics maker, reported a 15 per cent increase in net profits to Won78.3bn for the first half on sales ahead by 17 per cent to Won3,677bn. Analysts said the gain was mainly due to LG Electronics' sale of a 4.1 per cent in its sister subsidiary, LG Information & Communications, earlier this year.

 Korea Mobile Telecom, South Korea's main wireless telecom operator, reported an 88 per cent increase in net earnings to Won156hn for the first half.

The strong earnings performance of KMT reflected a 43 per cent rise in cellular phone subscribers to 2.3m during the first half of 1996 following a sharp lowering of consumer deposits, although KMT raised service fees.

### Yukong tumbles 71%

Yukong, South Korea's largest oil refiner, reported a 71 per cent slump in net earnings to Won23.6bn (\$28.7m) for the first half, although sales rose by 18 per cent to Woo3,947bn. The sharp fall was the result of weakening petrochemical prices and increased interest charges due to Won1;400hn being spent this year to expand both its petrochemical and oil refining facilities.

# Sears Roebuck hardware buy

Sears Roebuck, the US department store group, yesterday moved to expand its portfolio of neighbourhood stores by signing a deal to buy Orchard Supply Hardware Stores, a loted California retailer, for \$415m in cash, or \$35 a share. The deal marks a significant step in Sears Roebuck's strategy of looking for growth in the neighbourhood store concept rather than traditional mall

Mr Arthur Martinez, Sears Roebuck'e new chairman and chief executive, said last year be saw limited prospects for growth in sales of clothing, a department store staple. Bigger growth would come from sales of goods and services for the home, he said, and Sears Roebuck needed outlets that would bring these goods and services closer to its customers.

Orchard made net income of \$9.5m in this year's first half. Yesterday'e deal will bring Orchard's 61 California hardware superstores into the Sears' portfolio. They will retain the Orchard name and management, but they will give Sears Roebuck its first hardware stores in California. Richard Tomkins, New York

# Public Bank ahead sharply

Public Bank, Malaysia's third-largest bank, reported a healthy increase in interim net profit yesterday as loans increased in spite of government moves to dampen some types of borrowing. The group reported a 26 per cent rise in net profit to M\$199.8m (US\$80m) for the half-year ended June 30, up from M\$158.6m in the same period a year ago.
Revenue grew 56 per cent from M\$1.01bn to M\$1.58bn, and earnings per share rose from 12.8 cents to 16.1 cents.

Loan growth was impressive, in spite of a trend of rising interest rates which the government engineered in the first half of the year, in part to check borrowing for property and consumer goods purchases. Group loans rose by 43.1 per cent, while deposits grew by 9.9 per cent. The surge in lending brought the group's loans/deposits ratio to 72.6 per cent, which analysts said was a record. Public Bank is known for its conservatism, but it has signalled that it wants gradually to hring its loans/ deposits ratio to about 80 per cent – a plan which stock market analysts regard as positive.

The group's banking operations remained the biggest contributor to earnings, generating 44 per cent of group profits. James Kynge, Kuala Lumpur

### BPCL gets go-ahead for issue Bharat Petroleum Corp (BPCL), the Indian oil refinery

and petroleum distribution company, plans to make its long-awaited domestic public issue in September or October. The company has gained clearance from the Securities and Exchange Board of India, the country's financial market regulator, to issue up to 15m shares in the domestic market. Brokers estimate the issue, one of the largest domestic

offerings this year, will be priced at between Rp270 and Rp320 a share to raise between Rp4.05bn and Rp4.8bn (\$114m-\$135m). The issue has already attracted criticism from some

fund managers over plans to charge a premium to foreign institutional investors to obtain a firm allotment of the shares. Mr Avadhoot Sabnis, analyst with brokers James Capel Batlivala and Karani, said the minimum allotment of shares for individual investors would be 100 shares. Although retail investors are expected to be allowed to pay for shares in tranches, this would still require a higher initial investment than usual in Indian domestic

The issue will be lead managed by SBI Capital Markets and Industrial Development Bank of India. Tony Tossell

# Shake-up lifts Thai Airways

Thai Airways yesterday reported a 210 per cent rise in net profit to Bt587.8m (\$23.2m) for the third quarter as the company's restructuring programme appeared to be paying off. Profit of Bt3.05bn for the first nine months was up 60 per cent compared with the first nine months of last Ted Bardacke, Bangkok

# Ship sales lift Orient Overseas

By John Ridding In Hong Kong

Orient Overseas (OOIL), the Hong Kong shipping group, yesterday announced a sharp increase in profits for the first half of the year, as exceptional gains from ship sales helped lift the net result from US\$16.86m to US\$71.42m.

Mr Tung Chee-bwa, group chairman and the front runner to become Hong Kong's post-colonial governor after the territory returns to China next year, described the performance as a good result achieved in difficult market conditions.

\*The container transportation industry is presently suffering from over-capacity in certain trades," Mr Tung said, adding that the group had benefited from improved quality in services, economies of scale, and the implementation of consortium arrangements on important trading routes.

The second half is traditionally the more profitable period. However, the group warned that it would continue to be affected by over-

ture of UK and Australian

interests - yesterday joined

the list of potential bidders

for Australia's main air-

ports, which are due to pri-

The Anglo-Australian

group, Australian Airports

Limited, brings together the

UK's National Express

Group, which owns airports

and other transport interests

in the UK and Europe: Port-

land Group, a private Lon-

don-based airport consul-

tancy business; Gandel, the

Australian retail property developer; and AIDC, a local

The AAL team also

includes several senior exec-

utives who were previously

with the Federal Airports

Corporation, the current operator of the 22 airports up

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Collateralized Mortgage Obligations, Class A-1

CUSIP Number 619102AA4\*

Accordingly on the Earliest Bond Redemption Dure, upon receipt of requisite funds from the Issuer, payment of the Principal and Interest will be made upon presentation and surrender of the Bonds at the following offices of the Trustee:

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BY HAND

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Tung Chee-bwa: a good result in difficult market conditions \$29.82bn to \$52.26bn, A sharp

AAL said vesterday that it

was interested in the three

airports likely to be sold in

bourne, Brisbane and Perth.

It also had a "strong inter-

est" in some of the smaller

regional aimorts which will

The second consortium is

be sold later.

Operating profits during was more than offset by an

on rates on certain rontes vessels which were charthe first half rose from matched by the acquisition

tered back for 10 years. The sale of ships has been period the company took delivery of three new ships with capacity of 4,950 TEUs

tinue to be affected by over-capacity and that pressure arising from the sale of three (twenty foot equivalent

# New bidders for | Hollinger ahead Australia airports to \$6.6m in term

Hollinger International, Mr with \$4.3m in 1995.

being formed by Hudson Conway, a Victorian property group, which is also the largest shareholder in the company that runs a lucrative, but controversial, casino in Melbourne. Hudson Conway said that it intended to bid for Melbourne Airport

The two new names add to the list of interested parties, which include BAA, of the UK, which has teamed up with two local institutions; Lend Lease-Brambles; West-field and the US-owned Airport Group Australia; and Schipol, of the Netherlands, with Commonwealth

# By Raymond Snoddy

newspaper group whose Telegraph in the UK, has earnings of \$6.6m, compared

21 cents, in 1995.

interests include The Daily reported second-quarter

Under pressure from increased newsprint costs and a number of non-recurring ltems such as the launch of a new magazine for the Sunday Telegraph, net earnings for the six months to June 1996 were \$2.6m, or 3 cents a share. This compares with \$12m, or

1995 and the first quarter of the newspaper price war in 1996. Prices have now begun to ease, and by June this revenue advanced by \$3.8m.

Total revenues for the group in the quarter increased 13.4 per cent to \$267.2m, from \$235.6m in 1995, largely because of higher cover-price revenue in the UK and the impact of newly-acquired community newspapers in the US.

In the International Newspaper Group, which includes the Daily Telegraph, second-

quarter operating revenues were \$113.5m, an increase

# year the average had

Revenues for the US Newspaper Group were \$153.7m, an increase of \$14.1m. Earnings before tax, interest, depreciation and amortisation increased by \$5.1m, or 22 per cent, to \$28.3m.

of \$17.5m, or 18.2 per cent, over 1995. Circulation revenues improved by \$12.1m, helped by cover-price increases as

# dropped to \$675.

The Chicago-Sun Times, the company pointed out, was buying newsprint at an average cost of \$500 a tonne at the beginning of 1995, but this had risen to a peak of \$740 in the last quarter of

Internet company to go

# public - while in profit Tulike most of the E\*Trade to

systems failed twice, leading the company to return \$1.7m to customers who could prove they sustained losses by being unable to complete

tures on the creation of a rapidly, compared with the boards frequented by individual online investors.

Institutional investors. however, are not deterred by what they see as one of the "These kinds of glitches

Industry analysts believe the entire sector is about to take off, as use of the Internet spreads and investors are attracted by the money they can save using on-line brokeragee. Forrester Research, a technology research and consulting firm, estimates that there will be 800,000 online brokerage accounts by the end of this year which could grow

approximately \$55 it costs to trada 100 shares at a traditional discount brokerage. E\*Trade, which was founded in 1982 to offer

online services for several discount brokerages and later launched its own brokerage, has seen explosive growth in its Internet service. Since the service was launched in February, trading volume has jumped from 1,300 transactions in the first full week of service to 10,900 by the last full week of June.

ter. E"Trade's founder, watched an investor place computer.

Lisa Bransten

### ISIN Number US 619102AA+++\* Common 001 006517\*\* Internet companies that have sold their Offer shares NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT pursuant to Section 17 of the Series Supplement to the Indenture dated as of March 26, 1987 between Mertigage Capital Trust I, a trust acting through Wilmington Trust Company, not in its individual capacity but solely as Owner Trustee (the "Issuer") and Bankers Trust Company, Trustee (the "Trustee"), the Issuer has elected to redeem in whole on September 3, 1996 (the "Earliest Brust Residentition Date") its COLLATERALIZED MORTGAGE OBLIGATION, Class A-1 (the "Bonds") at a price equal to 100% of the carreint principal amount thereof (the "Redempton Presc"). The amount of principal parable per US\$1,000.00 original principal amount is US\$106.249305, the amount of interest payable per US\$1,000.00 original principal amount is US\$106.249305, the amount of interest payable per US\$1,000.00 original principal amount is US\$106.249305. shares to the public in the past 12 months, E\*Trade after year of Group, a leading on-line brokerage that is set to launch

&T Services Tennessee, Inc. Corporate Trust and Agency Group Securities Payment Unit 648 Grastmere Park Road Nashville, TN 37230

ent on the Bonds and interest shall come to accrue on the Bonds on

MORTGAGE CAPITAL TRUST I

an initial public offering today or early next week, is more than a year old and has turned a profit. But 12 months after Net-

scape Communications ignited the frenzy for Internet shares by offering its stock at about 20 times annualised revenues - it had no profits at that time -E\*Trade will sell its shares for less than half that figure amid the recent turbulence in technology shares. When E\*Trade filed in

May to sell its shares, with Internet companies' shares soaring to record highs, it intended to sell 6.8m shares for as much as \$14 each, valuing the company at nearly \$425m. Market conditions were a primary factor in the company's decision to to 4.7m and reduce the upper end of the estimated price range to \$12. That puts a value of up to \$341m on the company - about 8 times annualised revenues.

successful trading

That loss, plus expendiback-up facility, caused the company to report a loss of \$2.4m in the latest quarter and led to a wave of negative publicity on the bulletin

best and most profitable early uses of the Internet are just part of the Internet

to as 1.3m by the end of 1998. Fees for online trades range from flat fees of \$9.95 to about \$35 and are falling

A far cry from 13 years ago, when Mr William Por-

reduce the number of shares and online trading; they are solvable," says Ms Kathleen Smith, a technology analyst at Renaissance Capital, an IPO research firm. "They are going to trip up here and there, but they are not going the first share order over a Market shakiness is not to change the dynamics of the only worry among investors. In May, E\*Trade's strong."

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### **COMPANIES AND FINANCE: EUROPE**

# Investment side drives 36% rise at ABN Amro

By Stmon Kuper in Amsterdam and John Gapper in London

ABN Amro, the Dutch bank, yesterday reported a 36 per cent rise in net profits for the first half of the year, from Fi 1.24bn to Fi 1.70bn (\$1.02bn), matching the strong growth of most of its Euro-

< Y

Mr Jan Kalff, chairman, said: "It bas gone better throughout the whole bank, but especially in investment banking." The rise beat analysts' forecasts of Fl 1.5bn in net profits, and the shares gained

2 per cent to F1 95.40. Mr Kalff said to lift its relatively small presence profits growth in the second half in fund management, and there would not be as strong. "It could was likely to be an aunouncement be that there will be a bit of mar in the second half.

Sweden, turned in a profit. Equity broking in London and the Netherlands was strongly profitable.

Mr Nick Bannister, chief execu-

tive of ABN Amro Houre Govett, said it was examining acquisitions

gin erosion, because of the enormous competition in the markets."

Analysts said the bank was mous competition in the markets."

The bank's equity broking profits growth would have been operations in continental Europe, nearly 50 per cent but for provi-known as ABN Amro Hoare Govett sions of almost FI 100m. These and which include Alfred Berg in were taken against the planned shift to the euro currency, changes in computer systems forced by the "millennium bug", and the cost of

developing a new cash card.

The bank has traditionally The bank has traditionally Mr Bannister said revenues for from earnings per share up 34 per aimed for even profits growth. "By ABN Amro Hoare Govett were 65 cent to F14.92.

providing for these large sums so soon, we are on the very conserva-tive side," Mr Kalff said. The intro-duction of the euro would cost ABN Amro Fl 100m-Fl 150m over eral large companies. the next four years.

Sales rose 22 per cent to F19.33hr, with net interest revenue up 13 per cent to F15.59bn. Com-mission income rose a quarter to Fl 2.47bn, mainly because of the bank's foreign securities business, while income from trading jumped 86 per cent to F1904m.

per cent up, while costs rose 10 per cent. He said Hoare Govett's corpo-rate broking operation in London had a record period, recruiting sev

However, he cautioned there had been signs in July and August of a drop in volumes. "We see the cycle becoming more difficult. We are quite cynical about the build-up by some of our competitors at this point in the cycle," he said. The interim dividend rises 13 per

cent to Fi 1.80 from Fl 1.60, payable

# Currency shifts hold back Astra

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First-half profits at Astra, the Swedish pharmaceuticals group, fell short of market expectations as adverse corrency effects slowed the sales growth of the company's leading drugs.

(\$1.01bn), an increase of 7 which has regularly delivered double-digit earnings growth in recent years, saw its most traded A shares fall SKr9 to SKr274.50 vesterday.

currency shifts - primarily the krona's weakness Losec's underlying sales against the dollar depressed profits by about

stressed that underlying become the world's top-seller sales growth remained this month, overtaking Zan-robust, and said it had out-tac, the anti-ulcer agent performed the market in Europe and the US.

Sales of Losec, the anti-ul-cer agent which accounts for nearly half of group revenues, rose from SKr7.7bn to SKr8.55bn. Total Losec sales Pre-tax profits edvanced - including the US, where it from SKr6.3bn to SKr6.76bn is marketed in a joint venture with Merck, the US per cent but some SKr200m pharmaceuticals group -below forecasts. Astra, were SKr11.8bn, against were SKr11.8bn, against SKr10.5bn.

The company had noted no business side-effects from widely-publicised allegations Kr9 to SKr274.50 yesterday. of sexual harassment against The negative impact of its former head of US operations earlier this year. growth in the US was more than 40 per cent, Astra said.

made by Glaxo Wellcome of the UK.

Investors have expressed concern at the threat to Losec from Pantoprazole, an ulcer agent manufactured by Germany's Byk Gulden, after Astra in June dropped legal action against Byk Gulden over alleged patent infringements. But Astra confounded the fears, claiming it had increased its market share in Germany in the second quarter from about 35 per cent to 37 per cent, while Pantoprazole sales were flat.

Sales of Pulmicort, its antiasthma agent, rose from SKr2.2bn to SKr2.8bn, or 14 depressed profits by about than 40 per cent, Astra said. per cent excluding currency respiratory and car SKr600m. However, Astra It expected the drug to influences. The company lar areas," he said.

on the US market early in

1997. Astra said sales of the beta blocker Seloken, its largest product in the cardiovascular range, progressed from SKr1.21bn SKr1.24bm.

Earnings per share advanced from SKr7.40 to SKr7.88. Turnover was SKr19.1bn, against

Mr Peter Abelin, a Stock-

holm-based pharmaceuticals analyst, said Astra would experience more sluggish growth in the medium term. but immediate prospects remained bright, especially in the US. The underlying growth is still there in [Astra's] gastrointestinal, respiratory and cardiovascu-



# **UPM** offers gloomy forecast for paper industry

By Greg McIvor

UPM-Kymmene of Finland. products group, yesterday doused hopes of a rapid pulp sector next year.

1997, with some companies seeing prices as high as 1995 Europe's biggest forestry levels, was at best prema-

In Finnish newspaper recovery in the industry interview, Mr Niemela said with a pessimistic forecast of he saw no indication of a demand in the paper and "real resumption" of enduser purchases. The current Mr Juha Niemelä, UPM- higher level of demand,

wholesalers, he said. Niemelä's comments might

have been triggered by a 150,000 tome increase in global pulp inventories in July from 1.51hn tonnes the previous month.

bit nervous as to what is would take several months and 1997 was brighter across Kymmene chief executive, which has helped to lift pulp happening. Demand is very for the trend to be reflected most of its product lines, said recent talk of an prices, was chiefly a reflect low and destocking has in forestry industry earn-aided by rising pulp prices

tion of stock adjustments by stopped slightly," said one ings. UPM-Kymmene's London-based paper and Analysts suggested Mr packaging industry analyst.

Viemelä's comments might Mr Niemelä said the Finnish group's earnings in May to August had been weaker

than in the four months before. He stressed that even revious month.

if strong economic growth last week. Stora said the outlook for the rest of the year

shares slipped FM0.70 to FM102.50 yesterday. This assessment contrasts

with the more optimistic tone struck by Swedish forestry concern Stora, when it reported half-year profits last week. Stora said the out-

Mr Niemelä's concerns reflect falling prices of newsprint, UPM-Kymmene's secoud-biggest income earner. UK newsprint prices were reduced by 5 per cent in June, while similar falls are likely elsewhere in Europe. In the US, market rates for newsprint recently declined from \$600 per tonne to \$570. Pulp derivatives, Page 24

### **NEWS DIGEST**

# Akzo to sell salt units to Cargill

Akzo Nobel, the Dutch chemicals and drugs group, is to sell its North American salt business to Cargill, the financial and commodities group which is the biggest private company in the US. The price, yet to be agreed, is expected by analysts to be ebout equal to the business's

average annual sales of \$450m. Akzo opted for the disposal after its Retsof salt mine in New York state had to be closed inst year because of flooding. "It was clear then that we couldn't hold on to market leadership," Akzo said. It will retain the Retsof mine and distribution centre, while selling the Akzo Nobel Salt headquarters in Pennsylvania and all other operating locations in North America and the Caribbean The business to be sold represents about 3 per cent of Akzo's turnover. There are still lew suits pending against Akzo over Retsof, but there were no "major claims", the group said yesterday.

Mr Charles Sullivan, president of Cargill's sait division said: "The acquisition will enable us to become a lower-cost producer." Cargill said that after the deal it could produce about 8m tonnes of rock salt, 2m tonnes of evaporated salt and 2.5m tonnes of soda salt a year. Mr Peter Blair, analyst at Salomon Brothers, estimated this would make Cargill the second-largest salt business in the US, behind Morton International.

Mr Blair said that when the Retsof mine closed, Akzo Nobel Salt had had to import salt from South America. "It became a distribution rather than a chemicals business. So it is a stand-alone business which is really non-core." The disposal was "a good move". It would approximately double the size of Cargill's salt business. The companies hope to close the deal this year. Simon Kuper, Amsterday

# WestLB lifts operating profit

Westdeutsche Landesbank, Germany's biggest public sector bank, lifted operating profits 10 per cent to DM556m (\$374.8m) in the first half of 1996. Mr Friedel Neuber, chairman, expected a "satisfactory result" for the full year, despite the costs of increasing its foreign currency business and preparing for European monetary

The bank increased net interest income 7 per cent to DM1.84bn. Commission income was up 21 per cent to DM351m, helped by the acquisition at the start of the year of Panmure Gordon, the UK stockbroker. Own-account trading profits were 28 per ceut higher at DM184m. All comparisons are with half of the full 1995 result. On a calendar basis, first-half operating profits were up 18 per

WestLB's costs rose 7.5 per cent to DM1.46bn, reflecting the Panmure acquisition, the consolidation of property activities and investment in computer systems. The bank raised risk provisions 11 per cent to DM391m. Reporting separately, Landesbank Rheinland-Pfalz, in which WestLB has a 37.5 per cent stake, said operating profits rose 16 per cent to DM149m in the first half, with net profits 26 per cent higher at DM76m. Mr Klaus Adam, chairman, said the full year's result would be higher than Andrew Fisher, Frankfur

# Start-up costs hit CME in first half

At a loss to explain 10-year scandal

By Kevin Done.

ploneer of private commer than tripled from \$1.4m to first six months. cial television in central and .\$4.6m in the second quarter, eastern Europe, suffered a and jumped from \$4.8m to sharp fall in first-half operat \$12.4m for the six months. ing profits, from \$15.2m a year ago to \$5.1m.

It blamed the impact of the costs of starting new commercial television operations in Romania and Slovenia in Group turnover rose 31 per

cent to \$61.8m, supported by the new stations and by \$6.8m. increased advertising revenues in the Czech Republic.

has hit the Danish company,

cleaning group. The uncov-

ering of systematic false

accounting in its US business was "an earthquake of great dimensions", he said.

to its foundations. A year

source of pride in Denmark. Being able to boast 120,000

employees worldwide and

annual turnover approaching DKr15bn (\$2.6bn), the

man who had built up the company over 30 years, Mr Poul Andreassen, was preparing to step down in

layour of a new chief execu-tive, Mr Waldemar Schmidt.

Yesterday, Mr Andreasse

quit the board and Mr

Schmidt was left to explain the disaster that led ISS to

report a net loss of DKr2bn

for the first half of this year.

and attempt to point the way

back to recovery.
The losses were blamed on what ISS says was a deliber-

ate and systematic falsifica-tion of accounts by finance staff in its US division, the

group's biggest unit, that over 10 years led to repeat-edly over-inflated profit

just a tweaking of the accounts," Mr Schmidt admitted grimly. "Our mar-gins between 1989 and 1996

in the US were really about

DKribn over the period."

0.5 per cent, not the 4 per the accounts were faisified.

The effects were laid out dence has so far been uncov-

in painful detail in yester- ered suggesting any of those

"We are not talking about

ago, it was riding high, a

Revelations of false accounting

rne Madsen, the day's half-year results state-stern faced chairman ment. A total of \$146m of ISS, did not mince (DKr845m) in charges and

his words yesterday when provisions were made to

describing the calamity that cover the losses resulting

The affair has shaken ISS slumped from DKr2.6bn at 0 its foundations. A year the end of last year to

have badly shaken ISS

the world's biggest contract business.

This was blamed on the start-up of new operations, the development of additional licences, and continu-ing problems at two regional television affiliates in Berlin and Nuremburg, where the group's share of losses in the first half was \$5.9m, against

Nova TV, the Czech television subsidiary in which ing in February 1994, and Mr In the second quarter, CME recently raised its Fertig said the new stations in Hungary and Poland.

from the affair in the US

A further DKr1.2bn in goodwill related to the US operation was written off in the profit and loss account.

DKr729m at the end of June.

deception was painfully sim-

ple. It took place both in the core cleaning business of the

division and in the self-

insurance business ISS runs

to cover its own employees.

ment were provided with

false documentation about

ments were made before and

after audits to confirm the

false documentation," said

Mr Jorn Wendel Andersen,

embarrassing questions raised about why group

management and the auditors - Arthur Andersen, in

New York - failed to spot

the scandal. Mr Schmidt now

admits that the ISS US unit

was allowed extensive independence. "The view was it had the necessary resources

to run its own internal con-

trols," he says. A "forensic"

andit is also under way to determine if there was negli-

gence on the part of Arthur

The big mystery is why

Mr Schmidt says that no evi-

There are inevitably

"Fictitious account state-

Auditors and group mans

the state of the business.

chief finance officer.

ISS executives say the

Shareholders'

Turnover at Nova TV.

which has quickly emerged as the main money-spinner in the CME group, climbed 11.9 per cent in the first six months, to \$52.9m. Mr Leonard Fertig, CME chief executive, said divi-dends from Nova TV on its

profits to the end of 1995 had already covered 107 per cent of the group's original US dollar investment.

Nova TV began broadcast-

Poul Andreassen: forced to step down amid controversy

after losing that title to Mr Mr Schmidt struggled to Schmidt. But Mr Schmidt emphasis yesterday, the

factor.

involved made personal

gains. "I can't exactly see what the motive was," he

ISS says six people have been fired or suspended -

including Mr Michael Dodas,

the former chief of finance in the US division. The affair

was uncovered by Mr Martin

O'Hallaran in May this year, after he succeeded Mr

Henrik Slipsager as chief

executive of the US operations.

been triggered by rivalry

over the succession to Mr Andreassen as group chief executive. Mr Slipsager quit

himself says he does not

pressure from group head-

accept that theory. He also shape. rejects the idea that severe

The Danish press has speculated that the affair might have

Says.

operating profits fell from stake from 66 per cent to 88 in Romania and Slovenia East Europe Correspondent \$10.8m to \$7.7m, while turn per cent, lifted operating were showing "similar over rose 35 per cent from profit in the second quarter, growth trends". The group from \$14.5m to \$16.2m, and was "on target" with its Enterprises (CME), the US "The group's net loss more from \$21.4m to \$22.1m in the financial results and in its long-term efforts "to expand | aggressively" in central and

east Europe, Mr Fertig said. CME is moving into Slovakla with the launch of the country's first national commercial television station on August 31. The channel will initially reach more than 53 per cent of the 5.4m population, with full coverage by 1998.

CME aimed to launch a national television station in Ukraine in early 1997, and was pursuing new licences

quarters to increase perfor-

mance may have been a

false accounting was prompted by profit-releted

pay schemes also does not

stand up to scrutiny, ISS

officials say.
Whatever the motive, ISS

must now pick up the pieces. The main thrust is to sell e

majority share of the ISS US

unit to a partner by the end of the year. That way, ISS would keep an interest in

the business but remove it

from its own balance sheet,

eliminating group debt and

- it is hoped - restoring some health to the ISS

Elsewhere in the world,

emphasis yesterday, the

business is in pretty good

**Hugh Carnegy** 

Other speculation that the

The Financial Times plans to publish a Survey on

# IMF/World Bank:

World Economy & Finance

on Friday, September 27.

To coincide with the IMF/World Bank meetings in Washington in 1996 • Special distribution to 6000 delegates at the meeting • New emerging markets

The FT is judged as the world's most important financial publication worldwide. Source: ING Bank Survey 95.

For further information please contact Hannah Pursall in London on +44 171 873 4167 or Fax + 44 171 873 4296 or Tim Hart in the USA on + 1.212 752 4500,

Liz Vaughan in Hong Kong on +852 2868 2863.

# U.S. \$500,000,000 National Westminster Bank

hereby given that for the six months interest period from August 16, 1996 to February 18, 1997 the Notes will carry an interest Flate of 5.875% per annum. The interest payable on the relevant interest payment date, February 18, 1997 against Coupon No. 24 will be U.S. \$3,035.42 and U.S. \$303.54 respectively for Notes in denominations of U.S. \$100,000 and U.S. \$10,000.

By: The Chase Manhattan Bank London, Agent Bank August 16, 1996

# Primary Capital FRNs (Series "B") In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is

### THAI CARS LIMITED US\$250,000,000

SECURED GUARANTEED FRN due February 2002 in accordance with the terms and

conditions of the Notes, the rate of interest applicable for the interest period Aug 14, 96 to Nov 14, 96 is 5.72 pct per snown. interest payable on Nov 14, 96

per Note of USD 10,000 will be USD 146.18. Agent Bank Bankers Trust Company

**Hoog Kong** 

BANQUE NATIONALE

OCHAS

COMPAGNIE DE SAINT GOBAIN Titres participatifs in XEU Coupen on February 18, 1997

For the calculation of the coupon metaring on February 10, 1997, the net consolidated profit (share of the Group) taken into account is FRF 4,212,000,000. As the LIBOR ECU is 4.46484%, the minimum coupon so calculated produces an anamal interest rate of 4.33984%. As the applicable TMOE is 6.875%, the coupon to calculated produces an annual interest rate of 8.386%. Therefore, the semi-annual coupon payable on February 10, 1997, will be BCU 41.93 per stre participant of XEU

U.S. \$300,000,000 Republic of Indonesia Floating Rate Notes due Pebruary 2001 in accordance with the provisions of the Nobes, notice is hereby given that for the Nobes, notice is hereby given that for the internet Period from August 18, 1969 to February 18, 1967 the Nobes will carry an increast not of 5.0375% per annum. The internet populate on the relevant internet cayment date. February 18, 1967 will be U.S. \$7,080.27 ered U.S. \$308.77 respectively for Nobes in despondances of U.S. \$350.000.

(3): The Chart Medicates Bank Landon, April State

Programme for the lessones of Dely lucin massite GBP 50,000,009 Floating to Fixed Rate Moles due 1996 Series 54 Translet 1

Notice is hereby given that the rate of interest for the particl from August 14th, 1996 to Auvember 14th, 1996 he been fleed at 6.175 per clert. The custom amount due for this period is GBP 1.556.44 per denomination of GBP 100,000 and is inputable on the interest payment date November 14th, 1996.

# Mezzanine Capital Corporation Limited (In Liquidation)

Notice to the holders of the Bean's Depository Receipts ("BDRs") evidencing Participating Redomnable Preterence Shares of US 1 cent each ("Stares") of Mezzanine Capital Corporation Limited (in Liquidation) (the Company")

Notice of Extraordinary General Meeting

No. 1 A.C. IS INCREDITY SAYEN TO THE DOMERS OF the BDPs that Chemical Bank (Guerneey) Limited ("the Depositary") has received notice from the Company that an Extraordinary Ganeral Meeting of the members of the Company will be hald at Newton House, Bath Street, St. Heller, Jersey, Channel Intende on Friday, 13th September, 1996 at 11.00s.m. to consider and if thought fit, to pass the following resolutions:

1. THAT the Company's Articles of Association, be amended in order to erse with the audit of the annual report and accounts.

TO receive and consider the Accounts and Selance Sheet and Reports of the Joint Liquidators for the year ended 30th June, 1996. TO transact any other business which may proposty be transacted at an Edwardinary General Meeting.

EXTRACORED CONTRACT MEMORING.

BOR holders have the right to attend and speak at the Edwardingry General Meeting but not themselves to vote therest. BOR holders may however instruct the Depository as to the exercise on their behalf of the voting rights attributable to the shares evidenced by the BDRs which they hold.

Instructions as to voting must be given either to the Depositary or to a Paying Agent, Cedel or Euroclear (a "Paying Agent") in writing not inter than Prictay, 6th September, 1996 and must be accompanied by the BDR in respect of the Shares for which such instructions are given. The Depositary or relevant Paying Agent must be satisfied that such BDR is held in a blocked account to its order until after Friday, 19th September, 1996. Voting instruction forms may be obtained from any Paying Agent.

obtained from any Paying Agent. On deposit of a BDR with or to the order of a Paying Agent the holder thereof may obtain a receipt which will entitle him to attend and speak at the Extraordinary General Meeting.

BORs deposited with or to the order of a Paying Agent will not be released until the first to occur of (A) the conclusion of the above-mentioned meeting or any adjournment thereof or (B) the surrender to the Paying Agent, not less then 48 hours before the time for which such meeting or any adjournment thereof is convenect, of the receipt issued by the Paying Agent in respect of each such deposited BOR which is to be released or the BDR or BDRs cooking with its agreement to be held to its order. The Paying Agent strail promptly give notice to the Depository of such surrender or release.

Copies of the Company's Annual Report may be obtained from any of the Paying Agents listed blow and Euroclear and Cadel.

Depositary and Principal Paying Agent Chemical Bank (Guernsey) Limited, Albert House, PO Box 92, South Esplanade,

Paying Agents
Bankers Trust Lucembourg S.A.,
PO Box 807, 14 Boxleverd FD Rocsevelt,
Lucembourg, Grand Duchy of Lucembourg Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 14 Place Vendôme, 75001 Paris, France St. Peter Port, Guernsey Dated 16th August, 1996

by: Chemical Bank (Guerneey) Limited Depositary



China Overseas Land & Investment Limited (Incorporate was limited liability a Hong Kong) ANNOUNCEMENT

ent to the conversion price in respect of the U.S. \$150,000,000 5.25 per cent. Convertible Guaranteed Bonds due 2000 (ske "Bonds")

lessed by Chima Overseas Land & Investment Cayman Limited (Incorporated with lumed bability in the Cayman Islands) convertible into shares of, and curranteed by,

China Oversess Land & Investment Limited

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that on 18th July, 1996, the Board of Direction of Chic NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that on 18th July, 1996, the Board of Derectors of China Overseas Land & Investment Luntuel (the "Outstantor") announced an arrangement on the placing of 390,000,000 shares in the Outstantor (the "Shares") held by China Overseas Holdings Luntuel (the "Vendor") and a subscription (the "Shares") held by China Overseas Holdings Luntuel (the "Vendor") and a subscription (the "Subscription") by the Vendor of an equal number of Shares placed. The Subscription was completed on Jist July, 1996 as a subscription price, in aggregate, of HK 5763,088,995.50, equivalent to approximately HK 51957 per Share, representing a discount of approximately 14th 51957 per Share, representing a discount of approximately 51.6 per cent, to the sverage closing price of HK 52.03 per Share as quoted on The Social Backange of Hong Kong Limited from 11th July, 1996 to 17th July, 1996. In accordance with Clause (18th/n) of the Trust Deed dated 8th December, 1993 constituting the Boards (the "Trust Deed"), with effect from 31ts July, 1996, being the date of state of the new Shares under the Subscriptions, the curversants price at which new Shares will be seared upon the exercise of convention rights strucking to the Boards will be adjusted from HK 52.69 for accordance with Clause 7(H1) of the Trust Deed and the remaining HK 80.096 will be carried forward and taken into secous for any subsequent adjustments. The adjustment has been communed by Kwan Wong Tan & Fong, the auditors of the Gustrantoe.

By order of the Board China Overseas Land & Investment Cayman Limited
Dames Riley
Dames

The Man dientify

and the ad for issue

luternational penetration

and develop new applica-

sales of \$51.1m.

equipment company.

only temporary.

Most industry analysts welcomed the latest deal and

predicted the fall in share-

holder funds would prove

because it gives Fairey

increased exposure to the

fast-growing optical fibre industry", said Ms Jillian McIntyre of Kleinwort Ben-

Fairey shares rose 15p to

ruled out a deal with British

Sky Broadcasting, the satel-

lite venture controlled by Mr

Rupert Murdoch's News Cor-

poration. But Flextech,

This would give it a licen

sing agreement, with six

TCI could also give BBC channels a vital entrée into the US cable market.

Flextech announced yes-

terday a slight deepening of

its pre-tax losses to £7.9m

(£7.4m), before exceptionals.

During the period, Flex-

tech strengthened its portfo-

lio of channels by acquiring

controlling interests in

Home Shopping Network

Direct and The Family Chan-

Total turnover increased

to £24.8m, compared with

£15.2m in 1995.

for the six months

June.

"It's a good strategic movs

**Fusion purchase** 

boosts Fairey

electronic side

Fairey Group, the specialist

engineer, yesterday bought Fusion UV Systems of the

make Fairey one of the

world's leading manufactur-

ers of ultraviolet curing systems, used mostly in

coating optical fibres and

semiconductor components.

Mr John Poniter, chief

executive, said the purchase

would be funded from bor-

rowings - including \$100m raised from private institu-

tional placements in the US.

As Fusion has net assets of \$25m, Fairey will write off

\$101m in goodwill, which

will leave the company with

negative shareholder funds.

It said pro-forma net dabt

would be about £100m, with

interest cover of more than

The deal follows more

than two years of talks

between Fairey and Nasdaqquoted Fusion Systems Cor-

poration. The US group

decided to sell its curing sub-

sidiary and concentrate

instead on large semiconduc-

By Raymond Snoddy

Fisxtech, the cabls and

satellite channel group, yes-

terday emerged as favorrite

to conclude a deal with the

It became clear that nego-

tiations on a joint venture

BBC satellite channels under

The negotiations are being

supported at the highest level at both the BBC and

TCL the Denver media group

which owns 51 per cent of

Mr John Maloue, chief

executive of TCL, the largest

cable television operator in

the US and also a significant

through its Liberty Media

company, is putting his weight behind the talks.

BBC plans for new satel-

lite channels include: Show-

case, a drama-based channel:

Horizons, a natural history

and world channel; Arena,

an arts service; and Sports-

The corporation has not

provider

rogramme

the Flextech umbrella.

Mr Poulter said Fairey 641p.

Flextech likely to

Pearson.

secure BBC deal

The deal is expected to

US for \$126m.

of intensive care".

insurance premiums.

# Lloyd's vehicle faces hostile bid

By Ralph Atláns.

Lloyd's of London was poised last night for the first hostile takeover bld among the new generation of corporate capital providers that are increasingly dominating

the insurance market. The Benfield & Rea Investment Trust, an insurance investment vehicle chaired by Mr Matthew Harding, the millionaire backer of Chelsea Football Cinb, launched a surprise £79.6m (\$124m) bid to acquire HCG, another

agreed merger with rival

The deal marked another stage in the transformation of Lloyd's which in the past three years has seen market forces increasingly determine which investors back its insurance syndicates.

about to pull off a dramatic turnround was lifted by the failure yesterday of a lastminute attempt by rebel Names to have the market's £3.2bn recovery plan declared illegal. In spite of the defeat for

Group - representing Names who paid bills and believe those who did not are benefiting unfairly - the recovery plan still faces a potentially destructive legal

Names are individuals whose assets have tradition-Confidence that Lloyd's is ally supported the insurance market - but now face competing with limited liability corporate capital for places on the best syndicates.

challenge in the US.

Mr Harding, a soccessful reinsurance broker, said Lloyd's needed further fun-damental change "before it CLM said its proposed

last mouth announced an the Paying Names Action can be considered to be out merger has the potential to The Benfield & Rea trust HCG shareholders but would not comment on whether it was set up last year to invest in Lloyd's companies and might increase its bid.

On last night's closing other insurance ventures which it believed ware prices. Benfield & Rea undervalued It already owns Trust's bid values HCG at 122p a share, with a cash alternative of 117p. CLM is 11.5 per cent of HCG, which this year has the capacity to offering 110p a share, valuunderwrite business generating HCG at £71.8m. CLM is ing more than £120m in advised by BZW. Rea Brothers, the bank, and Last night HCG said it was 'considering carefully" the Phoenix Securities, the corporate finance boutlque, are acting for the Benfield & Rea latest offer and advised shareholders to take no

# Scottish launches review of Southern

Mr Mlke Kinski has launched a fundamental review of Southern Water in his first week as chief executive, after its takeover by

A "transition team" is to mount an efficiency drive in all areas of the water utility during a three-mouth review. The tactics represent a rerun of those employed at Manweb, the regional electricity company taken over by Scottish last year.

Mr Kinski, who spent nine months at Manweb masterminding its integration, said the review was going to analyse each part of the business", but stressed he had an open mind.

The integration is expec-ted to yield operating and capital expenditure savings. Oue analyst admitted that estimates of £40m-£45m savings in operating costs slightly finger-in-theair", but the group "needed to achieve something in that region to justify the premium paid"

The multi-utility paid £1.67bu for Southern in June, a premium of 54 per cent to the level immediately before its original bid. A battle with Southern Electric, the regional electricity com-Most savings are expected



Sizing up the situation: Mike Kinski, who conducted a similar exercise at Manweb, says his mind is open regarding Southern

to come from closing be reduced. Southern's head office, combined with rationalisation of information technology and customer service.

be no compulsory redundan-

The new management is also expected to beat expectetions of about 15 per cent savings from Southern's Scottish has said there will £1.2bn five-year capital expenditure programma.

business operates and taking Kinski. on more risk.

The review involves 12 managers, mostly from Scot-tisb, working alongside local service provision. Sonthern counterparts at just over 4,000 is expected to make savings by changing managers will report directly

the way the contracting to a small team led by Mr

He said this week that prihad been formally authorcrities would be Southern's ised by the BBC's board of governors.

The aim is to conclude a local service provision. deal within the next three months to launch at least six

Mr Kinski expects to spend two to three years at

# Brisk sales lift Haden MacLellan

By Tim Burt

Haden MacLellan Holdings, the diversified engineering group, yesterday announced se in first half profits, following strong demand for its paintsbop equipment and industrial

Shares in the company rose 9p to 90p - albeit in the non-core businesses in thin trading - after it this area - including the reported pre-tax profits up from £4.5m (\$7m) to £6.3m on manufacturer - within the sales of £278.4m (£215.4m) in the six months to June 30.

Mr Richard Taylor, group managing director, said it ucts packaging business and was a creditable perfor- Duport Harper foundry maoce, given the difficult which together contributed

6 miths to April 30 6 miths to June 30 6 miths to June 30

\_ 6 mths to June 30

English & Scottish ...... 6 mths to July 31 170.9 (171.8 )

Foreign & Colonial ... 6 inthe to June 30" 168.82 (141.49)

s & ... 6 mms to June 30 318.6

Holland \_\_\_\_\_ 6 mins to June 30 rion Ports \_\_\_ 6 mins to June 30

9 miles to June 30

6 mits to June 29 52.2
6 mits to June 29 57.7
6 mits to July 31 34.1
6 mits to July 31 33.8

RESULTS

Micro Focus ...

some of its non-core manu- its. facturing and distribution

the manufacturing and distribution division reported flat gains of £2.1m (£2m).

Mr Taylor hinted that the group would probably sell all Butterley bridges and cranes next two years.

So far this year, it has already sold its Brown Prod-

(22.5 ) 0.5804 (247 ) 2.28L (15.2 ) 12L4 (215.4 ) 8.3 (8.586 ) 1.4799 (84.8 ) 6.259 (53.1 ) 1.58 (36.8 ) 9.46L4 (26.6 ) 1.61 (17.8 ) 0.543 (14.4 ) 2.52

10.91

profit (Em)

(7.43L) (4.5) (850) (7.24) (2.1)

(4.47L4) (1.61 ) (0.69 ) (2.19 ) (0.677 )

(2.512 )

Earnings shown basic. Dividends shown net. Figures in brackets are for corresponding period. After exceptional charge. VAtter exceptional cradit; †On increased capital. Third quarterly; makes 8p to date. "Comparatives resisted.

conditions pravailing in about \$800,000 to group prof- fits of a £114m paint shop

The unexciting performance in the manufacturing first half sales. While total operating prof- and distribution division results in process engineering and fasteners.

Process engineering, dominated by Haden's paint finishing systems for the automotive industry, saw profits rise from £1.6m to £2.4m on sales of £129.3m (£72.5m).

Mr Taylor said the profits would have been better still had it not been higher-thanexpected installation costs at

one US motor plant. Nevertheless, the group continued to enjoy the bene-

EPS &

(1.56

10.04L† 3.7 17.9

11.85 2.53 92.2L 1.4 3.84 15.85

Current oryment (b)

1,628

0.425

Date of

Sept 11

1.25

contract from Land Rover, which contributed £50m to A £27m stage payment on

with £13.9m of cash, compared with £9.4m of borrowings last time. The fasteners business

meanwhile, saw profits increase from £1.6m to £2.5m including a £500,000 contribution from IFS, the fasten-ers manufacturer acquired earlier this year for £17m including debt.

Earnings per share rose from 2.7p to 3.7p and the interim dividend has been increased to 1.2p (1.1p).

Total less

4.07

11.2 4.85

2.55

# Sea

year's \$91.7m, However, that included the \$100m profit from the sale of Wightlink, the Isle of Wight ferry company. The ferry, train and port operations, which made a loss before excep tionals of \$6.8m last time, recorded profits of \$1.9m.

Hoverspesd dsfied cut-throat competition on the English Channel to record a sharp drop in first half losses.

The company increased passenger numbers by 51. per cent over the first half of last year.

The leisure division uearly doubled profits to \$11.3m (\$6.9m) helped by the acquisitions of Charleston Place and Reid's Hotel

Bowever, although profits from the container shipping business advanced to \$44.8m (\$40.2m) utilisation rates had fallen due to a spate of bankruptcles among its cli-

Earnings per share were \$0.43 (\$7.96).

# **Progress** at Sea

Containers, the Bermuda-based ahlpping, farries and botels group, reported first half profits

Containers

before tax of \$10.9m. This was down from last

GKN, the engineering group, is strengthening its presence in China with an increased stake in a joint venture with

DEG of Germany, and a sec-GKN Automotive is to acquire an additional 15 per cent stake in Shanghai GKN

Drive Shaft from DEG for DM14m (\$9.4m) cash. On completion of the deal GKN will hold 40 per cent and DEG 10 per cent. The balance is held by Chinese

partners, chiefly Shanghai GEN Automotiva Interna-

**GKN** strengthens presence in China tional, also part of GKN's automotive driveline divi-

> joint venture for the manufacture and assembly of constant velocity joints and driveshafts. GKN's partner will be Jilin Jianbei Machinery Manufac-

turer, part of China North Industries Corporation (Norinco). GKN will initially hold 50

sion, is to form a second

per cent of the new company, Jilin GKN Norinco Drive Shaft, but has offered DEG a short-term option to purchase a 10 per cent stake.

# Clerical Medical to slash activities

By George Graham, Banking Correspondent

Fusion last year reported Clerical Medical, the mutual pre-tax profits of \$10m on life assurance and pensions company, is to stop selling policies in the Americas and its UV technology is used by industrial equipment slash its operations to Asia in a bid to haive operating manufacturers to apply costs at its international rapid-drying coatings to a wide range of components, including optical fibres, automobile glass and reflecdivision by 1998.

The company. agreed in March to be taken over by Halifax Building tors.
The deal follows January's Society for about £800m \$75m acquisition of Particle (\$1.25m), does not disclose Measuring Systems, the priprofits or operating costs, vately-owned US contaminabut said the restructuring tion equipment maker, and could mean the loss of up to last year's £18.2m takeover 132 Jobs out of 400. of Loma Group, another privatsly-owned detaction

Clerical Medical's interna ional operations accounted for £234.9m of £1.12bn new business last year, but have been under review.

The company said yesterday that it would increase the strength of its UK sales team to support sales to financial advisers in the UK offshore market as well as in continental Europe, the Middle East, Africa and

Hong Kong. Sales arrangements in North and South America will end, as will relationships with financial inter-mediaries in Asian markets such as the Philippines and

Customer service and administration will be centralised at Clerical Medical's Isle of Man office, with international sales and marketing concentrated in Bristol. The group has offices in Ireland, Luxembourg, South Africa and Hong Kong, and sells its policies through local distributors.

through TCI, holds two vital cards in any negotiations. It is close to taking control Mr Douglas Claisse, chair of UK Gold, the cable and man of Clerical Medical International, said the satellite channel based on the programme libraries of group expected to see long term development in the the BBC and Thames Televifive markets it had identision which, like the Financial Times, is a subsidiary of

fied. Clerical Medical officials years to run, for the use of programmes from the BBC

said the restructuring was not connected to the takeover by Halifax, which is due to be completed at the end of the year if the High Court gives its approval.

# Plan for Micro **Focus**

By Paul Taylor

Micro Focus Group, a lossmaking computer software house, yesterday outlined its strategy for returning to profit as it unveiled bigber interim pre-tax losses of £9.46m (\$15m), after restructuring charges. This compared with £4.5m.

Mr Marcelo Gumucio, chief executive, said tha company - which has faced big changes in its markets -had identified three market opportunities.

He said the group would concentrate first on helping its customers move mainframe software development projects to more productive workstations.

The second opportunity would be on the cli-ent/server market while the third would be the year 2,000 market opportunity arising from problems associated with the milleunium date change.

Operating losses rose to £10.3m (£5.65m), on turnover which slipped from

# **USINOR SACILOR** =

Net sales for the second quarter of 1996 Consolidated net sales for the second quarter of 1996 were FRF 18.7 billion compared to

FRF 20.8 billion for the second quarter of 1995. The decline was 9.9% on a constant basis.

in FRF millions	2nd Quarter 1996	2nd Quarter 1995	Change on a constant basis
Rat Carbon Steels	9,318	10.089	- 8.1%
Stainless Steel and Alloys	4.318	5.084	- 15.1 %
Specialty Steels	3,537	4,380	- 15.0%
Other activities	2.251	2,329	- 3.4%
Inter Ohvisional transfers	- 765	- 1,128	
Usinor Saction	18,659	20,754	- 9.9%

The change in net sales between the second quarter of 1995 and the second quarter of 1996 is due to a reduction in volume (a decline of 3.7% in Flat Carbon Steels, 4.7% in Stabiless Steel and Alkeys, and 13.0% in Specialty Steels) and in sales prices (a decline of 4.4% in Flat Carbon Steels, 10.4% in Stainless Steel and Alloys and 2.0% in Specialty Steels).

in total, the net sales for the first half of 1996 have fallen by almost 10% compared to the first half of 1995. This reduction was caused mainly by a slowdown in production following heavy destocking during this period in the distribution channel and by end users.

The impact of price changes was less pronounced than current market conditions due to annual contracts, particularly in the areas where they represent a substantial part of net sales (Specialty Steels and Flat Cartion Steels).

# **CONTRACTS & TENDERS**

The Government of the Republic of Lithuania announces an international competition to tender to prepare the best business plan and statute for Siauliai Free Economic Zone and to choose the Constitutional Group.

interested parties may obtain the specifications and appropriate documents from the following address during working hours from 18th August - 18th December 1996 form (local time); Sigulfai City municipality, (room 310) 62 Vasario 16-osios Str., 5400 Sisulini, Lithuania.

The application to tender should be placed in a sealed envelope which should be marked with the following reference: 'The international compection of Siauliai Free Economic Zone, documents for the competition'.

Applicants should produce the bank document confirming that the amount of 1000 Litas was transferred to Siauliai City Municipality account no. 142121 (or the equivalent amount of 250 US dollars to the currency account no. 130070202) at Siauliai Branch Department of Lithuania State Commercial Bank (Lietuvos valstybinis komercinis bankas)(bank code-260101540). Dvarao 85, 5400 Siaulizi, Lithuania. This is a non-refundable fee.

Information about the organisation of the competition is available from Sigulial City Municipality, room 310: tel. (370-1) 433555; Fax; (370-1) 427575

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# DAEJAN HOLDINGS - PLC -

Mr B. S. E. Freshwater, reports:

- Major property acquisition for £82.5 million. Gearing remains conservative at
- a ratio of 38,1%. Record net rental income of £22.8 million.

 Group remains keen purchaser of quality investments.

Year ended 31 March Net Profit After Tax Dividends Per Share

1996 £14.5m £18.0m 35.0p (proposed)

Copies of the Report and Financial Statements are available from: The Secretary, 162 Shaftesbury Avenue, London WC2H 8HR.

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he South African government, new to the pitfalls of democratic politics, is not yet shy of setting itself very ambitious public goals. The letest on the macroeconomic front is the achievement by 2000 of a sustained 6 per cent annual

growth rate. As the economy acceleretes towards this objective, a total of 833,000 new jobs will be created, says the government. In five years time, according to the blueprint, this should result in the economy producing 409,000 new jobs a year.

The country certainly needs the work. Unemployment, at 33 per cent of the workforce, is still increasing. Only a small percentage of the young people seeking work for the first time this year will find formal employment. On present trends, with the economy growing at only about 3 per cent, the

jobless total would hit 37 per cent by 2000. But the numerical simplicity of the government's targets masks a far more com-plex reality, which is in turn strongly affected by other official ambifions. It is not just jobs that are needed,

Employers are concerned about the shortage of qualified candidates, says Roger Matthews

# South Africa's quest for skills

especially for the unskilled. but an employment profile that more accurately reflects South Africa's racial composition. This has in turn to be

echieved as South Africa comes to terms with rejoining the global economy, producing greater demand for skills, and a larger degree of international labour mobility.
Under apartheld, job func-

tions were largely dictated by race. According to a survey carried out by the FSA-Contact, the human resources consultants, nearly 90 per cent of senior managers are white, a change of less than I per cent over the past three years. But this is predicted to drop to 79 per cant by 1999, with similar falls in the percentage of whites filling middle management and

professional jobs. FSA-Contact reports: "More companies this year feel that the formulation and implementation of an affir-ing on a black person for a candidate does come along, a

mative ection policy is a strategic business decision. Previously, companies had stated that it was due to the desire to overcome the inequalities of the past."

More than 80 per cent of companies in South Africa now have affirmative action policies, although the level of commitment varies considerably. A study of 150 leading companies by the Graduate Business School et the University of Cape Town shows the top 10 per cent in terms of black recruitment have far outstripped the rest. The number of non-white managers in those 15 companies has more than doubled in four years, and should reach 35 per cent by the end of the decade. Others appear unlikely to reach, or have moved, much beyond 10 per

Recruitment agencies also report that some 20 per cent of jobs they are trying to fill stem from employers insist-

particular vacancy, although many have become more cautious about who they will

accept.
"What has changed most over the past two years has been the absolutely chronic shortage of candidates of almost all types," says Mrs Janet Labberte of the DAV personnel group. "Sonth Africa might have an enormous number of unemployed, but so many of them are unskilled. In common with other

agencies, DAV has had to spend more heavily on advertising and to intensify its headhunting activities. "In our executive division. where we are looking for people who can command a salary of over R300.000. (\$66,225) the response is still not too bad. But we did not get e single reply for adver-tisements for e chemical pros engineer with e salary of R100,000, plus a car," says Mrs Labberte. "When e good company can no longer that sort of record unless it skilled people, black and afford to wait. They have to move fast and make an attractive offer."

This particularly epplies to chartered accountants where the premium that can be asked by a well-qualified black professional with two years' experience is considerable. "A young white char-tered accountant just out of articles would be looking to receive about R200,000 a year. A black person, at exactly the same stage, might receive R300,000," says Mrs Labberte. "But things will level out. This sort of difference will not last for

But the emphasis is increasingly on quality, and there is a growing wariness about recruiting candidates who have moved jobs several times to take advantage of higher salaries. Mrs Debbie Bradley, divisional manager of Kessel Feinstein Consulting, says: "We would not interview someone with

was clear they had very good reasons for moving."
Mr John Lambron of

Emmanuels staffing services believes that employers are most likely to retain the staff they have expensively acquired if the accompanying peckage is attractive.

Most professionals would be looking for e competitive salary plus pension, medical insurance, car allowance, help with housing, and per-haps profit sharing, says Mr Lambrou. "What could be as important are the career development opportunities, and increasingly whether a company has an interne-tional dimension which could lead to overseas

employment." Emmanuels will not, however, recruit directly for overseas employment because the company does not believe it should assist talented people to leave the country. But just as the government is hoping that British qualifications, but we

white, will return home, so foreign companies are step-ping up their recruitment drives in South Africa. With the rand having fallen by 20 per cent against the dollar

since mid-February, the

attractions of a salary decominated in e foreign

currency become ever more

"There are quite a lot of

obvious.

people coming back, and quite a lot leaving," says Mrs Bradley. "For South Africans returning home there is no problem. But for others who, for example, come here on holiday, are impressed by the high stan-dards of living and want to stay, it is much more difficult, mainly because the gov-

ernment has become very tough on work permits." This appears to apply equally to blacks and whites. We have had quite a number of applicants from other African countries, with good

they have been unable to get permits to work here," she

Official figures for the past two years show a steady increase in emigration which outstrips by more than 50 per cent the number of immigrants. Britain, Australia, Canada, US and New Zealand, remain the top five destinations. And the reasons for leaving are typically those which afflict e society in transition, such as an increasing crime rate and a perceived decline in other standards, especially educa-tion. Informal surveys have also shown that young black graduates tend to be much more optimistic about career prospects than their white

counterparts. President Nelson Mandela tries his best to prevent this perception from gaining ground, repeatedly stressing that South Africa needs to retain skilled whites. Rapid economic growth which creates an array of new oppor-tunities for black and white is the obvious solution. But even at 3 per cent annual growth, the effect of epartheid in denying skills to so many for so long is already

# **Investment Sales & Marketing**

J. P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (JPMIM) in London is the international investment arm of J.P. Morgan & Co. Incorporated. With \$157 billion under management, it is one of the premier investment management houses in the world. These assets are managed in a wide range of funds, domiciled throughout Europe, which invest in various instruments including US and international equities, bonds, money market and derivative instruments.

JPMIM wishes to recruit a junior sales/marketing individual to join its Insurance Clients Croup. This Group is accountable for the revenues generated by European Insurance clients across the IPMIM offices, using existing investment products. The group will also be responsible for identifying the needs of new investment products and for their development with the investment function.

The successful candidate will be a graduate with 2/4 years in the Insurance industry and will require a solid understanding of the Insurance industry in Europe and of the challenges which it faces. A good knowledge of the regulatory, accounting, and fiscal environment under which the Insurance industry operates is also a requirement. The ability to deal with clients using a "problem solving" approach based on an investment management platform is key to success. Thus a good understanding of the investment management process is necessary, as is the ability to work in an investment environment. Particular importance will be attached to communication and client skills as well as the ability to build relationships and generate business.

This position offers an excellent opportunity to contribute towards the continuing development of J. P. Morgan's investment business. I.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. is an equal opportunity -employer-Interested candidates should write in confidence, enclosing a cv, to Martin Symon at Ionathan Wren & Cottimited, No.1 New Street, London, EC2M 4TP. 14. 5 14.24

JPMorgan

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# **Analyst: Strategic Planning**

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As part of IPMIM's continued global expansion of both its institutional and Private Banking sectors, a requirement has arisen for an analyst to work in the European Strategic Planning unit. The main functions of this unit are to develop strategies for servicing existing and new business segments, as well as product development. Specifically, this role will focus on analysis of institutional and retail market opportunities. Thus, extensive database work will be required, as will development of financial spreadsheets, presentational work and documentation.

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Structured Finance Unit

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Preparation and submission of feasibility studies to

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- Reviewing all existing contractual documents of
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Candidates should be aged 30-35 and the remuneration package would include a salary of £35-45,000, pension scheme and medical insurance. Signficant overseas travel will be involved. Applications, with a hand written covering letter, should be sent to: DMS Ltd., 14 Grosvenor Crescent, London SW1X 7EE.

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London based

c.. £48,000

Our client, the fully integrated investment banking arm of a leading Enropean bank, is a major player in the emerging markets with offices throughout Latin America. It wishes to add to its existing London based team someone to join the Argentina country desk at Manager level to assist with the origination, structuring and marketing of Argentine deals and products.

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London WiR 6HL, quoting ref: 90018/A. Alternatively send by fax on 0171 312 0020 or e-mail to cv@kfaeurope.com Please send your CV with current salary details to: Karia Dalton, K/F Associates, 252 Regent Street,

Internet Home Page: http://www.kfaeurope.com/kfaeurope/

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NatWest Markets is the global corporate and investment banking arm of the NatWest Group. Our Property Finance Advisory team is a leading authority on the commercial property market.

With global demand for our expertise, we advise property companies and investors on ways to capitalise oo their assets, or to raise debt or equity for major projects. With the strong links we have lostered within the NatWest Group, together with a positive market profile our small close-knii team has already generated, you can expect wide exposure to substantial commercial property deals.

We are now looking for someone with a strong equity corporate finance background to complement our existing team. You should have at least ten years' experience of corporate finance, capital markets or equities. Your

background should include a significant period spent in the property market during which time you have successfully completed major commercial property deals (ideally equity related and/or cross border). You must be able to demonstrate the ability to originate, structure and complete a major disposal mandate, as well as involvement in corporate deals such as M&A and flotations. A high level of computer literacy, experience in European markets, good investor contacts and language skills would also prove useful.

An extremely competitive remuneration package will be offered which reflects both the demands and importance of this role. Please apply with full CV quoting ref; 504 to: Alastair Lyon, Response Handling Service, Associates in Advertising, 5 St John's Lane, London EC1M 4BH.





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This role will be responsible for all aspects of settlement controlling settlements in a retail stock broking within the business, from the immense challenge business, including exposure to high volume share generated from conversion to PLC status to the dealing transaction processing. Knowledge of the securines industry regulatory environment is essential. Experience of a new business start-up would be an asset.

# **HEAD OF DEALING**

and order takers, establishing the front office share trasupport conversion. It will extend to cover all the front office functions of a retail stock broker.

Candidates should have substantial experience of managing the provision of dealing services in a retail stock

The role will be responsible for leading a team of dealers broking business, including exposure to high volume information service and directing functions necessary to management. Knowledge of the securities industry regulatory environment, as well as a high level of market awareness is essential. Experience of a new business start-up would be an asset. Ref: 60324.

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The successful applicant will be part of a team responsible for varied FSA related compliance requirements connected with the share dealing operation; in particular to assist in establishing and maintaining a compliance monitoring programme, supponed by the appropriate training.

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The following attributes are also essential:

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- Familiarity with more than one language, including Japanese
- Proven quantitative and analytical skills in Equity Derivatives

- Track record of product innovation and creativity directly related to this Evidence of experience in business
- growth and productivity in this field
- High level of integrity together with excellent communication and leadership skills

The remuneration package tailored to the successful applicant will be competitive. To apply, please send your CV with a covering letter, quoting ref: 506, to: Alastair Lyon, Confidential Reply Handling Service, Associates in Advertising, 5 St John's Lane, London EC1M 4BH.

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Reporting to the Deputy Director of Supervision and Surveillance, you will work closely with senior management, and advise them on the development of supervisory policy and plans, particularly governing the risk assessment of individual banks, and participate in on-site reviews and meetings with the supervised institutions and their reporting accountants. You will also advise on the scope and interpretation of statutory reports required under the Banking Act.

To meet the challenges of this important role, you will have had at least 20 years' banking experience; latterly in a senior position. Yoo should possess a broad strategic and operational understanding of the major banking functions, and demonstrate a record of sound judgement in managing risk. Io-depth expertise in and successful management of at least one of the

following specialist disciplines is required: asset quality assessment and credit dorago

market risk assessment and asset/ hability management

operations management and transaction

systems, internal controls and management information. Personal qualities include strong

interpersonal skills, matched by excellent cooceptual and analytical ability, and a flexible and open mind. The appointment will be for an

initial term of three years and you should be prepared to work at least two days per week for the Bank. Remuneration will depend upoo qualifications and

Please write with full career and salary details, to Rachel Blanshard, Bank of England, Threadneedle Street, London EC2R 8AH before 31st August 1996

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EUROPEAN MONETARY INSTITUTE

### Vacancies in the Information and Communications Systems Department

The European Monetary Institute (EMI) was established on 1st January 1994 with its seat in Frankfurt am Main. The EMI's function is to strengthen the co-operation between its members, the central banks of the European Union, and to prepare for the establishment of a future European Central Bank (ECB). The EMI currently employs approximately 200 staff members and has its own terms and conditions of employment, including a competitive salary structure, pension plan, health insurance and relocation benefits. The positions will be on a fixed-term contract basis and candidates must be a national of a Member State of the European Union.

With a view to implementing a European-wide system offering data communication services to the European System of Central Banks (ESCB) for monetary and foreign exchange policy applications, a multi-disciplinary team will be established and the EMI is looking urgently

The Message Handling System Specialist will be responsible for the specification and implementation of the messaging services to be included in the global communication infrastructure, Good knowledge of OSI standards (in particular of X400 and EPHOS Procurement profiles), messaging APIs (e.g. XAPIA from X/OPEN, CMC from XAPIA, MAPIO, MAPII, etc.) is essential. Good knowledge of X400 products available in the market and their performances would be an advantage.

The <u>Real-Time Data Communication Specialist</u> will be responsible for the specification and implementation of the requested real-time services to be included in the global communication infrastructure. He/she should have good knowledge of OSI/TP, transactional systems and models such as DTP from X/OPEN, related APIs and EPHOS profiles, and RPC from DCE/OSF.

The Network Protocol Expert will be responsible for the specification of the bearer services and in particular will concentrate on the quality of services to be provided to fulfil user needs in terms of transmission time, service availability, etc. Good knowledge of WAN protocols (X25, ISDN, Frame relay, ATM, VPN, etc.), LAN protocols (IEEE 802.3, IEEE 802.5, TCP/IP, etc.) and solutions for LAN/WAN The state of the second second

The Application Systems Analyst will be mainly responsible for the detailed analysis of information system requirements for several client/server applications. Candidates should have a good knowledge of Wlodows-based development using advanced RDBMS techniques through stored procedures, triggers and dynamic SQL.

# Qualifications

- Participation in the implementation and operation of distributed communication applications would be an advantage. Strong interpersonal skills, self motivation, and the ability to work in a team are very important.
- Very good command of English and proven drafting ability to English. Knowledge of other Enropean Union languages is desirable.

Applications should include a Curriculum Vitae and a recent photograph together with references confirming the required experience and skills. They should be addressed to the European Monetary Institute, Personnel and Office Services Division, Postfach 10 20 31, D-60020 Frankfurt/ Main, and should reach us no later than 30th August 1996.

# Appointments Advertising

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The successful candidate will be a graduate in a finance and/or marketing related subject, have had typically 5 years' experience in a capital markets operation, with at least 2 years' trading experience in fixed income products (particularly Canadian dollar, Lira and Peseta currencies). Experience trading in asser-backed securities is essential, as is a solid background in risk analysis, and preference will be given to candidates with some exposure to fixed income syndication/origination activities. Excellent career opportunities will be offered to attract the very best candidates.

A detailed CV should be addressed to our consultant, Doona Bailey, quoting ref PT/3 at GMBM Advertising & Research, 27 Floral Street, London, WCZE 9DP.

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AFX News requires a journalist with experience of financial news to cover companies and markets for its Stockholm bureau. Fluent English and a Scandinavian language are essential. AFX is an English language newswire jointly owned by the Financial times and Agence France-Presse.

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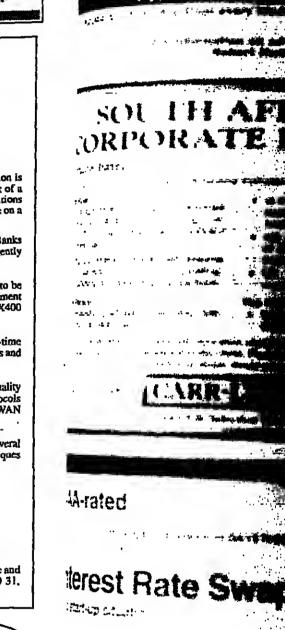


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Please write enclosing a detailed Curriculum Vitae to Louise Gore, All replies will be treated in

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The company wishes to recruit a self-starter, who combines a highly analytical approach with business acumen. Communication and presentation ability should be of the highest

Candidates should be, at a minimum, graduates

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ten years' corporate experience and significant

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This should have been gained in an oil company,

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### ANALYSTS - UK EQUITIES

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to: Peter Bickley, Research Director, Tilsey & Ca, Royal Liver Building, Pler Head, Liverpool, L3 1MY Tel: 0151 236 6000



# Acquisitions

Deputy Editor

Company Secretary

We are see expending business, tooking towards a floration through the next two securities. We need the services occasionally of a Company Screensy (parkage strand) who is familiar with the latest Company Law and Codes of Practice, via Cadesry.

Europe's leading mergers and acquisitions magazine seeks a deputy editor to join its established editorial team which includes an editor, features editor, and two reporters. You will be expected to contribute both news and features to the magazine and to write with confidence and flair. You will already have excellent subbing skills and be familiar with QuarkXpress page make-up, while some knowledge of the printing process would be useful. The deputy editor is also expected to contribute new ideas in terms of magazine content and new projects.

In addition to your solid journalistic skills, you will have a good overall understanding of the M&A and private equity market and some knowledge of related capital markets. Excellent high level contacts in investment banks and major companies would also be an advantage. Finally, in a pressured environment a sense of humour is vital.

Piesse apply in writing to: Philip Healey, Editor & Publisher, Acquisitions Monthly, Tudor House, 78 Mount Ephraim, Tunbridge Wells, Kent TN4 888

# **FUTURES AND OPTIONS BROKER**

A challenging role with a leading player in fixed income

London based

Our client, a prestigious US investment bank, is looking for an experienced Futures and Options Broker. Reporting to a Managing Director in New York, you will play a key role in all aspects of broking all international financial futures and options. and selling the Firm's executing and clearing services to potential customers. The successful candidate will liaise between New York, London and Tokyo as well as take responsibility for enhancing the cross-over potential between various inter-company departments.

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Please send a detailed CV in confidence and details of two referees to: Box A5658, Financial Times, One Southwark Bridge, London SE19HL

# FINANCE MANAGER/ FINANCIAL ANALYST

leading chemical manuf. joint venture Co., operating in Saudi Arabia with an annual tumover of US\$125 mm, is looking for: Strategic Planning, Forecasting & Budgeting; Treasury Activities including Cash Management, Credit & Collection & Bank Relations; Internal Controls, Policies & Procedures Cost Control & Inventory Management; Financial Analysis & Reporting; Management Info System; Working Knowledge of Purchasing & Materiale Management; Projects & Assets Management; Cost Analysis; Feasibility Studies & Special Projects; Variance Analysis; Ability to make personal presentations to management; Working knowledge with mputer & financial analysis software package.

Requirements; MBA (Finance) from an accredited W. University & Accounting qualifications as CPA or C.A. Must have a min. of 5-10 yrs experience in similar position in a manuf.Company-pref Chemical Industry. Excellent communication skills in English and Arabic. Only qualified candidate(s) should forward CVs with salary history to:

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Applications should be addressed to: Box A5662

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If you believe ...

... you have the mix of skills, attributes and experience to carry off this role, write to our advising consultant, David Hunter, quoting reference L/1680 at the address below. Alternatively, for a discreet conversation about the role call him on 0171 939 3661 from 19th August.

Executive Search & Selection, Price Waterhouse Management Consulting Ltd. Southwark Towers, 32 London Bridge Street, London SE1 9SY. Fax: 0171 403 5265

E-mail: David\_Hunter@Europe.notes.pw.com

# **CORPORATE TREASURY**

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### £COMPETITIVE PACKAGE + BENEFITS

You will undertake the transaction of the day-to-day currency and money market requirements of the Client, trading derivatives as required by the hedging strategy. additionally you will have an involvement in treasury

The Client considers the ideal candidate as a graduate working in the dealing room of a major financial institution, perhaps as a customer dealer or junior trader, familiar with wholesale currency and money market trading conventions, looking to a long term move into corporate treasury, or an existing corporate treasury dealer, looking for a wider variety of challenges in

This is a challenging appointment, with the opportunity to make a personal contribution at a practical level. An outgoing and robust personality is essential.

Please quote ref: 60283.

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likely to have professional qualifications combined with

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There is also scope to become involved in the Client's long term funding strategy, embracing bank facilities, the capital markers, and funding of subsidiary and associated

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Both of the above appointments are based in Loudon and offer competitive packages and benefits. If you wish to be considered for either of these appointments, please write giving full career and salary details, in strict confidence, to Gemma Jenkin, MSL International Limited, 32 Aybrook Street, London WIM 3JL.



# PEREGRINE

### SENIOR EXECUTIVE - ACCOUNTING AND OPERATION NORTH KOREA BASED

Peregrine is one of the largest independent fully integrated investment banks in Asia, providing services to an international clientele. The Group is based in Hong Kong and employs over 1,600 people in 34 offices located in Asia, Europe and the United States of America.

To cope with our expanding business to North Korea, we are now seeking a Scalar Executive to reside in North Korea with

- Qualified accountant, preferably with knowledge of banking or bank accounting procedures
- Preferably with experience of living and working in Asia. · Previous experience of living and working in developing
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This senior executive will be working for a commercial and investment bank, Peregrine-Daesong Development Bank, in the People's Democratic Republic of Rarea ("PDRK") based in Pyrongyang. The job holder would be responsible for the establishment and operation of an appropriate accounting and control system within the bank with an opportunity to be appointed to the Board of Directors of the bank. Besides. the job will also involve advising our joint venture partner on onally accepted accounting practices.

As one of the roles of the joint venture bank will be to facilitate foreign direct investment into the PDRK, a major part of this senior executive's job will be to work on potential investment projects to structure them in a way practical for foreign investment, and ensure financial accounting systems of such projects are installed to internationally acceptable

We offer attractive remuneration and fringe benefits to the suitable candidate.

If you are interested in this appointment, please send full personal and career details, including current and expected nuneration, in confidence to the following address

Group Ruman Resources Director Peregrine Investments Holdings Ltd. 16th Floor, New World Town

Confidential facatrolle sumber (852) 2877 9277

are a worldwide company with its headquarters in Geneva Our business lies in the research, creation, production and sales

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**FINANCE ADMINISTRATION MANAGER** 

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- quarterly MIS reporting
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Finance in Geneva and to the Managing Director of Firindia. The ideal candidate should have the following profile:

The Financial Administration Manager of Firindia will report to

- 3 to 6 years experience in accounting.
- university degree in accounting or busines administration, 28-35 years old.
- fluent in English,
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The initial duration of the assignment is for 4 years in India, and thereafter, relocation to other international positions will be discussed with the incumbent

Those candidates interested in this position are asked to send their complete resume and copies of certificates to Mrs Cecily PAYKOU WONG, Personnel Manager to the

FIRMENICH SA - Département du Personnel Case postale 148 - CH 1217 MEYRIN 2

# APPOINTMENTS ADVERTISING

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Leisure

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Interested candidates should write with full CV, quoting current rewards package to Karen Wilson or Simon Stephenson, Hoggett Bowers, 7-9 Bream's Buildings, Chancery Lane, London EC4A 1DY, Tel: 0171 430 9000, Fax: 0171 405 5995 quoting ref: HKW/5280/FT.

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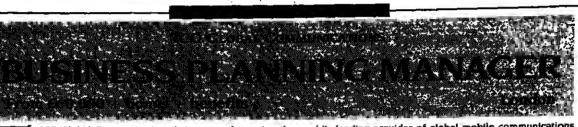
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ICO Global Communications is intent on becoming the world's leading provider of global mobile communications products and services. ICO has been formed as a commercial venture of some 48 investors from more than 40 countries, committing US\$1.5billion to date. A truly global company, they will change the way the world thinks about the telephone. This pioneering company requires a business planning manager to join the team. The successful candidate will report to the Vice-President of Commercial Development and will provide the value analysis to support decisions relating to investments, capital raising, product development, distribution and pricing.

The Position

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   MBA with a strong commercial background.
   of ICO's business. Assess validity of investments, business strat
- pricing etc. Assess the contribution of geographies, marks products and channels to ICO's profitability.
- Play a key role supporting external financing
- The Requirements
- Hands-on experience of end-to-end business processes and cellular business economics is desirable.
- Experience of capital-intensive business preferably telecom related.
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  Energetic and highly-motivated.

  Able to create an immediate personal impact through first-class presentation skills.
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Relocation assistance available ICO is a multi-cultural organisation and it genuinely welcomes applications from suitably-qualified candidates regardless of gender or ethnic background.

Please send your CV with current salary details to: Flona jobson,

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0171 312 0020 or e-mail to cv@kfeeurope.com

FINANCIAL CONTROLLER

Internet Home Page: http://www.kfaeurope.com/kfaeurope/

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accountant to join a major international media group and participate in the commercial management of its developing UK operations, internationally, our client is a recognised leader in its field with a sustained record of global profitability and growth. In this country, following recent acquisitions, the company is currently restructuring its businesses to enhance their performance and position in the market place.

With a dotted reporting line to the European Financial Controller, the jobholder will work alongside the MDs of Please reply in confidence, enclosing your CV and current a small finance function from scratch, introducing and Fax: 0171-495 1700, quoting ref: FT.262.P.

Candidates should be graduates, with a recognised accounting qualification, (preferably ACA or CIMA) and about two to five years PQE. They should have well developed management accounting and PC skills, gained in a progressive commercial organisation and should be able to provide strong financial leadership in an environment of change. For an ambitious and self-assured individual this role will provide a wealth of challenge and real scope for career development.

LONDON

these businesses and provide them with whatever financial salary details to Paul Carvosso at Howgate Sable and Partners, and commercial support they need. This will entail creating 35 Curzon Street, London W1Y 7AE. Tel: 0171-495 1234. managing new IT systems, delivering meaningful management. Visit our web site at http://www.top/obs.co.uk



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If you are interested in this opportunity, then please forward your CV to:

Institute for International Research B.V.

For the Attention of John Reuvekamp. World Trade Center, Tower C,

3rd Floor, Strawynskilaan 335. NL-1077 XX Amsterdam, The Netherlands

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### **ACCOUNTANCY APPOINTMENTS**

# "Without the best people we cannot be the best firm" Opportunities for newly/recently qualified accountants

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- Good academic background Team player with leadership potential
- Strong interpersonal skills
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Goldman Sachs offers a meritocratic and challenging work environment supported by ongoing technical training. This is complemented by highly competitive salaries, performance based bonu earning potential and a full range of banking benefits.

For more information please call our managing agents Lisanne Vaes or Philip Grinhaff on +44 (0) 171 629 4463 or send in your CV to Harrison Willis, Cardinal House, 39-40 Albernarie Street, London WIX 4ND. Face +44 (0) 171 491 4705.

E-mail: hwgroup@hwgroup.co.uk



### HEAD OFFICE APPOINTMENTS

A multinational service company is seeking to make two key appointments in its Head Office Finance Department, based in St. Albans.

- Group Finance Manager who will develop a group treasury function, including accurate cash flow forecasting, managing bank relationships, negotiating borrowing facilities, currency management and considering the tax aspects of treasury transactions.
- Finance Analyst who will be responsible for the control and preparation of annual hudgets, analysing performance and preparing forecasts. The role will also include liaision with external advisors.

These are both new senior positions which will report directly to the Group Finance Director. They have been created as a result of the successful expansion of the Company, which now operates in 19 countries worldwide. Applicants should have relevant financial and/or treasury experience, good communication skills and be fluent in English with at least a good working knowledge of French and/or German. Salary and benefits are negotiable depending on skills and experience. Occasional international travel will be required.

Contact: Accountants Inc., 78 Old Broad Street, London EC2M 1QP Tel: 0171 628 6116 Fax: 0171 628 6230

# FINANCIAL ACCOUNTANT

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LONDON

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interested applicants should write in confidence to Robert Macmillan, quoting reference number UKR0090 at Nicholson International (Search and Selection Consultants), Bracton House, 34-36 High Holborn, London WCIV 6AS. Alternatively fax your details on 0171 404 8128 or E-mail to ni@nktholsonind.com,

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# Financial Controller

### London

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A Qualified Accountant with five years' or more

Package c245,000 working experience ideally gained in a fast moving

media eoviroomeot, you will have a stroog commercial hias coupled with the visioo and management skills necessary to develop and improve sound financial controls and management ioformatioo. Previous experieoce withio a US subsidiary is desirable, with exposure to integrating acquisitions and mergers ideal.

The successful eaodidate will possess excellent ioterpersocal skills and an outgoing persocality. Creativity, enthusiasm and commitment are essential personal characteristics which will complement stroog techoical acconotiog abilities. This is ao outstanding opportunity with real scope for personal development and career progression.

Please apply to Howard Bird, Managing Consultant, Moxon Dolphin Kerby, 178-202 Great Portland Street, London W1N 6[J. Tel: 0171 631 4411 or Fax: 0171 636 5592. Alternatively apply on line via The Monster Board http://www.monster.co.uk



# T Appointments



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> Prime Selection, Prime House, 136 Kentish Town Road, London NW1 9QB Fax: 0171 813 6574 or e-mail on 10045L3674@COMPUSERVE.COM

**HEAD OF SYSTEMS MANAGEMENT** 

# BANKING/FINANCIAL

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VISUAL BASIC/C++/SQL/

CAPITAL MARKET'S
Complex Derivatives team of this leading Investment Bank requires developers with GUI/SQL and Capital Markets knowledge for rapid application development. Working closely with the traders and maths modellers, you will utilise your IT and business skills providing +BANK complex business solutions. Candidates with Mathematics related degrees have preference.

C + +/UNIX

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OO/ANALYTICS

Trading floor position involving analytics design and implementation of interest rate and FX options. A strong mathematical background is preferred, enabli provision of analytics expertise and research into techniques for pricing, risk management and relative value analytics. Candidates must have development experience within a Front-Office environment using C/C++. First class applicants only.

JUNIOR SYSTEMS

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Paul Grimes FT-SE International The Podium, St. Alphage House 2 Fore Street LONDON EC2Y 5DA

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# INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL MARKETS

# US prices slide on production figures

York and Richard Lapper and Conner Middlemann in London

US Treasury prices slipped in quiet trading early yesterday as figures on industrial production showed unexpected strength, but yielda continued to hold within ranges established since late

Near midday the bench- GOVERNMENT mark 30-year Treasury was & lower at 99% to yield 6.804 per cent. At the short end the two-year note was off is at 100%, yielding 5.973 per cent. The September 30-year sectors," Ms Schaja said.

bond was off & at 1102.
In the last week of July the long bond yield fell below 7 per cent as weak data suggested to many investors that the Federal Reserve would not raise and possibly not this year. Earlier this week the yield fell as low as 6.69 per cent, but in recent sessions it bas climbed as new data cast uncertainty on the course of monetary policy for the rest of the year.

Yesterday, the trigger was the 0.1 per cent rise in industrial production. Although

lyn Schaja of Donaldaon, Lufkin &Jenrette viewed the data as a sign of economic slowing, the market had expected a slight drop in

manufacturing activity. "Despita the unexpected increase in production last month, these data continue to indicate a weak manufacturing sector and one that is

# BONDS

clearly dominated by growth in the auto and computer

■ UK gilts recovered ground after Wednesday's decline responding positively to benign inflation data and shrugging off the early fall in the US Treasury market. Trading, however, was thin with only 26,000 September long gilt contracts exchanged at Liffe. The contract settled at 1075, up 4. nearly a quarter of a point off the day's high. In the cash market the benchmark 7½ per cent due 2006 gained its yield dropp 1 basis point to 7.82. its yield dropping by

Mr Andrew Roberts, of

sensitivity to economic data, and would increase the importance of M4 data due Retail prices fell by 0.4 per cent in July, compared with a 0.5 per cent decline in the

Arguing that the retail figures were "significantly better than expected", Mr Ian Shepherdson of HSBC Mar-kets, said: "We suspect that the collapse in producer out-a surge in foreign by put price inflation is at last feeding through at the retail level. There is much more to

same month last year.

Most mainland European markets were closed, but a strong performance by the Swedish market, following news of a fall in inflation and a 50 point cut in the main deposit and lending rates, took the eve. Yields on the benchmark nine-year 6 per cent bond due 2005 fell 8 basis points to 8.10, while the yield spread over the German bund fell 7 points to 180. The Riksbank's cut left the denosit rate at 4.75 per cent and the lending rate at

economists such as Ms Mari- UBS, said the rise under- price inflation fell 0.2 per lined the market's recent cent in July giving a yearon-year rise of 0.6 per cent.

> Japanese government next Tuesday and retail bonds (JGBs) held on to sales figures on Wednesday. most of their recent gains, supported by continued international buying and bullish technicals, but the September JGB future slipped slightly in London dealings yesterday, ending at 120.18, down 0.07 point

> > Recent sessions have seen

a surge in foreign buying, encouraged in part by Goldman Sachs' decision last week to increase its exposure to JGBs - raising the recommended bond holding in Japan from an underweight 17 per cent to an overweight 20 per cent against its neutral weighting of 18.5 per cent. Many international investors have been underweight or even had a zero weighting in JGBs. The September JGB future's recent break of technical resistance at 119.50 further boosted sentiment.

As a result, over the past week the yield on the bench-mark 10-year bond has fallen to 3.16 per cent from about

are wary of predicting continued strong performance. Analysts at Sakura Finance warn that domestic investors' unwillingness to foin the international bnying

spree indicates the rally may run out of steam. "The fact that the Japanese have little interest in

buying the market at current valuations is a major reason for our call to move to a sharply underweight position in JGBs," they write. "The balance of risk suggests that buying actively into the JGB market at current valuations looks bold at best, and potentially disastrons."

Mr Keith Edmonds, chief analyst at Industrial Bank of Japan, is similarly sceptical. We still think the Japanese economy is recovering and the Bank of Japan will look for an opportunity to raise rates," he says. "The positive trend in JGBs is vulnerable to a reversal of sentiment on interest-rats policy, espe-cially if the Tankan economic report [due to be released on August 28] is strong, Investors who have been in the market should take profits."

charged to its profit and loss

account for the quarter end-

BT said the transaction

was commercially advanta-

ing September 30.

UK Gitte

Up to 5-15 ;

Samer Iskandar. The transaction, to be settled on August 29, will result in the cancellation of the bonds, which pay coupons of 9% per cent and were meant to mature in 2001 and 2004. BT said it would pay a premium of about £60m, which will be

yields. Bridgewater conof lower than 4 per cent would imply a fairly serious decline in the real [value of the] Aussie" dollar.

The final structure of index-linked Treasuries will he announced in September, and the launch of the first issne - possibly with a 10-year maturity - is likely

# Speculation grows over pricing of index-linked **Treasuries**

By Samer Iskandar

As the launch date of index-linked US Treasury bonds draws nearer, speculation about the likely pricing is growing. Since indexlinked bonds, by definition, eliminate inflation risk, the pricing of the new Treasuries relative to existing bonds of the same nature in the UK, Canada and Australia · is mainly dependent on currency fluctuations, according to Bridgewater Associates, the US-based bond and currency traders.

Beal yields in these mar-kets range from 8.5-5 per cent. On the basis of an analysis of the way these countries' currencies have traded against the US dollar, Bridgewater estimates a fair value" real yield for US index-linked Treasuries of between 3.5-3.75 per cent. "A US real yield that is

much lower than 4 per cent would present a serious anomaly," Bridgewater said. A real US yield of 8 per cent, for example, would reflect an expected 30 per cent devaluation in the Canadian dollar over the next 10 years. But since the the Canadian currency has never diverged by more

than 15 per cent against the US dollar, this is unlikely. When the same logic is applied to Australian real cludes that "a US real yield

**Economy fears** hit Romania's first eurobonds

By Virginia Marsh in Budapest

The value of Romania's debut eurobond offering. launched in June, has fallen considerably over the past month, in part because of investors' concern at the country's weakening aconomic situation.

The \$225m three-year eurobond offering had been heavily oversubscribed at the launch, which caused tha yield spread on the bonds to tighten to about 270 basis points over US Treasuries from a launch spread of 305 basis points.

However, the spread has risen sharply in recent weeks because of worries about Romania's economy. Yesterday morning, the bonds were quoted at a spread of 313 basis points over US Treasuries, before falling back to 310 basis points later in the day.

Traders said that investors' confidence had been undermined by the deteriorating macro-economic situation and the continuing overvaluation of the local currency, and by recent acute shortages of foreign exchange which had sharply reduced energy imports. Earlier this month, the

government - which faces an election in November introduced stringent regulations requiring some companies to surrender export earnings to help pay for energy imports after domestic shortages.

The slump in energy imports and the interruption of supplies to industry, as well as the overvalued leu, contributed to a 10 per cent drop in exports in the first

Inflation has also accelerated, jumping to 7.5 per cent

in July, its highest monthly rate for two years, and to a year-on-year rate of 40.3 per cent. Some economists fear inflation could rise to 50 per cent by the end of the year, up from 27.8 per cent in 1995. As late as June, the finance minister insisted the government'e target of 20 per cent for the year to December could still be met, despite sharp energy price increases. To help ease the energy ; data faile

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and foreign exchange shortages, the finance ministry is issuing dollar-denominated domestic bonds, its first issue in hard currency. Officials announced yestarday that a first bond, placed with local banks, bad raised \$109m, a little over the \$100m planned. The bond is for 366 days and is priced at 7.1 per cent, or 250 basis

points above Libor. It also hopes to raise a further \$20m-\$50m by next month with an issue aimed primarily at small, domestic investors.

Traders said the yield spread on the eurobonds had also widened as a result of selling by investors who had bought with the intention of making a quick profit, and because of the increased sup-ply of Romanian debt. The National Bank of Romania has announced plans to launch a syndicated loan

later this month. Bankers said they were confident the syndicated loan would be successful. The \$250m loan, which is being jointly arranged by ABN Amro and Citibank, is for three years and is priced at a margin of 187.25 basis points above Libor.

That compares with pricing of 175 basis points over Libor on NBR's last syndicated loan in April, which raised \$90m.

# Crédit Local issue disturbs Europe's torpor

By Antonia Sharpe

France's Crédit Local cut a lonely figure in the eurobond market yesterday, as the public holiday in many parts of Europe kept other borrowers and investors

away. Crédit Local's Y20bn 10-year dual-currency bond offering was targeted at investors in Tokyo who want to augment their returns by buying such bonds. The bond's coupon is denominated in Australian dollars. a currency Japanese investore are comfortable with because of the trade ties

WORLD BOND PRICES

BENCHMARK GOVERNMENT BONDS

6.750 6.250 7.000 7.000 6.000 5.750 7.250 6.250 6.000

9,500 6,600

3,000

8.000 8.000 7.500 9.000 7.000

ting withholding tax at 125 pe

**US INTEREST RATES** 

02/05 12/00 12/08 10/08 07/06 08/26 04/05

Price

11/08 93.6490 +0.070 8.11
05/06 0.0000 - 0.00
05/06 0.0000 - 0.00
12/06 97.6600 -0.100 7.33
03/06 105.0400 - 0.000 - 0.00
04/06 0.0000 - 0.00
04/06 0.0000 - 0.00
04/06 98.6800 +0.040 6.28
08/06 103.0200 -0.030 7.68
02/06 0.0000 - 0.001
06/01 116.3837 -0.040 2.17
08/05 98.8712 +0.100 3.16
08/06 115.8000 +0.050 6.28
02/05 0.0000 - 0.00
04/06 0.0000 - 0.00
04/06 0.0000 - 0.00

87,4262 103-12 97-24 108-03 102-26 98-07 0.0000

between the two countries. The coupon of 4.28 per cent represents a considerable pick-up over the prevailing coupons on 10-year Japanese government bonds of about 3 per cent. However,

### INTERNATIONAL BONDS

the principal will be repaid in yen, limiting investors' currency exposure. Crédit Local is believed to have swapped the proceeds of the transaction back into French

francs. Crédit Local's offering is

change Yield ago

0.00 6.10 7.07 7.82 7.95 6.58 6.61 0.00

Treasury Bills and Bond Yields

Two year \_\_\_\_\_ Tixte year \_\_\_\_ five year \_\_\_\_ 10-year 30-year

6.14 6.32 6.65 7.32 7.26 5.44 8.33 6.30 7.56 8.22 2.21 3.16 6.27

8.85 8.22 7.06 7.79 7.91 6.53 8.81 8.78

5.97 5.18 6.35 6.59 6.60

the latest in a series of dualcurrency bonds over the past year which have fed the demand from Japan for this

6.25 per cent. Consumer

type of financial instrument. Syndicate managers expect eurobond issuance to remain subdued for the rest of the month, but say that activity will revive in early September. in spite of a cent flurry of 10-year dollar bonds, there is still investor demand for the paper.

The swift distribution of the World Bank's \$1bn 10-year global bond offering

IL BUND FUTURES OPTIONS (LIFFE) DM250,000 points of 100%

Dec

0.74 0.54 0.40

0.10 0.32 0.72

CALLS -

0.32 0.55 0.16 0.37 0.10 0.24

M NOTIONAL ITALIAN GOVT. BOND (STP) FUTURES

to 16 basis points from a the government, writes launch level of 18 basis points.

Among the many names mentioned as possible issuers of 10-year dollar paper. Japan's Kanssi Airports is believed to be close to launching a \$200m offering. The 10-year bonds, which will be guaranteed by the government, are likely to be priced to yield 28 basis points over Treasuries.

 British Telecommunications yesterday announced it had agreed with the Treaon Wednesday caused the sury to repurchase two

0.88 1.24 1.66

1.11

### geous. It will be "financed with existing resources", and the company does not spread on the bonds to series of bonds, totalling plan a re-financing on the tighten in further yesterday, £398.37, currently held by markets in the near future. FT-AC

CTUARIES	FIXE	D INTER	EST E	NDICES					-							
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5 years (22)	121,88	0.03	122.18	2.35	6,17	5 yrs	·	7.21	7.21	7,85	7.27	7.28	7,85	7.34	7.34	7.95
years (20)	147,61	£0.03	148.01	2.57	6,83	15 yrs		8.08	8,05	8,24	6.08	8.00	8.27	6,12	8.12	8.36
15 years (B)	181.09	0,02	182.39	2.00	8.73	20 yrs		6.16	8.15	8,28	8.14	8.14	8.29	6.19	8,16	8.38
emulbien (6)	185.11	-0.11	185.32	3.05	7.38	irred.†		8.21	8.20	8.34						
makes (Fift)	147 39	0.00	147 RA	2.45	808											

6 Up to 5 years (1) 7 Over 5 years (11) 6 All stocks (12)

FT FIXED INTEREST INDICES

GILT EDGED ACTIVITY INDICES

Aug 14 Aug 13 Aug 12 Aug 9 Aug 8 67.9 75.0 73.4 79.9 61.6 75.6 78.0

Aug 15 Aug 14 Yr. ago

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red interest	113.38	113.43	113,50	113.68	113.29	111,51	115.23	110.74
kir 1998. Governm prominent Securitie	era Sec.	aritime hig 26 and Pb	od interes	omplistic # 1928. S	E activity	(08/01/35) Indio#8 /	, Joseph 45, Append 1	2.18 (09/01 1974.

**BOND FUTURES AND OPTIONS** 

	Open	Sett price	Change	High	Low	Est. vol.	Open int
Sep	123.42	123.54	+0.12	123.58	123.28	58,096	189.570
Dec	122,18	122.24	+0.08	122.28	122.10	2,892	39,773
Mar	122.00	122.10	+0.10	122.06	122.00	412	7,709
Strike	TERM FRO	CAL	LS			PUTS -	
Price	Sep	Oc	. 0	ØG	Sep	Oct	Dec
120	-	_			•	0.16	-
121	-				0.02	0.29	0.73
122	1.58		1,	30	0.06	0.60	-
123	0.70	0.3	B Q.	80.	0.1e		-
124	0.15		0	46	-		

MOTIONAL GERMAN BURD FUTURES (LIFFE)\* DM250.000 100ths of 100% Est. vol Open int.

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+\$\frac{1}{165}\\
+\$\frac{1175}{1175}\\
-\$\frac{1191}{125}\\
-\$\frac{1142}{1142}\\
+\$\frac{981}{1142}\\
+\$\frac{1142}{1142}\\
+\$\frac{1142}{1142}\\

7.23 1063 7.45111435 7.49 1023 7.55 113-2 7.51 115 8.54 8114 7.70 1103 7.70 1444 7.78 1106 7.65 1284

(LIFFE! Una 200m 100ths of 100% Open Sett price Change Est. vol Open Int. 116.39 116.52 +0.16 116.66 116.36 8917 61135 115.90 115.85 +0.18 115.90 115.80 395 5405 M ITALIAN GOVT, BOND (ATP) FUTURES OPTIONS (LFFE) Lin200m 100ths of 100% Dec Open Sett price Change High Low Est, vol. Open Int. 100.20 100.48 +0.28 100.57 100.20 47,072 50,718 50,719 100.08 Open Sett price Chance High Low Est. vol Open Int. 107-16 105-25 26337 1048 # LONG GILT FUTURES OFTIONS (LIFFE) £50,000 64ths of 100% CALLS THE ECU BOND FUTURES MATER ECU100,000 (AUG 14) Open Sett price Change High 91.88 92.02 +0.14 92.00 90.10 90.20 +0.12 90.18 Est. vol. Open int. Low 1,317 430 8,147 III US TREASURY BOND FUTURES (CRT) \$100,000 \$2nds of 100% Low Est vol. Open int. High 110-23 290,932 439,182 110-07 2,650 29,962 109-25 110 4,254 III NOTIONAL LONG TERM JAPANESE GOVT. BOND FUTURES LOW

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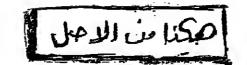
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### CURRENCIES AND MONEY

### MARKETS REPORT

# US data fails to shake market's holiday mood

By Richard Adams

Conflicting economic signals in the US failed to stir European currency markets, which were quiet because of

holidays in many countries.

The message from higher
US weekly unemployment
claims conflicted with rising
industrial output and a falling Philadelphia Fed business outlook index, leaving traders unsure of the dollar's direction.

Against the D-Mark vesterday the dollar was calm, ending the day in London at DM1.4856 compared to its Wednesdey closing price of DM1.4834. Against the yen it bumped up towards the Y108 level, ending at Y107.925 from Y107.810. It climbed half a centime against the French franc, to FFr5.0759 from FFr5.0701.

By early afternoon trading in New York, the dollar had slipped against the D-Mark and the Swiss franc.

(AS)

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POUND SPOT FORWARD AG

1,5485 -0.0001 479 - 490 1,5703 +0.0004 696 - 709 2,1351 +0.0043 342 - 359 11,6458 +0.0364 389 - 527 1,5506 +0.0001 502 - 510

-0.0003 223 - 236

1.9658 +0.0037 846 - 869 1.9887 1.9801 11.9628 +0.002 889 - 967 12.0104 11.9778 55.2015 +0.0038 771 - 268 55.5370 5472390

Analysts in London and New York said most attention was on next week's two important monetary policy meetings to give the markets impetus.

In Washington the Federal Reserve's Open Market Com-mittee (FOMC) meets on Tuesday, and the Bundeshank council will hold its first council meeting after its summer break on Thursday. While some analysts said there is still a chance of a US rate rise, the Bundesbank is expected to ease its repur-

chase rate. But much of Europe was on holiday yesterday, includ-ing France, the focus of domestic activity over the franc. The movements that were detected on the foreign

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by the lack of volume.

The D-Mark was becalmed axcept for a slight fall after the Swedish central bank again cut its interest rates following good infla-tion data. The D-Mark ended at SKr4.462, from SKr4.478.

Elsewhere, the South African rand equalled its all-time low against the dollar, falling to R4.5650 in intra-day trading before recovering to R4.5625 in London, while in Shanghai the Chinese yuan climbed to a 12-month high against the dollar after improved export news.

₩ Westdeutsche Landesbank chief economist Mr Ulrich Hombrecher yesterday joined those expecting the Bundesbank to cut its key money market rate, the repo. by 5-7 basis points. A cut in the repo rate is

0.9595 2395.9 48.4094 2.5107 6.839

197.163 10.2822 1.8051

96.2

107.6

Australia Hong Kong

0.7 -2.6 2.4 2.8 1.0 -2.3 -1.6 0.0 3.4

47.1944 8.875 8.9097 7.8357 2.2901

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237.642 195.763 10.2843

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1,9934 11,9731

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1.5

298.737 195.248 10.2842 1.8641

1.2217

2,2606 -2.7

thought likely to bring down the value of the D-Mark. M3 money supply growth

helping the economy's recovry and easing pressure on the currencies of Germany's

Enropean partners. Mr Hombrecher said he expected the repo rate, which has been fixed at 3.30 per cent since early February, would be cut by up to 25 hasis points by the end of

DOLLAR SPOT

was slowing and was likely to have eased to 8.7 per cent in July from 9.6 per cent in June. Mr Hombrecher said. July M3 is expected to be released before the next council meeting.

The thoughts of another official entertained Bundesbank-watchers yesterday. Mr Edgar Meister, a bank council member, echoed remarks by Mr Otmar Issing, its chief level of the D-Mark did not match "the economic landscape" in Germany.

■ In the US, weekly jobless claims were in line with expectations while the Federal Reserve's report on industrial production was stronger than expected.

The data did little to alter expectations for no change in US interest rates at the FOMC meeting next week.

China's yuan closed at a year-high of Yn8.3069 against

30.6970 5.7607 4.4804 5.0910

1.2128 1.5530 1,2688

1.0129 1.3773

1.0124 1.3740 7,5090

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-0,1 3.0 -12.5

1.2881 7.7368 36.055

3.7\$17 1.4024 4.7

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30,45 5,721 4,4456 5,054 1,4773 242,565 1,8773 30,4605 1,8563 5,407 153,305 126,43 1,5494 1,5494 1,2704

Yn8.3076, on the Shanghai-based interbank foreign exchange market. The yuan has repeatedly set year-high levels in the past few weeks on improved export volume

According to customs figures, China's trade surplu rose to \$2.1bn in the firs seveo months of 1996, from

Sweden's central bank, th Riksbank, lived up to marke expectations vesterday whe it lowered its deposit an lending rates by 50 basi points, to 4.75 per cent an

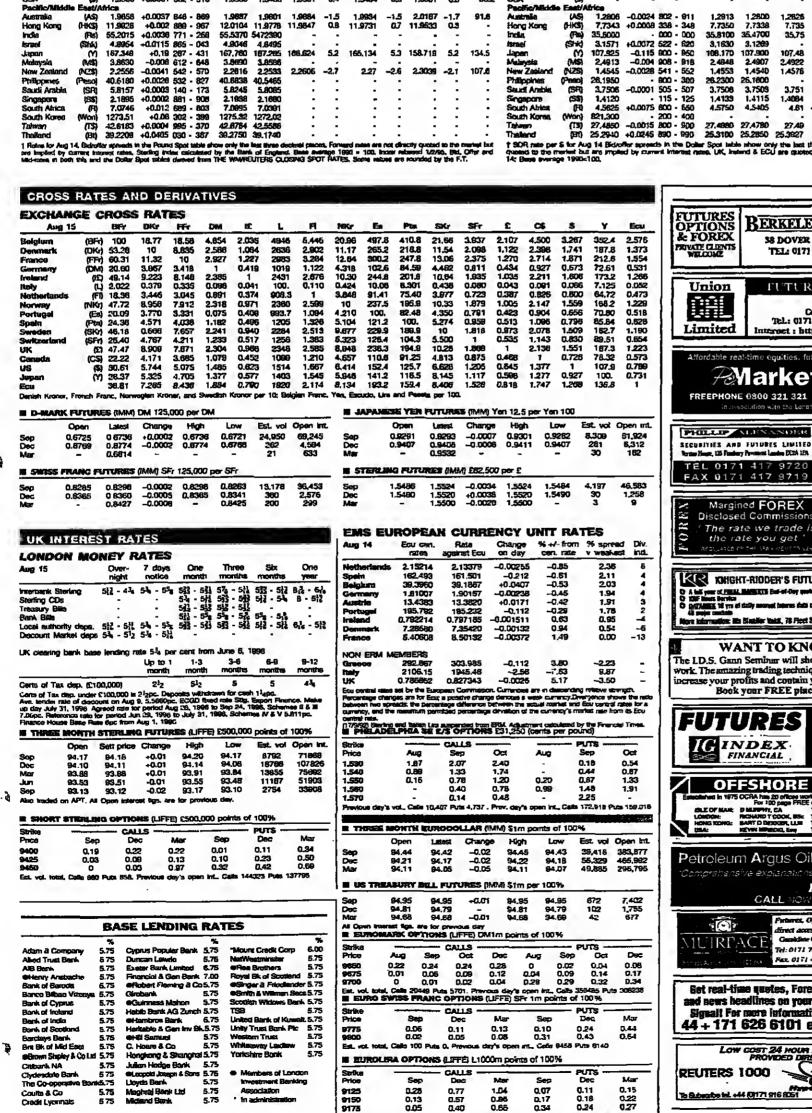
6.25 per cent respectively. The cut followed news annual inflation of 0.6 pe

Aug 15 \$
Crech Rp 41,2206 - 41,3729 26,6550 - 26,6751
Hangary 233,615 - 233,613 150,700 - 150,755
Iran 453,00 - 4653 06 3060,000 - 3060,000
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Dec	95.74	95.		-0.14 -0.18	95.87	95.73		117	48,799
Mar	95.75	95.		-0.13	95.88	95 75		690	33,010
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Con			rice C	_	High ne 76	Low os co		100	Open int. 168120
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Dec	97.60	87,6		0.04	07.64	97,60		64	27742
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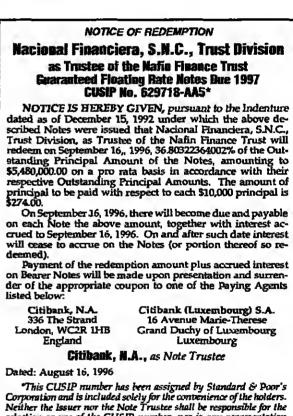
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State Bank of New South Wales Limited

US\$250,000,000

Extendible Floating Rate Notes 2003 {Previously US\$250,000,000 due 1998} ed by the Government of the State of New South Wales

Notice is hereby given that the rate of interest for the period 16th August 1996 to 18th Februery 1997 has been fixed at 5.90625% per annum. Interest payable on 18th February 1997 per US\$10,000 note will be US\$305.16 and per US\$100,000 note will be US\$3,051.56.

Agent: Morgan Guaranty Trust Compeny

JPMorgan

State Bank NSW

# Oil market withstands profit-taking

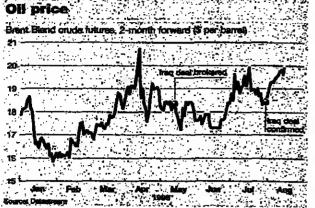
By Robert Corzine

Profit-taking yesterday failed to put much of a dent in crude oil prices, which continued to show resilience at levels which have surprised many traders and analysts.

The price of the heachmark Brent Blend for September delivery was \$20,55 a barrel in late London trading, compared with its close on Wednesday of \$20.68 a barrel.

The current rally, which began two weeks ago, has added about \$2 to the Brent price, with much of the rise recorded earlier this week. Traders noted vesterday that even after two days of profit taking Brent prices were still above their level at the start

The rally has been strong enough that markets have easily shaken off negative factors, including the decldrop its objections to the



food and medicines deal. Yesterday London traders said they saw no imminent signs that the the two days

of profit-taking would trigger a general sell-off. "The technical indicators still look good," said Mr Lindsay Horn, oil trader at the London office of the US investment hank Lehman

long-awaited Iraqi oil for Brothers. But he said current conditions were "very

peculiar". The market, for example, is in hackwardation. That means buyers have to pay a premium for near-term delivery, while forward prices are progressively lower. The opposite is normally the case, especially at the beginning of the run up to northern hemisphere winter. Volumes and also been relatively light, especially on the days when prices have been pushed furthest.

But even so, is the current strength of oil a sign of higher prices to come? Analysts yesterday noted that the forward price curve for Brent suggested an average price for the year of around \$19.50, a level well above most forecasts published last January. It is also well above the average so far of around

But some analysts said they did not expect the posttive short-term factors underpinning prices to extend into the fourth quar-

"Current oil prices are at

the top end of the range, said

Mr Mehdi Varzi, energy ana-

lyst at London brokers He is predicting an average price for 1997 of \$17 a barrel, with price weakness apparent towards the end of the year when the full volumes of Iraqi oil will proba-

bly be felt. Reports this week from other London brokers warn of over-optimism. BZW is maintaining its forecast for 1997 of \$17.70, while Societe Generala expects ". . . a lowly \$17 next year."

The fourth quarter is also when a new surge of supplies from countries outside the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries is expected. Although some analysts disagree with some of the higher estimates of the rise in non-Opec production, there are growing signs that western oil companies in particular are keen to take advantage of current prices. British Petroleum last week reported volumes up 5 per cent in the first half of the year, compared with a company target of 2 per cent

Gold investment in Ger-

many and Japan alone

dropped from the exception-

ally high level of the first

half of 1995 by 45.4 tonnes or

62 per cent. The council sug-

ments played a big part in

this. The fall of the value of

the US dollar against the yen

and Dentschmark in 1995

provided a strong incentive

to buy as the price of gold in

those currencies reached

new recent lows. As the dol-

lar strengthened from the

spring of 1995 onward, inves-

tors had an incentive to take

profits. The council points

out that gold in yen terms is

at present about 30 per cent

and in Dm terms 10 per cent

above the respective 1995

1025 1617 222 38,412 1040 1031 2,541 37,098

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SUGAR "11" CSCE (112,000/be; cents/fbs)

gests exchange rate move

# Finnish bourse aims to feed off pulp volatility

Recent price turbulence has raised the hopes of the market's promoters, writes Greg McIvor

industry executives will be trained on Finland next month (September 9) when a new exchange for pulp derivatives is launched

in Heisinki. Buffeted by wild price gyrations in the past few years, pulp manufacturers and buyers are boping the bourse will offer respite from the turbulence that has spun their profits up and down like a yo-yo. In the space of 30 months market rates have surged from a historic low to a record high, plunged back down again and then commenced a fresh recovery:

Pulp prices have long been subject to cyclical fluctuations; but such unprecedented volatility has shaken tha industry. The latest swings have been dismissed by some company executives as exceptional, but price data from the past 25 years indicate a clear trend towards more unstable levels. On of the main reasons is that the market, once dominated by big North American and Scandinavian companies, has seen the advent of lower-cost producers in Latin America and Asia with more aggressiva

pricing strategies. Mr Anders Lindeberg, president of the Finnish Options and Fntures exchange, which is opening the new bourse, says the need for financial instruments to hedge against future price lurches has never been greater. "The industry needs it and it is a long time overdue," he says. "No-one drills an oil rig without first having hedged against price risks. Why should a commodity like pulp be any different?

The ability of participants to buy and sell "put" and "call" options for pulp, as well as futures, will effec-

Price change High Law Vol let -67,575 — 87,830 87,300 2,027 6,885 70,025 +0,350 70,200 69,350 6,079 42,283

85.980 +0.100 85.975 86.550 2,074 27,212 85.325 -0.200 85.475 85.100 85.8 13,526 87,000 - 67,025 85,750 313 4,737 85,000 -0.225 85,150 84,800 83 2,213

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price fluctuations, Mr Lindeberg claims. He believes the exchange's mere existence will aid price stability and envisages the derivatives being expanded to embrace different paper grades.

In spite of the conservative traditions of the pulp and paper industry the Helsinki initiative has stirred considerable interest. A leading US forestry group and Sodra of Sweden, Europe's biggest pulp producer, have been among those involved in planning the exchange. Producers in North America, Scandinavia and Asia have supported the concept, although some are adopting a wait-and-see attitude

towards direct participation. Mr Thorleif Blok, president of Ahlström Paper Group of Finland, believes the inception of pulp derivatives will improve industry transparency - the absence of which has been a factor behind pulp price volatility. The ewings, he suggests, have become a millstone round the necks not just of producers, but of all connected with the industry.

Rocketing pulp prices in 1995 and earlier this year hit prices of Ahlström's packaging grades, persuading some of its customers to switch to plastic materials. "This is something the industry should be very concerned about From 1988 up to now it has been a rollercoaster experience for both buyers

and sellers," Mr Blok says. The key question is whether the Finnish derivatives will succeed where others have failed. Previous attempts to establish options and futures trading in Canada and in Sweden foundered hecause of an excessively domestic focus and a

The sights of forestry tively eliminate the risk of pulp Pulp traders baulked et the prospect of using a system that could saddle them with quantities of inferior or unsuitable pulp. The industry produces around 20 different pulp grades, primarily reflecting different bleaching treatments. Different paper grades require different pulp

> Trades in Helsinki will be for Northern Bleached Softwood Kraft and will be settled in cash. The Finnish Options Exchange intends to co-ordinate transactions around a benchmark price. to be determined by pooling confidential information from more than 30 suppliers. The "market" rate will be updated weekly.

The establishment of a credible benchmark is probably the exchange's toughest test and could determine whether the new market sinks or swims. Pulp deals have traditionally been carried out in secrecy. Because of discounts and other incentives to purchasers, companies are generally unwilling to disclose the exact level at which transactions are struck

Mr Mika Koskinen, pulp and paper analyst at Enskilda Securities in Helsinki, warns that the index could be open to exploitation by buyers or producers with vested interests in "planting" misleading prices. "The price is the biggest potential

But Mr Lindeberg is confident of winning the crediblilty battle, saying the benchmark setting system has been functioning smoothly since trials began in June. Top-end high and low prices are be filtered out to avoid distortions. "The industry knows today what the price is, but it is not listed. Most requirement for buyers to trades are done in a very take physical delivery of narrow band," he says.

CULTRACETY

WELLS.

# Chinese liberalisation cheers gold producers

By Kenneth Gooding, Mining Correspondent

China is taking its first, tentative step to liberalise gold jewellery prices and this could have important implications for the development of demand for the precious metal, according to Ms Helen Junz, director of the World Gold Council's

Until recently the prices of all gold jewellery items produced in China were simply related to the value of their metal content and took no account of the added value involved in design and fabrication, she points out. The system encourages production of shoddy items and demand for better quality jewellery in China is satisfied by imports from Hong

However, the People's Bank of China and the State a decision by the bank to Pricing Bureau decided

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BASE METALS

**Gold Demand in Largest Consumer Markets** in first half of 1996 Total

recently to start a trial in structure to the whole city one shopping centre in one from October, with other economic area. Shenzhen, and to allow gold jewellery prices that take account of labour costs, thereby making room for quality and design

The favourable response to this "free" pricing test led to may result in the increased availability of improved expand the new pricing products with new designs

regions such as Shanghai and Susbou likely to follow. Ms Junz says, "The significance of the move is that it introduces an element of competitiveness to gold jewellery pricing in China and

and better craftsmanship, to more normal levels this the benefit of consumer year, demand " She was speaking as the

council gave its quarterly gold demand trends briefing. which showed that in the first half of 1996, in tha countries monitored by the council, demand slipped back only slightly from the record level seen in the same months last year. It fell by just 3.8 per cent, from 341.7 tonnes to 1,290.9

The council, a promotional organisation financed by gold producers, tracks mand trends in countries that account for between 75 and 80 per cent of total gold demand. One important factor in

the first half fall was invest-

ment demand which, after nearly doubling in the first six months of 1995, dropped Gold Demand Trends: From by 63 per cent in developed the WGC, 10 Haymarket, markets as it returned to London SWIY 4BP, UK

SOFTS

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MEAT AND LIVESTOCK

ELIVE CATTLE CHE (40,000ths; parts/fbs)

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# LONDON TRADED OPTIONS

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LONDON SPOT MARKETS

\$218-220

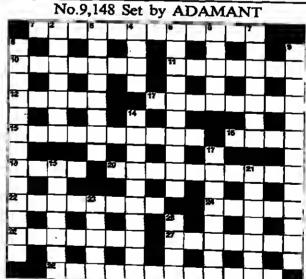
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Pigs (the weight) 108.40p \$300.50 Ung

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Copta (Phil)§
Soyabeans (US)
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Wootlook (64.8 Super)

£ per tone unless otherwise 3
r high/kg, m Melgyain carts.
2 Aug/Sto § London Physical
market circum. 417p

# **CROSSWORD**



1 Tax form showing profit on 10 Took out what English poli-

12 French friend back on acid 13 Found someone else when put in debt (8) Claims euto repair was responsible for the disaster (10)

16 Caused accountant to vanish, worn out (4)
18 Concerned with the morning papers (4)
20 Where directors decide on

bed and breakfast? The other way round! (10) 22 Non vintage Epernay initially in run off paper bag 25 Add nothing to sport (4)

24 At one in river terrace (5) 26 Lawsuit on motor body (7) 27 Beast would incur no damage (7)
28 Gamble, say, e great deal
on England in Test (5,8)

DOWN 2 Joke over trial run missing at the wedding (7) 8 Clothes for look-alikes (8) 4 Young man has yen for her inspectors announced at the trea-

America brought up the

Another section for adver-

Money from legacy including Rolls Royce uncle had rebuilt (5.8)

the wholesale deduction

There's a mon designed for environmental gases (10)

19 Raved about science gradu-

21 Excel the soldiers in the

23 Animal is hit in Los

Solution 9,147

Open air (7)

ate in modified terms (7)

He doesn't speak about his

Close Previous High/low AM Official 828-26.5 826/825 825-5.5 Kerb close Open int. Total daily turn MICKEL (S per tor 6960-70 71010-20 7065-70 7115-20 High/low AM Official Open int. Total daily turnover TIN (\$ per torme 6095-100 18,027 2,768 Open int. Total daily turnova igh grade (\$ per torme) E ZINC, sp 1036-37 1038 5-38 0 65.980 7,004 Open int. 1otal daily turnover COPPER, p · A (S per tonne) 1954-55 1945-46 2027-30

Sept 1 5509 3 mbs: 1 5490 6 mbs: 1,5494 9 mbs: 1,5490 III HIGH GRADE COPPER (COMES 91.25 -0.55 - 5 1.264 90.55 -0.15 90.80 90.00 2,229 17,973

PRECIOUS METALS III LONDON BULLION MARKET (Prices supplied by N M Rothschild

\$ price 386.50-386.90 248.14 467.54 248.84 465.76 386.70-397.10 Day's High Day's Low Previous close 386.30-386.70

Loco Ldn Mean Gold Le

p/troy 62 325.45 504.10 510.50 334.00 342.95

Precious Metals continued GRAINS AND OIL SEEDS GOLD COMEX (100 Troy oz.; \$/troy oz.) WHEAT LCE & per textrel LONDON METAL EXCHANGE

+0.3 405.0 403.2 1,990 19.261 +0.4 406.5 406.5 +0.5 - -138 3,079 202 2,796 1 153 8 2 414.5 PALLADIUM NYMEX (100 Troy az.; \$/troy az.) ■ SILVER COMEX (5,000 Tray oc.; Containing oc.)

**ENERGY** III CRUDE Oil NYMEX (1,000 berrels, \$/berrel) #2,196 300,005

III CRUDE OIL IPE (\$/berrel)

60.25 -0.36 60.80 50.10 6.811 25,762 59.90 -0.36 60.05 59.85 1,948 12,062 58.55 -0.31 58.70 58.40 662 6,304 30,653 118,348

M NATURAL GAS WHEX (10,000 sandra: Shoubas) 2.195 +0.048 2.220 2.146 4.900 Z7.991 2.280 +0.043 2.290 2.230 1.899 14.153 2.330 +0.037 2.340 2.290 1.396 15.670 2.330 +0.030 2.340 2.300 653 11.339

HYMEX (42,000 US galls.; cd.S galls.)

107.65 -0.95 108.00 107.60 108.60 -0.85 110.00 109.55 111.45 -1.05 112.00 111.40 113.25 -1.05 113.50 113.50 115.35 -1.05 115.90 115.75 117.25 -2.05

457.25 +1.25 459.00 452.50 3.719 17.852 482,00 -1.00 470,00 457,00 11,674 85,001 489,00 -1.50 463,00 454,50 838 7,597 432,00 -3,00 435,00 430,00 27 283 399.00 -1.50 401.75 396.50

375.50 -2.25 381.75 374.00 12.558 58,043
349.25 +0.25 354.50 348.50 53,000 177,002
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320.00 +1.5 321.50 320.00 45 1,002 BAPLEY LCE (C per toxine) 99.25 -1.40 99.75 99.50 102.40 -1.20 103.00 102.50 104.50 -1.10 -106.50 -1.10 107.00 106.50

829.75 -225 840.00 825.00 1,983 2,836 800.25 -6.25 817.00 789.50 8,363 15,503 784.00 -5.00 789.00 783.00 \$1,107119,758 790.50 -4.75 805.00 780.00 2,272 17,822 M SOYABEAN ON, CBT (80,000be: corta/b) 25.22 -0.17 25.55 25.10 3.101 2.061

E SOYABEAN MEAL CET (100 tons: \$/ton) 257 4 -L1 261 0 257.3 2.680 A.083 2524 -1.1 2510 2523 2585 4053 2524 -1.1 2555 2525 7.626 19.646 246.7 -1.0 250.5 246.5 2,340 9,731 244.3 -1.6 248.0 244.1 12,101 30,778 244.0 -1.5 245.5 244.0 382 4,612 244.3 -12 243.2 244.3 625 4,180 24,236 72,234 POTATOES LCE (E/torne)

184,00 -0.25 184.25 182.25 4,416 28,325 183,00 -0.50 181,00 181,50 1,854 8,921 181,75 -0.50 101,75 180,50 444 4,801 180,00 -0.75 180,00 179,00 484 13,455 177,75 -0.75 177,50 177,25 182 3,112 174,25 -0.50 174,00 173,50 110 990

81 95 -0.54 82 50 61.80 10,508 23,735 4,508 15,250 906 7,118 530 3,933 132 3,813

1133 +13 1140 1120 1210 +22 1210 1190 1300 - 1310 1295

After an uncertain and, for New Zeeland, softer start to the new selling season, the balance looked fractionelly firmer at the end of lest week in Australia, and strength extended and acodestated at this week's auctions. First marinos, especially 19 and 20 micron, led the way in Australia white middle range marinos, 22 and 23 micron, were at times softer and only just held their ground this week. Broader types and crossbrads after a mixed start gathered pace with general increases in New Zeeland yesterday. The Esstern marinal indicator if Australia closed the week at 612 cents, 10 cents higher then a week before. The New Zeeland market indicator was 14

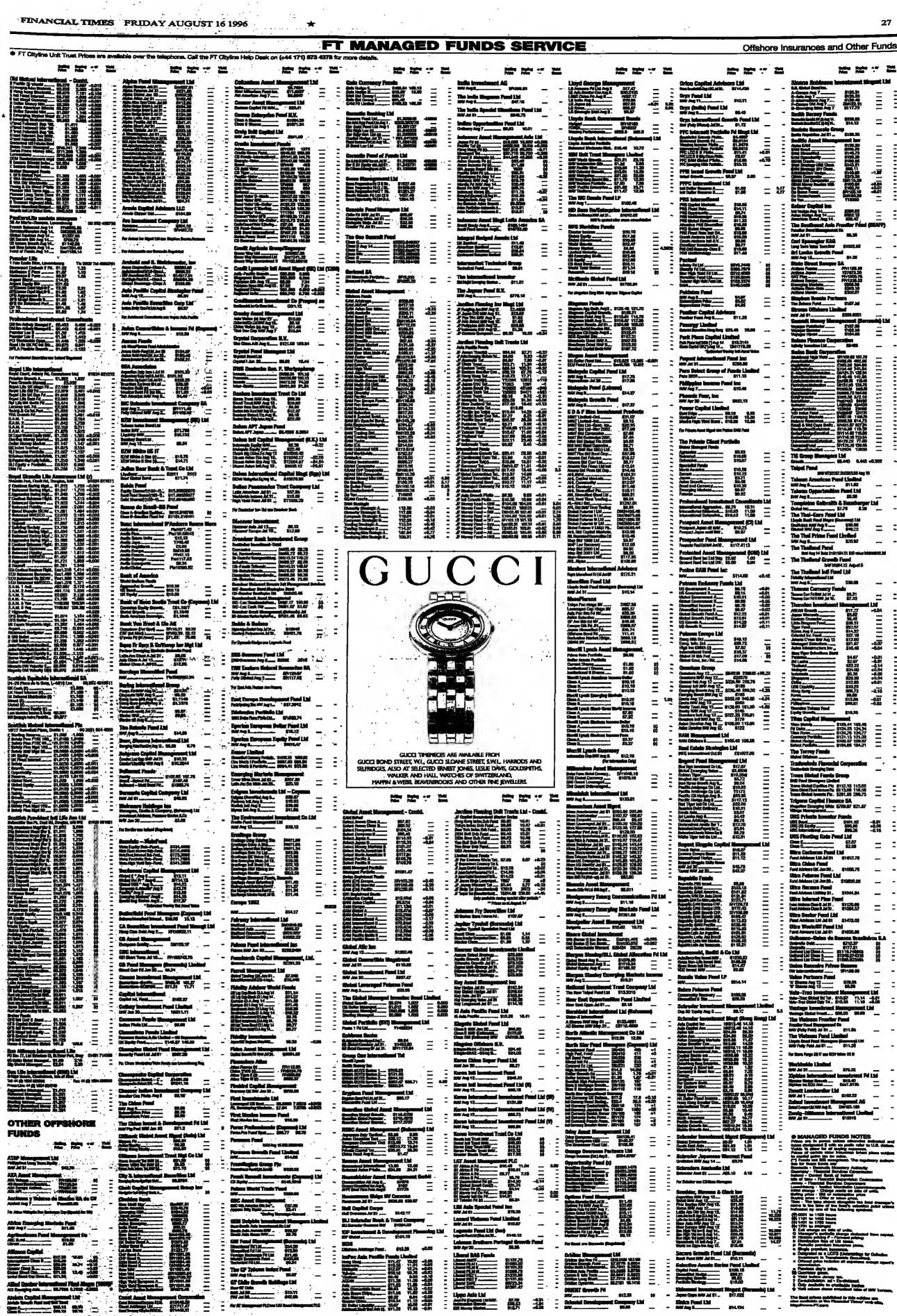
Open interest and Volume data shown for contracts traded on COMEX. NYMEX, CBT, NYCE, CME, CSCE and IFE Crude Oil are one day in arrests. Volume & Open Interest totals are for all traded months.

REUTERS (Base: 18/9/31-100)

Lon. day sugar (raw) Lon. day sugar (wha) Barley (Eng. feed) Maize (US No3 Yellon Rubber (Sep) V Rubber (Oct) V Rubber (KL RSS No1)

CRB Futures (Base: 1957=100) Aug 14 Aug 13 month ago 249.33 249.91 -6SCI Spot (Base: 1970=100)

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### LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

# Inflation news helps FT-SE 100 edge ahead

By Philip Coggan, Markets Editor

Shares in London managed to continue their recent alow-hutsteady rally yesterday, with the help of some reasonable economic data. But with some bourses in Europe closed, activity was subdued and the FT-SE 100 index traded within a narrow range of 11.5 points.

The UK inflation numbers were in line with forecasts, with the headline index down 0.4 per cent month-on-month and the underlying index (which excludes mortgage payments) down 0.5 per cent. The annual rate of underly-

ing inflation remained at 2.8 per cent, just outside the government's target band of 1-2.5 per

Navertheless, the figures showed few signs of inflationary pressure. "It is too soon to abandon hope of a final base rate reduction, although such a move would clearly be strongly opposed hy the Bank of England," says Mr Adam Cole, UK economist at HSBC James

Gilts rose oo the news, although they fell back in the afternoon in line with Treasury bonds, which reacted to strongerthan-expected US economic data.

ended just two ticks ahead. The US news also hit the Dow was around eight points lower at

The FT-SE 100 index was ahead throughout the session, and finisbed 7.1 points higher at 3,837.4. within 20 points of its all-time peak. The FT-SE Mid-250 index managed a more modest gain of 4.1 to 4.356.0.

the close of London trading.

Footsie has now risen by more than 200 points over the past month. Mr Michael Hart, who manages the Foreign & Colonial Investment Trust says ha could see the FT-SE 100 index moving a

key factor is Wall Street and if tor Torn Cobleigh, which said it that had a nasty setback nothing was not in talks, and at York-Jones Industrial Average, which would hold up. But one of these was around eight points lower at weeks the Bundeshank will reduce rates and that could provida an opportunity for the UK

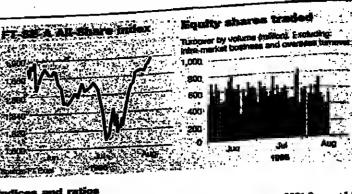
chancellor to make a further cut. Adds Mr Hart: "One feels earnings and dividend growth are going to continue to be reasonable and when the holiday season is over, takeovers might well

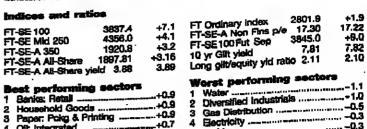
start un again." There were a couple of small corporate deals yesterday - a m bid for upholstery distributor Rexmore and an offer in the retail business on Wednesday Lloyds investment trust sector.

The henchmark 10-year gilt bit further forward to 4,000. "The But bid hopes faded at pub operashire Tyne-Tees TV, where Granada hinted it might be looking elsewhere for a target.

Third quarter figures from Hanson did nothing to inspire the shares, which have been dismal performers this year.

Volume was hit yesterday by a brief computer problem at Merrill Lynch, one of the leading marketmakers. By the 6pm count, 530.3m shares had been traded, of which 55.4 per cent was in non-FT-SE 100 stocks. The value of was a modest £1.49bn





# Waters active on switch

By Peter John, Lisa Wood and Jeffrey Brown

Water leaders Thames and Severn Trent took a bath as investors switched holdings into rival Yorkshire Water. Yorkshire has been trawling institutions and brokers

with a series of presentations and may have focused attention on the next share buy-back in the sector. Some dealers said Yorkshire had hinted at a buyback early next year rather than late this autumn. This

would allow the company to make amends to customers first of all and would remove the potential for embarrassment with the taxman. Although the rules for share buy-backs are shadowy, any form of speculative

investment is frowned upon. Thames trickled down 15 to 549p and Severn Trent 11 to 586p, while Yorkshire rose 21/2 to 6601/2p.

### Yorkshire TV dips

Yorkshire Tyne-Tees Television was volatile as early hints that Granada might not make a full bid shifted to suspicions of skilful diplo-

macy by the takeover giant. Mr Duncan Lewis, chief executive of Granada Media, hinted that Scottish or HTV might be more suitable modest restoration next year Same 1,562 Puts acquisitions than Yorkshire, but is clearly troubled about Aug 15 Data based on Equity shares fissed on the London Share Service.

in which Gransda already has nearly 24 per cent. Initially, this was received with surprise as investors

had always presumed that the relaxation of controls through the latest Broadcasting Bill had left a hid for Yorkshire on the cards. Yorkshire shares toppled

80p at one stage. Then, some cynics suggested Mr Lewis might have realised his comments would prompt a slide in the shares and make highly-priced Yorkshire attractive once more. The stock bounced to end only 38 lower

Meanwhile, Scottish gained 6 to 718p but HTV slid 6 to 353p. Beneath the potential for consolidation within the sector are some uninspiring advertising revenue estimates. The latest figures for September show ad revenue down to between £135m and £137m, from earlier forecasts of £148m. Granada gained 9 to 8660.

### BTR payout fears

Hopes for good news on trading from Hanson came to nothing and ABN Amro Hoare Govett put out a bearisb note on BTR. It added up to another torrid day for con-

Ahead of next month's interim results, ABN has taken an axe to its BTR dividend forecast, on the grounds that cash cover for the next three years is likely to be negligible. It has cut payout expectations for this year by 40 per cent to 8.8p. The broker is looking for a

the outlook for cashflow. Its profit estimates for this year have come down from £1.36hn to £1.3bn and hy

£80m to £1.43bn for 1997. The shares, which along with Hanson have lagged the market hy more than 20 per cent this year, fell 51/4 to 258p in the day's second hesviest Footsle volume. Turnover was 9.2m.

Hanson shed 2 to 1661/2p, in 9m traded, as third quarter profits came in at the bottom end of the City forecast range. Analysts claimed to have learned little new ahout Hanson's trading background and said the spotlight now turned to the first of the group's demerger documents, due out on

A negative note from BZW, plus a sizeable placing by NatWest Securities, cast a cloud over support services leader Rentokil which fell

41/2 to 415p in above average volume of 5.9m.

BZW has reiterated its sell stance ahead of next week's interim results. The broker's basic story has not changed with the BET acquisition thought to he raising tha group's risk profile and diluting earnings.

According to Mr Nyren Scott-Malden, BZW analyst, the shares, which stood at 290p a year ago, are at least 10 per cent too high. He would he happier with Rentokil's rating if the shares came back to 380p. NatWest was said to have

having acquired the stock at Merrill Lynch advised US clients to buy Barclays, which recently announced striking interim figures.

placed 1.5m shares at 413p

Barclays also remains one of BZW's favoured stocks alongside Lloyds TSB and

### FINANCIAL TIMES EQUITY INDICES

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P/É ratio nil	16.76	16.74	18.72	16.28	16.28	15.46	17.03	15.71
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	Total Rises	699	Total Highs	88	Total contracts	42,502
	Total Falls	432	Total Lows	27	Calls	23,768

Standard Chartered. Mr Hugh Pye at BZW said: "The banks are cheap and it is taking people a long time to realise that the quality of their earnings is good." He has Barclays on a p/e relative of 65 against the FT-SE-A All-Share Index and believes it should be at least 85. In respect of the other two banks, he argues they should he at a premium to the market

The aector received further help from some encouraging retail prica data, which took more heat out of any UK inflation worries. Barclays gained 15 to 909p. Lloyds 61/2 to 3591/2p and Standard 12 to 703p.

Zeneca, the pharmacenticals group, lifted 6 to 1474p, a closing peak, with tha stock helped by a marketing agreement with Bayer of Germany. Takeover speculation also continues to circulate, although the company is heginning to seem an for even the richest crown.

Mohile phones group Orange put on 71/2p to 187p, on volume of 7.2m, after tha second positive broker note in two days ahead of next week's interims.

Although yesterday's report, from Natwest Securities, said the pre-tax loss would he in the region of £125m to £135m compared to an normalised loss of £197m in 1995 as a whole, the broker's recommendation is

Orange has fallen 30 per cent since April. Natwest analysts said: "Given its pure UK exposure and the immaturity of its business, this performance is not surng". While it was difficult to foresee a short-term turn in sector centiment, next week's figures offered

A classic Fairey deal was how one analyst described takeover of Fusion UV Systems of the US.

Fusion is a high tech der in a niche field, and the purchase is said to be earnings-enhancing from year one. Finally, it is a biggish deal with the take-out price representing some 10 per cent of Fairey's market capitalisation. Fairey added 15 to 641p.

Lloyds Chemists climbed 12 to 482p following media reports suggesting hoth potential hidders for the company might be able to satisfy Monopolies and Mergers Commission qualifications so that bids could pro-

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		67.B	677%	67612	Egypt Trust	6773		-	-	-	
<b>§145</b>		42.3	218	148	†Bec Retail Sys	201	-12	. •	-	-	
- 6	F.P.	2.52	53		Fayrowood	48		-	-	-	-
Š	F.P.	19.0	83		Thomson Env	61		w-	-	-	8.
163		22.6	202	169	HAT Entry	202			-	-	65.
<b>565</b>	F.P.	18.2	65	85	Hambros Sm Asn C	85			٠ ـ	-	
<b>§100</b>	F.P.	24.2	98	94	Hours Gvt 1000 C	97		-	-	-	
§12	F.P.	0.80	15	12	fLife Numbers	12		-	_	-	
5	F.P.	0.16	6	2	Life Numbers Was .	5				-	
-	F.P.	4.42	1412	13	Lon & Edinburgh	1412		_	-	-	
5	F.P.	0.26	112	1	Lotteryking Was	112		· ·-	:-		
	F.P.	0.38	Ž		Pordum Foods Was	14		-	-		
§105	F.P.	29.5	130	105/2	Robert Walters	130	-41	L2.0	3.9	1.9	16.
\$149	F.P.	19.3	165	151	13CI EN	165		-			11.
§100	F.P.	79.6	66	9012	Schroder Em Chs	814	J4	-	_	-	
5	F.P.	6.28	37	31	Schroder Em Whs	36		-		-	
	F.P.	40.7	370	343	Schroder Em Ct C	370			· -	-	
566		13.9	70	68	Selector	66		-	<u> </u>		
145	F.P.	471.0	163	156	Somerlield	157		W9.0	2.5	7.2	7.
	F.P.	4.83	125		TWest 175 Entrs	125				-	- 7

			Amg 14	% ch		Year	Gross yeard		P/E patto	18gt		k mar
ĒΤ	GC	LD	MI	NES	IND	EX						
Altern ther sy	mbole	bjeens uverpus	Leaguel, yes hang by pro-	The LO	tecing priorition She	na Service	paluatio B pales	a. Fo	TA NE	o)dojan	<b>#46</b> 4	OL M
-	F.P.	4.83	125		West 175		125	_	:=			
145	F.P.	471.0	163		Somerlield		157		W9.0	2.5	7,2	7.0
506	F.P.	13.9	70		Selector		66			-=	=	_=
	F.P.	40.7	370		Schroder E	m Ct C	370			-	-	-
5	F.P.	6.28	37		Schroder E		36		-		-	-
§100	F.P.	79.6	66		schroder E	m Chs	814	٦,			_	-
\$149	F.P.	19.3	165		SOI EN		165					11.6
§105	F.P.	29.5	130		lobert Wa		130	-11	120	3.9	1.9	16.5
3	F.P.	0.38	2		Pordum F				_	·-·	_	_
£	FP	0.26	112	13	Lotterykin	a Why	112			-:=	_	
5	F.P.	0.16	1412		Life Numb Lon & Edi		1412			• =		
§12	F.P.	0.60	15		Life Numb		12				-	-
§100	F.P.	24.2	. 98		loans Gvt		97		-	-	-	-
966	F.P.	18.2	65		tambros S					_	-	-
163	F.P.	22.6	202		HET ENIM		202				-	65.6
- 6	F.P.	19.0	83		God Thon		61		W-	-	-	8.7
- 5	F.P.	2.52	53	41 1	Fayrewoo	ď	48		-	-	-	
§145	F.P.	42.3	218	148	Bloc Flota	2 Svs	201	-12		-	-	-
-	F.P.	67.B	677%		gypt Trus		67734		-	-	_	-
\$8	F.P.	3.07	4		Ortogs of		4		-	-	-	-
9110	F.P.	10.7 5.17	148		Dentmasi		4	+12	-	-	-	-

T GOLD	MIN	IES	IND	EX				
			Ami 13		Gross div	P/E partio	62 w	
d Mines Index (21)	2009.99	-1.5	2045.03	2007,66	1.57	-	2529.73	1722.93
hylowi ladices								
ca (13)	2622.57	-1.5	2863.50	2795,04	3.03	37.14	3553.86	2272.74
ratesia (7)			2408,34		2.39	22.74	2927.34	2123.50
	1783.98		1822.38		0.74	64.72	2186.39	1488.91
wight, The Financial Times United Values: 1000.00	d. Figure	s in bre	chets sh	OW INJIM	ber of comp	erdes. I	Busis US	Dollars

FT - SE Actuaries	Share I	ndi	es					T	e U	K S	erie
	Aug 15 ci	ay's	Aug 14	Aug 13	Aug 12	Year	Div. yiekt%	Net	P/E ratio	Xd adj	i. Te
FT-SE 100	3837.4	+0.2					4.07	2.07	14.82	124.79	150
FT-SE Mid 250	4356.0	+0.1			4331.0			1.58		123.76	
FT-SE Mid 250 ex lav Trusts	4390.8	+0.1	4387.4	4380.2	4365.6	3882.6	3.55	1.59	22.05	130.38	17
FT-SE-A 350	1920.8	+0.2	1917.6		1905.1			1.98		60,79	
FT-SE-A 350 Higher Yield	1842.2		1842.4		1836.1			1.88		77.29	
FT-SE-A 350 Lower Yield	2006.7		2000.1							44.74	
FT-SE SmallCap	2130.69		2127.26					1.67		42.92	
FT-SE SmallCap ex lav Trusts FT-SE-A ALL-SHARE	2123.57 1897.61		2120.12 1894.65					1.75		45.00	
		+0.2	1094,03	1081.02	100283	1711.73	3.00	1.96	16.40	58.39	164
■ FT-SE Actuaries A		ay's				Year	Div.	Net	P/E	Xd adi	L T
	Aug 15 ch		Aug 14	Aug 13	Aug 12		vield%		ratio		Re
10 MINERAL EXTRACTIONIZE	3805.42		3585.36				3.77	1.63			_
12 Extractive industries(6)	4216.03		4218.78					2.52		93,81 109.10	
15 Oil, Integrated(3)	3696.52		3672.22					1,48		100.98	
18 Oil Exploration & Prod(15)	2557.93		2541.44					1,52		34.94	
20 GEN INDUSTRIALS(276)	2018.36	-0.1	2020.12	2014.98	2009 68	1989 00	4.29	1.82		55.15	_
21 Building & Construction(34)	1158.14		1156.43					1.67		23.05	
22 Building Matte & Mercha(29)	1883.38		1880.18					1.71		47.61	
23 Chemicals(25)	2375.48		2373.68					1.63		62.58	
24 Diversified industrials(19)	1551.11		1567.01					1.64		62.63	
25 Electronic & Elect Equip(37)	2312.40		2307.07					1.55		56.62	
28 Engineering (71) 27 Engineering, Vehicles (14)	2453.80 3057.40		2455.73					2.43		54.65	
27 Engineering, Vehicles(14) 28 Paper, Pokg & Printing(26)	2696.91		3050.92 2676.85					2.01		73.79	
29 Textins & Append(19)	1262.76		1260.61					1.56		64.49 42.36	
30 CONSUMER GOODS(81)	3587.60		3582.50					1.95			_
32 Alcoholic Beverages(8)	2803.47		2811.36					1.62		115.56	
33 Food Producers(24)	2524.64		2523.04					1.91		S1.68	
34 Household Goods(15)	2590.20		2568.30					2.10		59.03	
36 Health Care(20)	2013.59		2006.18					218		36.96	
37 Phermaceuticals(13)	5294.18		5281.09							101.62	
38 Tobacco(1)	3938.96		3990.4B				_	2.06	S.14	262.07	10
40 SERVICES(252)	2541.10	+0.1	2539.50	2533.80	2520.96	2178.62	2.89	1.91	22.60	58.07	133
41 Distributora(31)	2775.51		2775.24					1.74	22.88	57.82	100
42 Leisure & Hotsis(24) 43 Media(45)	3201.37		3193.89					1.93	23.70	154,38	177
44 Retailers, Food(14)	4257.56 2037.97		4254.68 2040.55					1.84	29,82	59.65	154
45 Retailers, General(43)	2108,44		2105.65					2.32	14.34	48.71	130
47 Breweries, Pubs & Rest.(24)	3132,95		3129.02					1.98		47.43 67.05	
48 Support Services(49)	2458.27		2467.61					2.26		34.90	
49 Transport(22)	2392.11	+0.4	2383.62	2379.99	2375.62	2371,45	3.96	0.93		57.34	
60 UTILITIES(32)	2329.71	-0.3	2336.57	2334.91	2338.52	2518.38	5.51	1.94		152.62	
62 Electricity(11)	2442.00	E.0-	2449,58	2458.18	2476.62	2603.20	8.85	2.40	7.84	404.44	12
64 Gas Distribution(2)	1329.22	-0.5	1335.62	1326.02	1329,22	1858.71	9.02	1.36		66.67	
66 Telecommunications(8)	1973.74		1974.03	1972.01	1970.58	2136.68	4.09	1,68		60.20	
68 Water(11)	2217.74	-1.1	<u> 2242.76</u>	2236.26	2236,11	<u>2086,51</u>	6.21	2.32		94.85	
69 NON-FINANCIALS(865)	1999.02	+0,1	1997.60	1993,18	1985.98	1840.48	3.87	1,87		62.98	
70 FINANCIALS(104)	3086,56		3067.44		_			241		94.03	
71 Banks, Retail(8)	4418.46		4378.20				741	271	IZ. IL		

	Day							Year	Div.	Net	P/E	Xd adj.	Total
	Aug 15 chge	% /	Aug 14	Aug	13	Aug	12	ago	yield%	COVER	ratio	ytd	Retur
0 MINERAL EXTRACTIONIZE	3805.42 +4	0.63	3585.36	3580	79	3567	20	2907.01	3.77	1.63	20.36	93,81	1550 6
12 Extractive inclustries(6)								4047.38		2.52		109.1e	
15 Oil, Integrated(3)								2887.62		1,48		100.98	
18 Oil Exploration & Prod(15)								2010.04		1.52		34.94	
							-		_				
O GEN INDUSTRIALS(276)								1960.00		1.62		55.15	
1 Building & Construction(34)	1156.14							964.38		1.67		23.05	
2 Building Matts & Mercha(29)								1824.03		1.71		47.61	
3 Chemicals(25) 4 Diversified industrials(19)								2470.73		1.63		62.58	
								1832.56		1.64		62.63	
5 Electronic & Elect Equip(37)								2038.94		1.55		56.62	
8 Engineering(71)								2102.86		2.43		54.65	
7 Engineering, Vehicles(14)								2541,88		2.01		73.79	
8 Paper, Pokg & Printing(26)								2969.56		1.98	16.49	64,49	1133.9
9 Textiles & Apperei(19)			_					1688,75		1,56	<u> 14,31</u>	42.36	779.6
CONSUMER GOODS(81)	3587.60 +6	0.13	582.50	3570.	25	3540	11	3309.85	3.93	1.95	16.29	115.56	1345
2 Alcoholic Beverages(8)	2803.47 -	3.3 2	811.36	2814.	64	2805.	32	2852,74	4.50	1.62		S1.68	
3 Food Producers(24)	2524.64 +	0.1 2	523.04	2522	81	2508	18	2540.27	4.13	1.91		70.28	
4 Household Goods(15)	2590.20 +0	122	568.30	2567.	89	2550.	94	2698.76	3.84	2.10		59.03	
Health Care(20)	2013.59 +0	3.4 2	006.18	2007.	75	2007.	COS	1880.69		2.18		36.96	
7 Phermeceuticals(13)	5294.18 +0	25	281.09	5235.	18	5193.	48	4235.59	3.1e	2.07		101.62	
Tobacco(1)	3938.96 +0	123	990.48	3847.	43	3930.	48	4366,74	6.65	2.06	S.14	262.07	1014
SERVICES(262)	2541.10 +6	112	F30 50	2633	an i	2620	œ	2178.62	2.89	1.91		_	_
Distributora(31)	2775.51							2750.88		1.74	22,09	58.07 57.82	1332.
Leieure & Hotels(24)								2493.54		1.93	22.00	37.62	1031.
Media/45								3279.63		1.84	20.70	154,38 59,65	1730
Retailers, Food(14)								2191.35		2.32		48.71	
Receilers, General(43)		112	105.65	2101.	92	2098	18	1782.24	2.99	2.13		47.43	
7 Brewerles, Pubs & Rest.(24)								2656.20		1.98		67.05	
S Support Services(49)								1755.57		2.28	20.04	34.90	1578.
Transport(22)								2311.45		0.93	39.64	57.24	1000
UTILITIES/92								2518.38		_			
Bectricity(11)								2603.20		1.94		152.62	
Gas Distribution(2)								1858.71	8.02	2.40		404,44	
Telecommunications(3)	1973.74	~ ;	974 03	1072		1070		2136.68		1.36	10.22	66.67	697.1
Water(11)		12	242 78	2226	38	197U. 2998	**	2086,51		1.68		60.20	
					-			_	6.21	2.32	8.70	94.85	<u> 1254.</u>
NON-FINANCIALS(865)								1840.48		1.87	17,30	62.98	1538.
FENANCIALS(104)	3086.56 +0	1.6 3	067.44	3070	32	3041.	67	2506.06	4.27	241		94.03	
Banks, Pietali(8)	4418.46 +0	.94	378.20	4390.	16	4335.	21	3396.17	4.10	271	11 05	141.75	1405
Banks, Merchant(5)	9634.99 +0	.53	618.1S	3567	37	3561	<u> </u>	3620.76	2.72	2.50	123	141./5	1465.
Insurance(22)	1470.81	_ 1	471,32	1472	17	1450	91	1332.35	5.70	2.34	10.25	63.39	1160.0
Life Assurance(5)	3411.58 -0	1.13	414.77	3403.	22 :	3407	57	27KI 01	4.42	2.21		49.20	
Other Financial(21)	2508,76 +0	1.52	585,44	2577	53	2571	oo.	2190.85	4.08			100.72	
Property(41)	1610.40 +0	4 1	604.11	1605	16	1509	~	1483.08		1.79	17.15	68.15	1495.6
INVESTMENT TRUSTS(126)										1.25		40.48	
								<u> 2944,56</u>		1.11	49.93	47.71	11043
FT-SE-A ALL-SHARE(895)								1711.73		1.96		58.39	
SE-A Redging	1228.47 +0		~~~										
SE-A Redgling ex Inv Trusts	122041 +	A7 7	بحرمك	1226.	14	1226	•	1048.49 1041.63	2.79	2.38	10.00	21.75	

# THE REFUGEE Everything they once had has been left behind. Home, family, possessions,

And nothing is all they'll ever have

We know you can't give them back

unless we all extend a helping hand.

the things that others have taken away.

all gone. They have nothing.

There he is. Fourth row, second from the left. The one with the moustache. Obvious really.

character you're looking at is more likely to be your average neighbourhood slob with a grubby vest and a weekend's stubble on his chin.

easily be the clean-cut fellow on his left. and me.

We're not even asking for money (though every cent certainly helps). But we are asking that you keep an open mind. And a smile of welcome.

refugee it can mean everything. UNHCR is a strictly humanitarian

organization funded only by voluntary contributions. Currently it is responsible for more than 19 million refugees around the world.

UNHCR Public Information P.O. Box 2500 1211 Geneva 2, Switzerland 
 Open
 9.00
 19.00
 11.00
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 2229.7
 2220.7
 2218.9
 2218.9
 2218.5
 2217.5
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 4448.0
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 4498.6

# It may not seem much. But to a

Maybe not. The unsavoury-looking

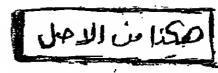
And the real refugee could just as You see, refugees are just like you Except for one thing.



√ \$

1

--- in ... in the lead and I constitute 1'01 12 915,204,5 \$5,83,4 +51.4



	FINANCIAL TIMES FRIDAY AUGUST 16 1996	31
S. C. S. Market Lagran	Highs & Lows shown on a 52 week basis WORLD STOCK MARKETS	
	## 1 - High Lev Vid PR	7 Wester 10.85 -15 22.50 10.00 1.8 \$0000 Breamh 200, +\sqrt{10} 10.85 -15 22.50 10.00 1.8 \$0000 Breamh 200, +\sqrt{10} 251 251 251 251 251 251 251 251 251 251
	AusAlv 1.411	26 - Amoyer 9,10 + 10 9,80 6,85 4.7 7,8 40965 Cambies 1015 + 1,10 7,10 1,10 1,10 1,10 1,10 1,10 1,10
a	EUROPE  MARTINA (Nat) 14/1500)  MARTINA (Nat) 14/1500  MARTINA	Description
**************************************	EMPOPE  ASSTRAINA (NOT 147-504)  ANNUAL 1271 - 128 1988 127 - 128 1988 127 - 128 1988 127 - 128 1988 127 - 128 1988 127 - 128 1988 127 - 128 1988 127 - 128 1988 127 - 128 1988 127 - 128 1988 127 - 128 1988 127 - 128 1988 127 - 128 1988 127 - 128 1988 127 - 128 1988 128 198	10 0.5 - introde 12.40 - 13.03 8.63 2.6 18.2 72.45 DunellA 105.4 4.8 183.2 111.2 22
	### 1.00   1.00	Company   1.56
427	### A PART OF THE	7
	Render 1.001 -52 7.000 1.001 - 96 Street 410 - 504 572 10 7.9 - 1946 - 1	0 - Bullet 4450 +50 5200 4300 4.5 38510 Molana 21 a -1 2511 1875
a Mr Shows Posterday	Sepis 1.071 -88 7,000 1.071 -88 5,000 1.071 -8	00 Bridger 4.450 4.50 6.200 4.300 4.5 30510 Manura, 214 3.20 210 250 6.200 4.300 4.5 30510 Manura, 214 3.20 210 250 6.200 4.300 4.5 30510 Manura, 214 3.20 210 6.6 1.3 30510 Manura, 214 3.20 210 6.6 1.3 30510 Manura, 214 3.20 210 6.6 1.3 30510 Manura, 214 3.20 210 6.6 1.5 30510 Manura, 214 3.20 1.0 6.6 1.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6
<u></u> ≟	The control of the co	77 —
	Personne de la company de la c	Aller St. 19
	Supprise 737 -77,18 bit 1901, 29 53, 60 0.8 bit 1902 20 7, 57, 65 52.5 bit 1902 20 7, 67, 67, 67, 67, 67, 67, 67, 67, 67,	99 — Proton 10.53 - 220 15.94 6.29 6.3
	Unidan 275 221.88 231 3.6	
	America 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	10
	TRANSLEY MIN (17 No.) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	187 ACMA 3,247 + 04 4.94 3,12 4.2 4 pm close  Amend 2,227 4 0,247 0,5 5 sales  187 2,248 1,5 0,5 0,5 5 sales  188 Cyclor 1,20 + 20 1,7 1,2 2.5 5 sales  189 Cyclor 1,20 + 20 1,7 1,2 2.5 5 sales  180 Cyclor 1,20 + 20 1,7 1,2 2.5 5 sales  180 Cyclor 1,20 + 20 1,7 1,2 2.5 5 sales  180 Cyclor 1,20 + 20 1,7 1,2 2.5 5 sales  180 Cyclor 1,20 + 20 1,7 1,2 2.5 5 sales  180 Cyclor 1,20 + 20 1,7 1,2 2.5 5 sales  180 Cyclor 1,20 + 20 1,7 1,2 2.5 5 sales  180 Cyclor 1,20 + 20 1,7 1,2 2.5 5 sales  180 Cyclor 1,20 + 20 1,7 1,2 2.5 5 sales  180 Cyclor 1,20 + 20 1,7 1,2 2.5 5 sales  180 Cyclor 1,20 + 20 1,7 1,2 2.5 5 sales  180 Cyclor 1,20 + 20 1,2 1,2 1,2 1,2 1,2 1,2 1,2 1,2 1,2 1,2
	Acros 678 502 645 4.0 PRIA 19150 3 255 186 37 Healthy 13530 333 93 401 9 Label 12.00 18.2 18.0 18.0 18.0 18.0 18.0 18.0 18.0 18.0	50 Standory 1,280 + 104 1,30 0,30 1.8 1.1 AFRICA  10 Metric 4,50 st + 102 8,50 4,20 1,2 1.2 SOUTH AFRICA (Aug 15 / Rand)  22 News 22 12 2,24 3,4 SOUTH AFRICA (Aug 15 / Rand)  23 ORB 5 1,50 1,50 1,50 1,50 1,50 1,50 1,50 1,
	Medical State	51 — Presenty 4:12 + 05 4:30 3:22 1.6 Anie 88.75 — 110 63 4.8 — 150 63 4.8 — 157 — 150 63 4.8 — 157 — 150 63 4.8 — 157 — 150 63 4.8 — 157 — 150 63 4.8 — 157 — 150 63 4.8 — 157 — 150 63 4.8 — 157 — 150 63 4.8 — 157 — 150 63 4.8 — 157 — 150 63 4.8 — 157 — 150 63 4.8 — 157 — 150 63 4.8 — 157 — 150 63 4.8 — 157 — 150 63 4.8 — 157 — 150 63 4.8 — 157 — 150 63 4.8 — 150 63
	Notices   Noti	85 5.7 8.3 Hydrop 26,500 4195 32,000 0.1 Emndi 24,50 4 3.0 32,97 17,50 4.5 2 8.3 Korep 26,500 4195 32,000 10 Emple 27,76 35,50 31,55
	Table   Mathem (1979)   C2   Total   C2   T	7
	SPA SHEPSYLEPHON   C) SUBSECTION   C) SUBSECTI	## C6 150 CRSH # 25 0 -00 1315 16 0.2 - inbodic 45,75 -15 60 2526 1.2 - inbodic 45,75 -15 60 25,60 1.2 inbodic 45,75 -15 640 380 5.8 - inbodic 45,75 -15 640 540 540 540 540 540 540 540 540 540 5
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	FINANCIAL TIMES FRIDAY AUGUST 16 1996		33
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	THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O	-V-  55 <sup>2</sup>	## Sinck   No. E   18th   Nigh   Low   Lost   Cong   ACC   Corp   0.12352   1961   142½   40   42½ + 1½   Densor   0.23   16   141   41½   40½   475   +½   Densor   0.23   16   141   41½   47½   475   +½   Densor   0.23   16   141   41½   475   475   +½   Densor   0.23   17   47½   475   +½   Densor   0.23   17   475   Densor   0.23   17   475
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# Mixed data leave Dow becalmed

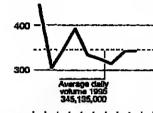
### **Wall Street**

US equities were holding near to Wednesday'e closing prices amid mixed economic data and little in the way of services company, tumbled corporate news. varites Lisa \$211 or 61 per cent to \$131 Bransten in New York.

At 1 pm, the Dow Jonee Industrial Average was off 1.47 at 5,665.41, while the more broadly based Standard & Poor's 500 had risen 0.67 at 662.72, and the American Stock Exchange composite was up 1.11 at 551.45. Volume on the NYSE was very light at 174m shares.

Technology shares were also mostly flet with the Nasdag composite, which is weighted toward that sector, off 1.25 at 1,132.26. The Pacific Stock Exchange tech-

NYSE volume



2 6 6 7 8 6 12 13 14 15

nology index added 0.3 per

Data on industrial production was atronger than expected, rising 0.1 per cent last month when most economists had expected a modest decline; hut the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia's index of business activity fell sharply in

Orchard Supply Hardware jumped \$5 or 17 per cent to \$34% after announcing that Sears Roebuck had agreed to

### Rand woes in S Africa was The overall index was

Johannesburg undermined again by a fall down 52 at 6,564, the indusgrowing expectations that interest rates might be lifted before the weekend.

The rand was at an all-time low against tha dollar, and both domestic and foreign investors sold stock as it looked likely that the Reserve Bank would lift its official Bank rate from 16

per cent in support of the at R38.30 and Dries off R1.50

R130.50, Absa off 65 cents at R20.70, Remgro down R1.45 at R58.50.

# **Buenos Aires up 2.8%**

to cnd a five day losing streak triggered by the gov-ernment's announcement of its economic programme. By midday the Merval Index was up 14.12 or 2.8 per cent at 513.99, after o loss of 9.5 per cent in local currency

terms since last Thursday. the glass manufacturer, which posted atrong gains after it announced that it ment after a speculative

NATIONAL AND REGIONAL MARKETS

A recovery mounted in sion, Anchor Glase. Vitro BUENOS AIRES looked set was up 2.4 per cent by midsession as the IPC index rose

11.88 to 3,277.09. Telmex L shares, and those of its holding company Grupo Carso, were in decline during the morning, both of them losing more than 1 per

Traders felt that the drop MEXICO CITY liked Vitro, in the price of Telmex was not based on fundamentals. but that it was an adjust-

a share. The company also reported second quarter earnings of 66 cents a share. 11 cents ahead of analysts'

estimates

Medaphis, a healthcare after announcing that it expected to report a third quarter loss of 28 to 33 cents e share. Several brokerage houses also reduced their ratings and the company's stock was the most actively traded issue on the Nasdaq market at noon in volume of

nearly 31m shares. Several retailers reported results. Saks Holdings climbed \$1% or 5 per cent at \$35 after reporting a smallerthan-expected loss of 31 cents a share; the Gap fell \$% at \$34% in spite of reporting second quarter earnings of 23 cents a share, 3 cents ahead of expectations; Barnes & Noble added \$% at \$32% as its loss of 8 cents a share was in line with expec-

### Canada

Toronto staged a partial recovery in golds, up 1.3 per cent after Wednesday's 1.7 per cent fall in the sector. By noon, the TSE 300 composite index was 12,10 higher et 5,060.92 as turnover leapt from 28.4m shares to 40m.

The exchange announced that it was adding Sherritt International to the TSE 300. and Sherritt led active stocks et midsession, rising 75 cents or more than ten per cent to C\$7.90 in 1.24m

shares. Potash Corp of Saskatchewan climbed C\$3.25 to C\$97.75 on its talks to buy 51 per cent of the quoted Kali und Salz from BASF of Germany at a price below mar-

ket value. Berna Gold jumped C\$5 to C\$12 on further drilling results from its Cerro Casale acquire the company for \$35 deposit in northern Chile.

in the value of the rand, and trial index dropped 79 or 1 morning session. However per cent, to 7,774 and the gold index shed 16 to 1,762. Iscor, tha steel maker, dropped 4 cents to R2.76, which left it only 2 cents

above its 1996 low. Other prominent movers included De Beers, off R1 to

on Wednesday, closed 5harp Y10 to Y1,790.

> formed when Japan National 1987, fell Y22,000 to Y514,000. Traders said that worries over the listing of West Japan Railway in October were weighing on the stock. Speculative stocks were

went up Y23 to Y665.

# Stockholm fields rate cut, Astra, Ericsson EUROPE

for Assumption Day. Bnt STOCKHOLM had it all: a rate cut from the central bank, the fifth so far this year, better-than-expected earnings at the halfway stage from Ericsson and disappointment from Astra. which turned in weaker than anticipated figures.

The net result was a rise in the Affärsvärlden general index of 4.2 to 1,980.0. Ericsson, np SKr8 at SKr147, said that it might need to dispose of some of its subsidiaries to free resources and improve cashflow. This

was due to the company's

rapid expansion. Astra fall SKr8.50 to SKr274.50 as it saw its interims affected by the strength of the crown. But looking deeper, brokers found comfort in a number of factors, including good sales of its beta-hlocker drug, even though sales of its anti-ulcer treatment were slightly weaker than anticipated. Volvo, meanwhile, shed SKr4.5 at SKr140 as It

poor profitability.
COPENHAGEN was briefly shaken out of record-breaking form after IS5, the willingness to concentrate cleaning group, reported a

replaced e senior manager at

its US trucks operation,

because of the division's

FT-SE Actuaries Share Indices Housey changes Opent 10.30† 11.00† 12.00† 13.00† 14.00† 15.00† Close† FT-SE Exemplates 100 1644 90 1644 97 1644 72 1645 14 1645 09 1644 93 1643 74 1643 79 Aug 14 Aug 13 Aug 12 Aug 9 Aug 8 1638.62 1637.82 1633.83 1637.89 1643.77 1704.40 1701.88 1696.76 1700.34 1705.39 lese value 1000 (28/10/90): Hisk/tim: 100 = 1646.30; 208 = 1710.41 Loudian: 100 = 1648.37 200 = 1708.50. † Pariidi

loss, blamed false accounting at its US unit and said May's \$100m of charges and provisions against ISS Inc would fall \$47m short of the

group's needs. over 40 per cent in a few days in late May and early June, ended DKr11 lower at DKr124, after DKr109. However, the broad market was resilient and the KFX index closed at another all-tima high, up 0.15 at 118.76.

FRANKFURT majored on BASF which said it was selling its magnetic media business and a majority stake in its quoted fertilisar lossmaker, Kali und Salz, at below market price.

The sales were unlikely to affect BASF profits, said Mr Andreas Schmidt chemicals analyst at BZW in Frankfurt risen by 36 per cent, but hnt they demonstrated a on core business, and share-

DKr2bn (\$350m) first half holder value. BASF rose 68 pfg to DM42.28 but Kali fell DM14 to DM195.

The Dax index closed 1.86 lower at an Ibis-indicated 2,542.75, turnover falling from DM5.9bn to DM4.4bn. The ISS shares, which fell SGL Carbon was another winner, up DM3.25 et DM175.25, after a meeting on Wednesday convinced analysts that the company was not governed by the steel cycle, and suggested that new products and applications might give it growth

> AMSTERDAM was pleased with better-than-expected interims from ABN Amro and, with additional help from the dollar, tha AEX index added 5.35 to 554.80. ABN Amro, the country'a

largest bank, said net profit in the first six months had warned that earnings growth was likely to slow over the remainder of the year owing

to competitive pressures. Nevertheless, a number of hrokers responded immediately yesterday by indicating that they would be lifting their ratings on the stock and raising full year 1996 forecasts to more than Fl3bn. The shares moved forward Fl 2.10 to Fl 95.40.

Getronics, the information systems organisation, also had a successful session after declaring a 35 per cent increase in its half year profit. The stock made FI 1.50 to FI 37.50.

ZURICH was soured by consideration of the U5 economy and the SMI index fell 4.4 to 3,646.3. Interest stayed high in Sandoz and Ciba, the components of the Novartis pharmaceuticals merger, for which Goldman Sachs reiterated its priority list status on Wednesday. Ciba bearers rose SFr13 to SFr1,510 and Sandoz registered by SFr9 to SFr1,423 for two day gains of 2.7 per cent, and 2.3 per cent,

respectively.
BUDAPEST was boosted by OTP Bank, which pro-duced good first half results and closed Ft65 higher at Ft2,210, helping to push the Bux index to a gain of 37.60 at 8,146.15.

Written and edited by William

### EUROPEAN EQUITIES TURNOVER Monthly total in local currencies (bn) June 1996 May 1996 Apr 1996 Bourse 87.279 126.48 37.96 16.36 32.52 15.88 Finland 295.40 241.28 162.75 200.66 54,928 157.42 167.73 58,992 44.20 32.28 1,436.43 55.70 51.40 39.93 1,566.70 119.39 1,653.22 1,497.97 181.00 40.95 44.50 62,59 63.25

Volumes represent purchases and sales. Indian data adjusted to include off-market tracing. Some figures may be revised. Source: NatWest Socurities

Stormy weather from across the Atlantic kept Europeans off the beaches in July. Normally, the month sees a decline in stock market activity, but this year European domestic bourse turnover rose by 2.2 per cent over June, and by 39 per cent over July, 1995, says Mr James Cornish of NatWest Securities, which produces the figures.

The turnoil on Wall Street, disturbed by poor earnings

reports in the high tech area, impressed liself upon international investors. Mr Cornisb reports a rise of 4.5 per cent on the month in turnover of European stock deals declared to Seaq International, London's screen-based international dealing system. International aalling helped hit share prices; the FT/S&P Europe index fell 3.3 per cent in July with particularly steep falls in Italy, Switzerland and Spain, down 8.8, 6.5 and 6.1 per cent respectively.

In volume terms, the most dramatic gain came in Switzerland, up 24.7 per cent over June and by 88.8 per cent year-on-year as share prices plunged on the strong Swiss franc, and on profit-taking after steep rises in earlier months. France ran it close, up 19.3 per cent on the month and 84.2 per cent year on year, driven by a boom in

low-margin programme trades. Cochrane and John Pitt

# Nintendo under attack as Nikkei edges lower

# Tokyo

Profit taking eroded earlier, telecoms-led gains and the Nikkei average edged lower for the first time in four trading days, writes Emiko Terazono in Tokyo.

The 225 index fell 12.86 to 20,968.25 after trading between 20,913.48 and 21,105.71. Voluma stayed thin, totalling 249.8m shares against 267,9m, due to the Buddbist Obon holidays.

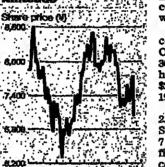
The Topix index of all first section stocks retreated 0.94 to 1,588.79 and the Nikkei 300 index 0.48 to 295.72. Advances led declines by 618 to 385 with 192 unchanged.

In London, the ISE/Nikkei 50 index rose 1.58 to 1414. Foreign investors placed buy orders in telecom shares spurring purchases by domestic dealers in the year to September. They profit-taking in later trading left DDI, the long distance operator, down Y1,000 to Y942,000 and KDD, the international telecoms company. off Y300 at Y11,900. Nippon Telegraph and Telephone. which led the Nikkei's rise

unchanged at Y823,000. shares managed to maintain their morning gains. NEC gained Y10 to Y1,190 and

East Japan Railway, one of the seven railway groups Railway was hroken up in

higher. Mitsui Matsushima, the most octive issue of day, rose Y38 to Y645; TYK, the firebrick maker, gained Y30 to Y1,170, and Tokai Kogyo In Osaka, the OSE average to become e regional business 46.98 to 21,905.32 in vol. ness centre. The weighted



ume of 46.5m shares. Murata Mfg, the machinery maker, rose Y100 Y4,000.

attacked Nintendo's maintenance of its profits forecast. and the upward revision of projections for the company's new 64-bit gamae machines. Nintendo's shares came back from suspension and bottomed at Y6,820 before closing Y660 or 8.6 per cent lower at Y7.040.

5emiconductor-related Strength in Telecom snp-NZ\$36.3m

Talecom's results were within analysts' expectations but the dividend of 9.5 cents a share was above con-sensus forecasts. However, brokers added, turnover in the stock was relatively thin as it rose 11 cents to NZ\$6.50.

speech by President Lee Teng-hui, who argued that the island should review its policy of targeting China as a main market if it wanted

ex	fel	1 89	.00	$\mathbf{or}$	1.4	per
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its sales forecast for the half were bearish about shipment

# Roundup

ported WELLINGTON after the group posted a good first quarter result. The NZSE-40 capital index advanced 8.62 to 2.149.25 in turnover of

TAIPEI was unnerved by a

companies with mainland Chinese interests. Some 30,000 Taiwanese businesses heve invested more than \$20bn in China since the late Plastics led the fall, losing

2.2 per cent as a group with Sun Yad Plastic off T\$1.60 or 7 per cent to T\$21.80. The financial sector lost 1.8 per cent after Morgan Stanley declined to comment on a market rumour that it planned to issue warrants on several financial blue chips.

BANGKOK remained locked in political uncer-However, analysta tainty after a coalition part-

Pool Pool Pool 1/2 hour faurthee purchase being price

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outset in reaction to the kill- lower at 11,158.39 in turnover Prices for electricity determined for the purposes of the electricity pooling and settlement amongsments to England and Walson, Postend Price for Thinking tracking on 19,0187 on 19,07,98 beautiful for the Tendent Section 19,018 on 19,018 beautiful for the Control of the Contr

2 mm 17.26 12.61 1

it was withdrawing its support for the Thai government. The SET index put on 0.86 to 1,088.90.

Dealers suggested that the market had edged forward as a number of speculative investors made purchases ahead of the introduction of a Bt21bn aupport fund, mooted two weeks ago and expected to become active early next week.

The communications sector lost 1.2 per cent after Shinawatra Computer & Communication published disappointing second quarter earnings. Shinawa-

KARACHI slipped at the

of HK\$4.55bn. ner said on Wednesday that ing of 12 people in the city, and the wounding of 11 others hy gunmen during Wednesday's Independence

Day festivities: but short covering left the KSE 100 index 6.81 higher at 1,457.80. HONG KONG saw Henderson Land hit an early, all-time, high of HK\$60.50 on bullish noises after the government's first land auction

of the year on Wednesday. However buyers remained cautious, noting that the property sector had risen more than 15 per cent recently. The sub-index slipped on profit taking, Henderson ended 50 cents higher at HK\$59.75 and the Hang Seng index closed 8.38

SHENZHEN could not dis-

tance Itself from the rumours, started earlier in the week, that regulators were about to take steps to curb domestic trading in foreign equities. The index eased 1.31 to 86.50.

There was some buying activity, particularly in Guangdong Provincial Expressway Development, which made its market debut and closed at HK\$1.40. a 24 per cent premium over its issue price.

SHANGHAI'S B index was modestly weaker as sentiment was affected by a spate of recant disappointing interim results. The index eased 0.43 to 52.06.



Akzo Nobel N.V. (formerly Akzo N.V.) Registered Office at Arnhem, the Netherlands Report for the1st half of 1996\*

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOI Millions of guilders (NLG)	Januar	y-June
	1996	1995
Net sales Operating costs	11,260 (10,221)	10,991 (9,877)
Operating income Financing charges	1,039 ( 127 )	1,114 (136)
Operating income less financing charges Taxes	912 (260)	978 (286)
Earnings of consolidated companies from normal operations, after taxes Earnings from nonconsolidated companies	652 64	692 77
Minority Interest	716 (17)	769 (20)
Net income before extraordinary items Extraordinary items	699	749 
Net income	699	789
Net income per share, in NLG – before extraordinary items – including extraordinary items	9.83 9.83	10.54
Common stock, in thousands of chares	71,089	71,080

January-June 1996 1995 Operating income January-June 1**996** 1995 3,857 Chemicals 324 274 383 60 Chemicais 3,661 1,961 1,797 Coatings Coatings Pharma Pharma Other activities and Other activities and Intercompany deliveries (16) nonailocated items (2) 13 Total 11.260 10.991 1,039 1,114 Total

 The data in this report are unaudited Sales and Income

in the second quarter of 1996. Alco Nobel's net income amounted to NLG 367 million, compared with NLG 384 million in the corresponding quarter of 1995, a 4 percent decreas Operating Income of NLG 545 million was 3 percent lower than the corre-

sponding figure in 1995. Return on sales

was 9.7 percent, against 10.4 percent last year. A considerable decline of Fibers' results was partly offset by an increased contribution from Coatings, while currency translation effects were positive. Sales were NLC 5.6 billion, up 4 percent

from last year's second quarter.
The increase breaks down into a 5 percent positive currency translation effect and I percent higher average selling prices on the one hand, and 2 percent lower volumes on the other. The net effect of acquisitions and divestments was practically nil.

\* " At December 31, 1995 Net income for the first six months amounted to NLG 699 million, against NLG 789 million (Including NLG 40 million

of extraordinary income) in the same period of 1995. The corresponding per share amounts were NLG 9.83 and NLG 11.10 (NLG 10.54 before extraordinary Income). Outlook In line with our expectations, the first half

In line with our expectations, the first half of 1996 was weaker than the same period of last year. On the assumption that the economy will gradually pick up, we maintain our earlier view that for the full year we will realize earnings – excluding extraordinary items – of the same order of magnitude as in 1995.

Amhem, August 7, 1996

The Board of Management

Copies of the complete report may be obtained from the London Paying Agents: Barclays Global Securities Services, 8 Angel Court, Throgmorton Street, Landon EC2R 7HT and Midland Securities Service, Paying Agency Section, 5th Floor, Mariner Hause, Pepys Street, London EC3N 4DA. The report for the 3rd quarter of 1996 will be published on November 6.

### was trying to sell its US divi- rally on Wednesday. FT/S&P ACTUARIES WORLD INDICES The FT/SEP Actuaries World Indices are owned by FT-SE international Limited, Goldman, Sachs & Co. and Standard & Poor's. The Indices are compiled by FT-SE international and Standard & Poor's in conjunction with the Faculty of Actuaries and the Institute of Actuaries. NatiWest Securities Ltd. was a co-founder of the Indices.

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LEASE NOTE: Amendments to indices 14/8/68 applied to Street, South Africa, related regional Indices and The Violat India. CORESTITUENT CHARGES WITH EMPIRE Addition; Alleghery Telecyns

Application-Street Case (USA), Deleter: Telecyns (USA), Name charge: Diel Corp to Vind Corp (USA), Lutent prices were unsentable for this edition.

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